LEO M. FRANK HAS NOT LOST ALL HOPE; COUNSEL WILL MAKE VIGOROUS FIGHT TO SAVE The Atlanta; Feb 18, 1914; ProQuest Historical Newspapers Atlanta Constitution (1868 - 1945)

LEO M. FRANK HAS NOT LOST ALL HOPE; COUNSEL WILL MAKE VIGOROUS FIGHT TO SAVE THE LIFE OF THEIR CLIENT

Loses in Supreme Court



LEO M. FRANK.

Frank's Attorneys Preparing for New Battle-May Appeal to Federal Courts, or Make Extraordinary Motion.

CONVICTED MAN STOICAL WHEN HE HEARS NEWS; MAKES NO STATEMENT

Trial Judge's Remarks No Ground for New Trial, Holds High Court-Perversion Evidence by Conley Admissible.

Leo M. Frank, denied by the supreme a new trial for the murder of Phagan, now faces one of three final recourses:

First, motion for a re-hearing be-fore the court which handed down yes-

terday's decision:
Second, an extraordinary motion for
new trial before the superior court, in
which he was originally arraigned, on of newly found evidence:

Third, an appeal to the supreme court of the United States on the grounds that he was technically deprived of constitutional rights during his first

trial.

He can invoke all three, in which event, it is not likely the case will finally end within less than a year's

The defense is seeking to extract the weaknesses of the affirmative opinion and the strength of the dissenting one to present both in a new fight for a new trial, which is to be waged in which the sustaining verdict was handed down or in the federal supreme court. America's ultimate tribunal.

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No fixed plans have been made by Attorney's Luther Rosser and Rube Arnold, the convicted man's counsel, for further attack. Both stated Tuesday afternoon that their ideas were indefinite, but that they would never icease fighting.

· Frank Still Calm.

In his coll in the Tower Frank maintained characteristic calmness and composure throughout the day. In the afternoon a barber came and clipped his hair and shaved him. An hour later he exercised on the dumbells, which has become a daily practice since his long imprisonment. To a jail attache who has entree to his cage Frank is reported as having said:

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"The truth will finally out. It can't be pinned down forever. It will take the pinned down forever. It will take the pinned down forever. It will take the pinned down forever. be pinned down forever. It will take time—maybe an age, but it will eventually come, and I will then be an exonerated man. I am not worrying, because I'm depending on truth. In time the world will know the guilty man and I will be cleared. It will take time, but time will do it."

His wife. Mrs. Lucile Frank, staying at the home of relatives, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Marcus, said over the telephone to a Constitution reporter last night:

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Wife Was Surprised.

"Certainly the decision came as a surprise. We are only waiting for the truth to claim its own. My husband is in good health and he is bearing up well. I am too nervous and unstrung to talk much. Later, maybe, I will talk more and have many things to say. But not tonight."

Her voice had a trace of tears and there was a sob in her throat. She had undergone a hard day. Twice she had visited the cell of her husband. The latter visit lasted until late at night, when she departed rejuctantly. Frank was besieged by friends all during the day, many remaining until as late as 10:30 o'clock at night, when he was forced to retire.

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Frank's defense, it is widely circu-

preme bench, in their new and final battle for the client. The sentiment of these judges was based largely upon the theory that admission of the testimony of Jim Conley, the negro star witness.

lated, will rely chiefly upon the dis-senting opinion of Chief Justice Fish and Associate Justice Beck, of the su-lar case and in the circumstances of the preme bench, in their new and final

mony of Jim Conley, the negro star witness, and of C. B. Dalton, was improper.

The stories of Conley and Dalton related to the alleged perversion of the defendant. The contention of the confirmation of the

"He had the benefit of the best legal talent money could buy. He had position and influential friends to serve him. The jury thoughthim guilty and said so; the trial judge thought he had been given a fair trial and refused to grant him a new one. The supreme court has now stated that the lower court did not err.

"I am sorry for the family and friends of the man who have stood by him so loyally."

Headnotes of Decision.

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The headnotes of the decision in the Frank case read as follows:

"On the trial of one accused of the murder of a young girl in a factory building of which he was superintendent where circumstantial evidence is relied upon largely if not wholly to prove the defendant's guilt it is not sufficient cause for a new trial under the special facts of the case that the state was permitted to prove the demeanor of the right watchman of the factory and also that of the accused on the morning after the discovery of the body.

body. "2. A young girl was killed in a pentil factory on Saturday afternoon, which was also a public holiday, when the factory was not in operation. The evidence showed that she went to the office of the superintendent for her pay, and no witness testified to having seen her alive thereafter. There was other evidence from which the jury might infor that the killing occurred in a room on the same floor where the office of the superintendent was situated. An employee of the factory, who was present in the building testified that on that morning the accused had said to him that he desired the witness to watch for him as the witness had been doing the rest of the Saturdays," or 'other Saturdays,' that he did watch at the doors when the girl went up to the office of the accused; that he heard her scream; that subsequently the accused called to him to assist in removing the body of the deceased.

"He also testified to certain signals with the bath of the him while watch-

the accused called to him to assist in removing the body of the deceased.

"He also testified to certain signals given by the accused to him while watching. Held, that it was competent to show by the witness how he had been watching for the accused on previous Saturdays, and to explain the system of such alleged signals employed by the accused, and the refrence thereto by the accused, so the accused, he had heard footstens going in the direction of the place where he first saw the body, and after hearing the scream and the signal from the accused, the latter told the witness that he 'wanted to be with a little girl,' and she refused him, and he struck her and guessed he struck her too hard, and she fell and hit her head against something, and he did not know how badly she was hurt. Witness then said that the accused added: 'Of course, you know I ain't built like other men.' From the condition of the body it might have been inferred that the person who did the killing sought to have a sexual relation, natural or unnatural, with the deceased, and that the blow did not cause death, but it was brought about by choking the deceased with a cord, Held, that it was relevant to explain the expression above quoted to showing previous transactions of the accused known to him and to only in a trial for another, where the sole commission of one crime is not admissible upon a trial for another, where the sole purpose is to show that the defendant has been guilty of other crimes, and would, therefore, be more liable to commit the

de chiefen, soules Abronce e protecte de la contraction de la contraction soules de la contraction soules de la contraction de la contract scier in issue, and the prosecution of the rebuttal evidence. Sending to show that site rebuttal evidence, tending to show that site rebuttal evidence. Sending to show that site rebuttal evidence is the state may dealer that the reputting witnesses is legitimate ground for argument. Likewise close of the state may dealer than the statements of the court state of the state may dealer than the been made by one of coursel for the state may dealer than the been made by one of coursel for the solicitor sending to the circumstances of california, and of his concession of the right of the solicitor general to likewise discuss the facts of the concession of the right of the solicitor general to likewise discuss the facts of the concession of the right of the case in regard to its tolegram from the discussion of the right of the charge to the effect that other celebrated case in referred to by the solicitor general in this ground the evidence that the lury in making the solicitor general in the solicitor senting that any ruling was invoked in regard to the argument end the evidence there is the solicitor general in the solicitor general in the lury in making the solicitor general in the solicitor general to the solicitor general in the

popinion. Bray v. State, 69 Ga., 763 (4):
Sav., Fla. and Western Ry. Co. v. Steinnouser, 121 Ga. (2)."

Evidence Sufficient to Uphold.

The last paragraph of the main opinion is as follows:
"The record in this case is voluminous. We have attempted to group the various as ignments of error so as to bring the opinion within reasonable grounds. Some of the points are decemed of minor importance, not amounting to error, and some of them were not referred to in the briofs, and therefore into tracked, but under the conflicting evidence there was not prejudiced or biased."

Another jurer, Mr. Johenning, was attacked, but under the conflicting evidence we think the court did not abuse his discretion in holding that he was not prejudiced or biased."

Practically without exception, Solicitor Dorsey was upheld on every point by the supreme court.