BASEBALL

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

VOL. XI. NO. 246. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913. 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

NIGHT EDITION

SMITH'S MEN FIGHT HARD TO TAKE FIRST GAME FROM TURTLES

Score by innings:

TURTLES	000
CRACKERS	00

PONCE DE LEON BALL PARK, May 19.—The Crackers opened with the Turtles in the first game of their series here this afternoon.

THE GAME.

FIRST INNING.

Love fanned. Baerwald went out, Bisland to Agler. Schreiber went out over the same route. NO RUNS.

Long and Bailey fanned. Alperman went out, short to first. NO RUNS.

SECOND INNING.

Ward flied to deep left. Abstein fouled to catcher. Butler also fouled to catcher. NO RUNS.

Welchonce went out to Kissinger unassisted. Smith singled to left. Bisland popped out to the catcher. Smith out trying to steal, Seabaugh to Butler. NO RUNS.

THIRD INNING.

Shanley out, Smith to Agler. Seabaugh and Kissinger fanned. NO RUNS.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

AT NASHVILLE—	
NEW ORLEANS	0 0 0 . . . . . . - . . .
NASHVILLE	0 0 0 . . . . . . - . . .
MOBILE	0 0 0 . . . . . . - . . .
BIRMINGHAM	0 0 0 . . . . . . - . . .
AT CHATTANOOGA—	
MONTGOMERY	0 0 0 . . . . . . - . . .
CHATTANOOGA	0 0 0 . . . . . . - . . 2

NATIONAL LEAGUE

AT NEW YORK—	
PITTSBURG	100 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 1 . .
NEW YORK	000 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 1 . .
AT BOSTON—	
CINCINNATI	0 1 0 5 1 1 0 . . - 2 6 1
BOSTON	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 . . - 6 8 2
AT BROOKLYN—	
ST. LOUIS	000 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 - . . .
BROOKLYN	000 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 - . . .
AT PHILADELPHIA—	
CHICAGO	1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 - 4 8 4
PHILADELPHIA	0 0 6 2 0 2 0 0 X -10 11 2

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AT CLEVELAND—	
WASHINGTON	0 0 0 0 0 0 . . . - . . .
CLEVELAND	3 0 0 0 0 0 . . . - . . .
AT ST. LOUIS—	
NEW YORK	1 0 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .
ST. LOUIS	0 0 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .
AT DETROIT—	
PHILADELPHIA	0 0 3 0 0 . . . . - . . .
DETROIT	1 0 4 0 1 . . . . - . . .
AT CHICAGO—	
BOSTON	1 2 0 1 6 . . . . - . . .
CHICAGO	1 0 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

AT BUFFALO—	
PROVIDENCE—	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 . - . . .
BUFFALO—	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . - . . .
AT ROCHESTER—	
NEWARK—	0 0 0 2 0 0 . . . - . . .
ROCHESTER—	1 1 1 4 1 2 . . . - . . .
AT TORONTO—	
BALTIMORE—	1 0 0 3 0 2 2 0 0 -8 10 2
TORONTO—	0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 -5 8 3

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

AT MILWAUKEE—	
TOLEDO—	0 0 0 3 0 . . . . - . . .
MILWAUKEE—	0 6 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .
AT KANSAS CITY—	
INDIANAPOLIS—	0 2 0 0 . . . . . - . . .
KANSAS CITY—	2 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .
AT ST. PAUL—	
COLUMBUS—	0 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .
ST. PAUL—	0 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

"I'm a Trust," Caruso Confides to World

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

PARIS, May 19.—Caruso is a familiar figure on the boulevards these afternoons, sitting out on the cafe terraces chatting with friends, obligingly signing autographs and making caricatures for strangers recognizing him.

Being asked if he was to sing in Paris this spring, he quickly put his fingers over his lips as a "hush!" sign, and whispered:

"I don't believe so. I've an impresario who has monopolized and syndicated me—made me into a trust, in fact—so I've no liberty at all. He doesn't let people hear me for nothing, the scoundrel, much as I'd love to sing for anybody who'd really like to hear me."

CRACKERS TURN FURCHNER BACK TO FINN'S SEA GULLS

Pitcher Al Furchner has been turned back by Manager Smith of the Atlanta ball club to Mobile, from which team he came. In his place Pitcher Dent, late of the Washington club, has been signed. He will be worked within the next two or three days.

Pitcher Orlie Weaver, on the ineligible list for ten days because of his lack of condition, has been sent back to the same place for another ten days. If he comes around at the end of that time, an attempt will be made to get the consent of the league clubs to reinstate him.

If you have anything to sell advertise in The Sunday American. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in the South.

Mr. Hearst Guest At Luncheon Given By Robt. F. Maddox

Robert F. Maddox gave a luncheon in honor of William Randolph Hearst at the Capital City Club Monday at 1 o'clock.

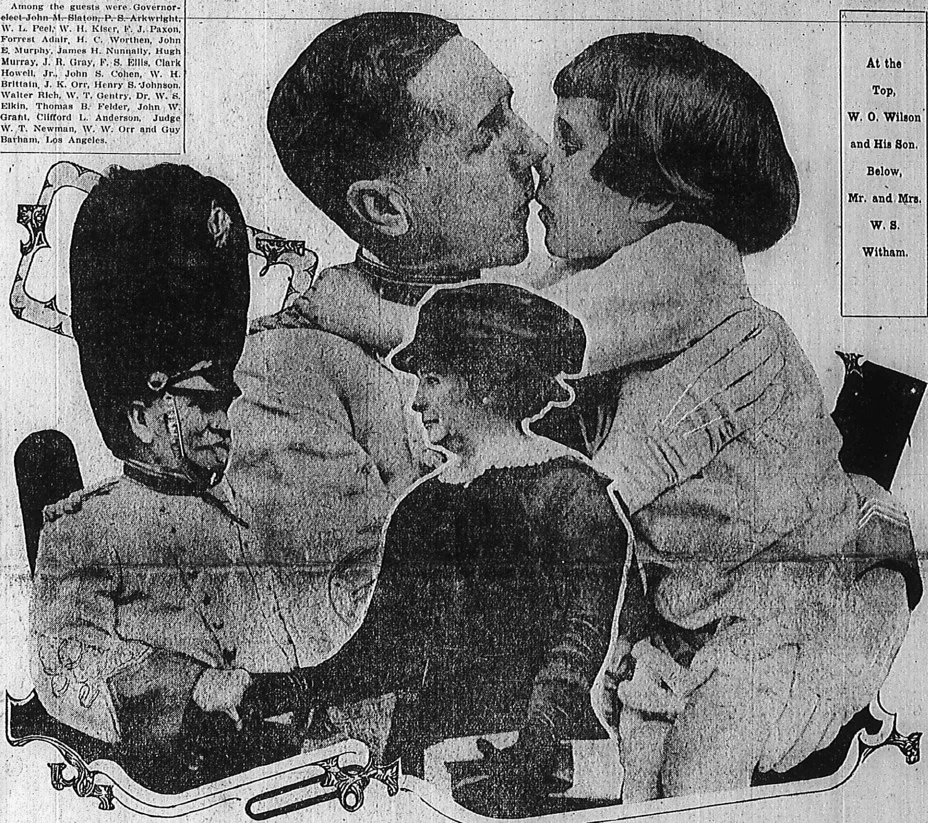
The luncheon was informal, and was arranged to give Mr. Hearst an opportunity to become acquainted with representative men of Atlanta business and professional circles.

Among the guests were Governor-elect John M. Slaton, P. S. Arkwright, W. L. Peel, W. H. Kiser, F. J. Paxon, Forrest Adair, H. C. Worthen, John E. Murphy, James H. Nunnally, Hugh Murray, J. R. Gray, F. S. Ellis, Clark Howell, Jr., John S. Cohen, W. H. Brittain, J. K. Orr, Henry S. Johnson, Walter Rich, W. T. Gentry, Dr. W. S. Elkin, Thomas B. Felder, John W. Grant, Clifford L. Anderson, Judge W. T. Newman, W. W. Orr and Guy Barham, Los Angeles.

OLD GUARD OFF TO TUNE OF DIXIE

'Good-by, Sweetheart, Good-by', at Depot

Thousands Cheer Start of Peace Tour



At the Top, W. O. Wilson and His Son. Below, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Witham.

Mr. Witham suggested to The Georgian photographer that this caption be used with the picture: "Billy Witham Taking Orders from His Board of Directors."

Fire in City Hall Basement; Smoke Routs Workers

Fire broke out in the basement of the City Hall at noon Monday and in a few minutes the whole building was so flooded with smoke that all work had to be suspended.

It started in the room where the health department's fumigating liquid and the gasoline supply are kept and for a brief time threatened to be serious.

The fire department soon put the flames out, but the calling out of all the nearby companies on account of the central location of the fire created considerable excitement in the streets and a great crowd gathered.

Governor Johnson Signs Anti-Jap Bill

SACRAMENTO, May 19.—Governor Johnson to-day signed the alien land bill.

The bill goes into effect August 19.

The Governor had intended to delay signing the bill for several days longer, but word came from Washington that President Wilson was waiting only on the California's Executive before submitting the United States reply to the Japanese protest.

Reply to Japan Goes To-night.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—On receipt of the information that Governor Johnson had signed the anti-lien land bill, Secretary of State Bryan said that he probably would cable the reply of the United States to the Japanese protest to Tokio to-night, at the same time supplying Ambassador Chinda with a copy. The secretary added, however, that he would await official information that Governor Johnson had signed the bill before transmitting the reply.

Council Overrides Woodward's Veto of Exoneration Report

Mayor Woodward's veto of the Council Committee's report exonerating Fire Chief W. B. Cummings of graft charges and vindicating the conduct of the Fire Department, was unanimously overruled at the Council meeting Monday afternoon.

This action was taken following the reading of Mr. Woodward's message, in which he declared, despite the investigating committee's report, that, in his opinion, the charges were correct.

A section of the mayor's veto read: "All of the accusations made by me were absolutely correct. There can be no excuse for violating a city law, as has been proven in the Fire Chief's case and that of the Fire Department."

At Monday's meeting the Council sustained the Mayor's veto of the dog muzzling ordinance by a vote of 15 to 9.

Wool Mill Heads Tried as Plotters

BOSTON, May 19.—William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company; Frederick Atteaux, president of the Atteaux Mill Supplies Company, and Dennis J. Collins, of Cambridge, were placed on trial here to-day on a charge of conspiring to "plant" dynamite in Lawrence last year during the big textile strike.

The first move by the defense was a desperate fight to secure the dismissal of the indictments on technical grounds.

RACING

RESULTS.

AT PIMLICO.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Springmass, 101 (Connolly), 15.70, 8.40, 6.50, won; Tom Holland 103 (Snyder), field included Touch Be, ExCalibur, Lothario and Hammon Pass, 13.40, 6.20, second; Montcalm 103 (Turner), 5.10, third. Time 1:15. Patrick S., Lucky George, Fanchette, Golliwogg, Blue Crest, Sidon, Touch Me., ExCalibur, Lothario, Hammon Pass also ran.

Second—Selling, four-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Water Wells 103 (Wolf), 47.10, 22.50, 14.10, won; Toddling 112 (Butwell), 7.40, 5.50; Jack Nunnally 106 (C. Moller), 5.30. Time, 1:15. Also ran: Miss Moments, Theo. Cook, York Lad, Vigorous, Queen Bee and Cherry Seed.

THIRD—Six furlongs: Oliver Lodge 105 (J. Wilson), 3.30, 2.50, 2.10, won; Sandvale 103 (Ferguson), 2.50, 2.30, second; Battery 100 (Turner), 2.60, third. Time 1:15 3-5. L'Aiglon (unseated rider), Golden Vale also ran.

AT LOUISVILE.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Anna Patricia 107 (Henry), 6.20, 3.10, 3.40, won; Theresa Gill 105 (Goose), 3.50, 3.10, second; Billy Holder 105 (Borel), 8.10, third. Time 1:1[illegible] 2-5. Dr. Jackson, [illegible], Star Berta, Weyanoke, Beulah S., Vigilant, World's Wonder, Santanger, Gologist, Silk Day and Gerrard also ran.

SECOND—4½ furlongs: Rebinetta 115 (Henry), 3.10, 2.90, 3.00, won; Dainty Mint 105 (Hanover), 6.[illegible], 4.[illegible], second; Big Lamax 100 (Andress), 13.40, third. Time :55 1-5. Ootaska, Mary Bickford, Aunt Mamie, LaValletta, Yankee Tree also ran.

GIRL WHO ATTEMPTED TO AVENGE SISTER ACQUITTED

MUNCIE, IND., May 19.—Doris Underwood, on trial for attempting to kill Otis Fisher, who is alleged to have wronged her sister, was acquitted this afternoon.

Great Round of Receptions Planned for Famous Warrios

With unlimited enthusiasm, wearing brand-new uniforms but the old Atlanta smile, the Old Guard of Atlanta marched from the Piedmont to the Terminal Station Monday and at 11:30 o'clock started in a special train on the long jaunt to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

In the procession from the hotel to the Terminal Station the guard got a rousing reception, hundreds lining the streets and hundreds from skyscraper windows acclaiming with hand clapping and cheering. Above the music—always "Dixie" and "Sewanee River"—could be heard voices imploring the Old Guard to "Tell 'em about Atlanta."

"Old Guards? Why, they walk like young roosters," was the comment of one enthusiastic citizen.

Eager to Boost Atlanta.

Themselves bubbling over with the Atlanta spirit, the Old Guard members left looking forward to a good time for themselves and good advertising for their home town.

"We'll do everything on earth we can to boost the town," said C. P. Byrd, first lieutenant of Company A. "Atlanta first, last and always is the motto of the Old Guard. I think this is as big an advertisement for Atlanta as the Shriners' convention will be."

"Everybody knows the Atlanta spirit that permeates us all, but they will know it better before we get back," said P. F. Clarke, first lieutenant of Company B.

Colonel J. F. Burke, commander, gave out the following interview:

Big Time in Boston.

"The big time will be at the banquet in Boston, after we, a Southern battalion, have escorted the Union veterans over their own city. I will be one of the speakers at the banquet, and I intend to tell them something. I intend to answer, in the proper way, the old statement that the South was lacking in patriotism, and to bring out certain points of history that have not been made as prominent as they should be."

"We'll fight for Atlanta," said H. M. Beutell.

Edmund W. Martin said: "We are going to do our best to please our friends, the Yankees, to astonish them with our friendship and invite them down here. Keep alive the memories of the past, and peace at present—those are my sentiments."

"I'm going to do my darndest to keep this shako on my head," said Tom H. Pitt.

"I'll back the boys up in anything they do, and 'insure' them a fine trip," said Colonel George M. Hope.

Atlanta to the Front.

Sergeant Frank Ridge left determined to do any old thing to keep Atlanta to the front. "Me, too," said W. E. Hancock, first sergeant of Company A.

"I'll leave the Old Guard at New York and take a trip up the Hudson to see some friends," said W. S. Lounsbury. "I will go to the Peekskills and see my mother, who is the best friend I have."

Captain W. M. Crumley, of the colonel's staff, put it this way: "We are going to give them just as hot a time up there as they gave us in Virginia 50 years ago."

And this is what Ben Lee Crew, the color bearer, intends to do: "That big white banner with the gold fringe weighs 40 pounds, so I am going to boost Atlanta with 40 pounds of steam. Atlanta will be heard from."

Four members of the Old Guard have been selected as the orators for

Continued on Page Two, Column 4.

BURNSAGENT OUTLINES PHAGAN THEORY

Famous Detective's Aid, C. W. Tobie, Issues First Statement on Work in Slaying Case.

C. W. Tobie, manager of the criminal department of the W. J. Burns Detective Agency, Monday made public his theory of the murder of Mary Phagan. For the first time the man who is representing Burns in Atlanta's greatest mystery until the noted detective arrived consented to see reporters.

Tobie's theory is that Mary Phagan was murdered inside the National Pencil plant, by some one familiar with the premises, and that her body was dragged to the basement for purposes of concealment and probably destruction. He scouted the idea she was killed on the outside and dragged inside, and declared that too much buncombe has been given out by men who have only muddled the waters.

While no new arrests are expected immediately, Tobie declared the mystery is not at all impossible of solution, and that the guilty man will be apprehended in due time. Meanwhile, he promised to issue statements telling the progress made from time to time.

Burns Expert's Theory.

Here is Tobie's theory as he outlined it to a Georgian reporter today:

Mary Phagan, while in the pencil factory, was approached by some one who made an improper proposal. She resented it and the man asked her to remain silent. She refused, saying she would report the affair to the proper authorities, and the man struck her, hurling her against a machine, the impact causing the skull wound.

Seeing the injury he had inflicted, the assailant became desperate. If the girl revived she would tell the story of the assault and he would be sentenced to the penitentiary. Actual murder and prompt disposition of the body offered the only possible escape, and this he concluded to do. He completed his work by tying a cord around the 14-year-old girl's neck and strangling her.

Intended to Burn Body.

The body was then taken to the basement of the factory, Tobie thinks, because the murderer intended to incinerate it.

There was no fire in the furnace, or not enough, or time was too short. The next possible ruse was to manufacture evidence that the murder had been committed on the outside and the body dragged in. The guilty man then pulled a staple out of the back basement door and dragged the body to make it appear it had been brought in from the outside.

"The door was opened from the inside," said Tobie. "All the abrasions are on the inside, and all the evidence points to the fact the door was forced from the inside. The murder was committed by some one familiar with the factory, one who had probably worked there, and the body was taken to the factory basement to hide the crime. The note found there was written for this purpose, also."

Big Developments Rumored.

Hurried conferences Monday at noon between Solicitor Dorsey and Chief of Detectives Lanford and then later between Chief Lanford and Pinkerton Detective Harry Scott led to persistent reports about the police station that important developments in the Phagan case were expected during the afternoon.

Neither of the officials, however, would divulge the nature of the conferences, further than to declare that "we were merely going over evidence in the case."

Notwithstanding this reti[illegible], however, the two conferences, one directly following the other, cau[illegible]

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

1,000 Ways to Make Money

Do You Know the Easiest Way Is Through a Georgian Want Ad

CHARGE OF HERESY STIRS NORTHERN PRESBYTERIANS

Teachings of the Union Theological Seminary Severely Attacked in Report to the Assembly.

Charges that heretical teachings are being spread by Union Theological Seminary, of New York, confronted the commissioners of the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at their session Monday afternoon.

The accusations were contained in one of the minority reports, already printed in The Georgian, of the special committee on the re-establishing of relations between the church and the seminary. The report was signed by Rev. F. C. Montfort, D. D., of Cincinnati.

The new theology was most vigorously attacked in the following paragraph of Dr. Montfort's report:

A theology which denies the supernatural; that regards sin not as the result of an 'abrupt transformation' or the fall, but as 'the survival of the animal in man,' and salvation 'not as an act,' but as 'a process rooted as sin is, in the nature of man,' that regards Christ 'not as God and man,' but as 'God in man' and 'a type to which all men are ultimately destined to conform,' and which acknowledges as man's supreme authority not the Scriptures, but the 'lightt hat is in him,' is not the theology of the Westminster Confession nor of the Presbyterian Church.

The Northern Assembly had been stirred by the charges that politics had brought about the election of Dr. John T. Stone as moderator. Dr. Stone at the beginning of the morning session took occasion to reply in a dignified manner, asking that all personalities be laid aside and that if any mistake had been made that it be overlooked.

The most pretentious plan for the amalgamation of the Presbyterian Churches of America was made public before the Northern Assembly. It proposed a union of all the family of Presbyterian Churches. Other proposals which have received indorsement have embraced the union of two or three of the branches. None before has ventured to suggest for actual consideration the union of all.

"Elect Infant Clause" to Stand.

The majority of the committee reported that prospects were favorable for a return to the former relations between the church and the seminary and that the directors of the institution appeared most willing to make all the changes desired by the representative of the Assembly. They asked that their committee be continued so that the work of reunion might be effected.

The committee having in hand the consideration of the "elect infant clause" reported to the Southern Assembly with the recommendation that the phrasing of the clause be let stand as it was.

Dr. Stone Makes Reply to His Critics.

The reply of Dr. John T. Stone to the cry of "politics" in his election as moderator and a new proposal for the federation of the Presbyterian churches of America were the important features of Monday's session of the Northern Assembly in the Baptist Tabernacle.

Dr. Stone deplored the introduction of personalities into the conferences of the Assembly, but would not comment at length on the charge that his election as a "dark horse" had been prearranged for six weeks before the meeting of the Assembly.

"If any have erred in judgment, let us overlook it, or, better still, look not at it," he admonished the commissioners. "I wish to state that all I have to say is that I believe in God, I believe in my brethren and I believe in doing my duty."

Deny Charges.

Dr. W. R. King, of Monmouth, Ill., who made the nominating speech in behalf of Dr. Stone, said in regard to the charge that politics had been played in the selection of the Chicago man:

"It is absolutely false. I nominated him simply and solely because I regarded him as the best man. There was no chicanery or trickery or political prearrangement of any sort. I wish to say that the story is the cruelest sort of an injustice, both to Dr. Stone and to the persons who assisted in choosing him to lead the deliberations of the Assembly."

W. T. Ellis, who seconded the nomination, said:

"If there is a particle of truth in the story that Dr. Stone's nomination was in any way prearranged, then, obviously, since we explicitly stated to the contrary, neither Dr. King nor myself is a gentleman or a sincere Christian. Therefore, the subject is out of the realm of discussion on my part."

Great Federation.

A federation of the entire family of Christian churches of America under a more general plan than any previously advanced, was approved at the Monday morning session of the Northern Assembly.

A round of applause greeted the proposition when it was placed before the Assembly by Dr. William H. Roberts, chairman of the special committee on church co-operation and union.

Dr. Roberts said that the plan was considered by his committee as much more effectual in bringing about a speedy union of the Presbyterian Churches than those which contemplate only the union of two of the branches, such as the Southern and United Assemblies or the Northern and the Reformed.

A motion to adopt the report of the committee and authorize representatives of the Northern Assembly to present the new scheme of federation to the other Assemblies at their sessions Tuesday, was carried by a unanimous standing vote of the Assembly.

Backs Fusion.

Impetus was given the movement for a general union of the Presbyterian churches of the nation by the brilliant address of President Whaling, of Columbia Theological Seminary, who appeared as a representative of the Southern Assembly.

"Time is bringing together the sundered parts of our great church," was the significant introduction to his speech, which in its entirety was a most forcible plea for the elimination of all the differences which have kept the church divided for more than a half century.

"The history and lineage of our church can never be divided," he continued. "There is no doctrinal gulf which our ecclesiastical engineers could not bridge. In spirit we are one. We should be so in fact."

Elect Infant Clause To Remain Unchanged.

The taking of the report of the permanent committee of systematic beneficence from the docket of the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church is anticipated with special interest. It is known that ten overtures have been presented to the Assembly from as many presbyteries touching this committee and that requests have been made for the full restoration of former powers of this committee.

During the Assembly of 1912 this committee was deprived of some of its power and seven members resigned.

The keenest interest was precipitated on the Assembly floor Monday when a second report touching the "elect infant clause" recommended that the deliverance of the Assembly of 1902 be reiterated; that the Scriptures warrant the belief that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that in view of this no recommendation regarding any change in the Confession of Faith be handed down to the presbyteries touching the "elect infant clause."

Dr. W. M. McPheeters, of Columbia, cautioned against the adoption of the report.

Speaking for the report of the committee of which he is chairman, Dr. T. S. Clyce said the Confession of Faith in its entirety suits him, but the passage conveying the teaching of the church on the election of infants is not clear; that the people are demanding a change of expression, many wanting it stricken from the confession.

The church, he said, gives forth the hope that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that it is the duty of the church to express that hope.

Speaking again, Dr. McPheeters urged that all reference to the Assembly of 1902 be stricken from the report of the committee and leave the report to recommend that no suggested amendment be sent down to the presbyteries on this question.

Difference of Opinion.

Remarks from a number of commissioners were heard, some speaking in favor of the report and others in favor of the amendment.

When the call for the question came, the vote was taken first on the amendment offered by Dr. McPheeters and the amendment was lost.

Before the vote on the report could be taken Dr. J. M. Wells offered as a substitute to the report the recommendation that the whole of the "elect infant clause" be stricken from the Confession of Faith.

The vote was taken and the substitute was lost.

No recommendation for change in the "elect infant clause" is sent down to the presbyteries, and the Assembly reaffirmed the action of the Assembly of 1902.

The remainder of the session was devoted to addresses and reports.

United Church Takes Stand for Workingman.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church resumed its session Monday morning at 9 o'clock in the Central Presbyterian Church. [illegible]

church to-day in civil, social, moral and religious life, and in various agencies employed in bettering conditions. They rejoice in the "enactment of the Webb-Kenyon interstate commerce bill in the closing days of the last Congress, and its passage over the veto of the President by an overwhelming vote by both branches of Congress, which was a severe blow to the liquor traffic and indicative of a nation-wide sentiment not even dreamed of by the most sanguine friends of temperance."

Grape Juice Diplomacy Praised.

They also rejoice in the attitude taken by the President, Vice President and Secretary of State in banishing liquors of all kinds from White House functions during the present administration.

The following recommendations were submitted:

1. Support of the following organizations and agencies is commended to the people. The National Reform Association, the Anti-Saloon League, the W. C. T. U. and the Lord's Day Alliance.

2. The efforts of the permanent committee on temperance in the Sabbath schools and young people's organizations is commended.

3. A recommendation that the Second World's Christian Citizenship Conference, to be held in Portland, Oreg., June 29 to July 6, be remembered in all prayers.

4. The city government and directors of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, are urged to adopt every possible means to prevent the exploitation of the exposition by commercialized vice, and to protect visitors from all evil influences.

5. Gratitude is expressed to God for the institution of the Sabbath, and for history's evidence of blessing upon the nations and individuals who have honored the Lord's Day.

6. The growing tendency toward a careless observance of the Sabbath by professing Christians is viewed with alarm, and a more aggressive policy in defense of it is urged.

7. The efforts of the National Reform Association to preserve in its purity the Sabbath is commended for support.

8. The national officials are urged to make all appropriations to the Panama-Pacific Exposition conditioned upon the exposition managers signing contracts to close said exposition on Sunday.

9. Congress is asked to pass stricter laws in the District of Columbia prohibiting all unnecessary work, theaters and games on the Lord's Day.

10. Fitting observance of Lord's Day Week, April 19 to 26, is urged.

11. It is recommended that unceasing war be waged by all cities and commonwealths against prostitution and the white slave traffic.

12. Bible reading is urged in all public schools.

The members of the committee put themselves on record as standing for:

For Workingman's Rights.

1. Equal rights and complete justice for all men in all stations of life. 2. Protection of the family by the single standard of purity, uniform divorce laws, proper regulation of marriage, and proper housing. 3. Abolition of child labor. 4. Such regulation of the conditions of toil as shall best safeguard the health and moral welfare of the community. 5. Protection of the individual and society from the social, economic and moral waste of the liquor traffic. 6. Suitable provision for the old age of workers and those incapacitated by injury. 7. Principle of conciliation and reconciliation in all industrial disputes. 8. A release from employment one day in seven. 9. The most equitable of the products of industry that can ultimately be devised.

The report was adopted and short speeches of fraternal greetings were delivered by Rev. Charles Parker, D. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., for the Reformed Church of America, and Rev. I. M. Kennedy, of Ora, S. C., for the A. R. P. Church.

The report on industrial reform stated that the last two years have been notable in the number of laws placed on the statute books for the workingman, and he is beginning to recast the Constitution and remold to a measure political platforms.

Dr. VanDyke Prepares To Defend His Son.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Dr. Henry VanDyke, author and clergyman, is preparing to make a vigorous defense of his son, Tertius VanDyke, who was ordained a Presbyterian minister yesterday, if the younger VanDyke is mentioned with others in heresy charges presented to the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at Atlanta, Ga. [illegible]

White City Park Now Open

To The Young Expectant Mother

Women of Experience Advise the Use of Mother's Friend.

There is a certain degree of trepidation in the minds of most women in regard to the subject of motherhood. The

[illegible]

The Georgian-American Pony Contest

VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 3, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Monday, May 19, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER June 3, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

Next Sunday's Coupons Will Count 30 Votes

OLD GUARD, TO TUNE OF DIXIE, MARCHES OFF TO NORTH

Continued From Page 1.

all occasions. They are Colonel J. F. Burke, Harrison Jones, J. R. Smith and W. S. Witham.

Only Four "Seventy-niners."

Mr. Witham, sometimes known as "Wall Street Witham, the Banking Trust," is also the poet and humorist of the Old Guard. He told his board of directors good-bye and went away, saying, "I'm the most important man in the whole Guard, for I am going to carry the big bass drum."

Only four "Seventy-niners"—those who made the trip 34 years ago—left on the present tour. They were Colonel J. F. Burke, C. P. Byrd, P. F. Clarke and Chief W. B. Cummings.

The Old Guard members wore their resplendent full dress uniform, which was never on parade before. It consists of broadcloth, moleskin jackets, navy blue trousers with white and gold stripes, gold epaulets, Hungarian shakos and real swords. Every gold button bears the inscription, "Old Guard—Gate City Guard, 1855," and every sword has the engraving, "Old Guard, Georgia."

At the Terminal a crowd estimated at 1,500 gathered to cheer the Old Guard on their way. The Guard assembled on the plaza and posed for moving pictures. Then they told their friends good-bye, wiped the perspiration off their brows and at 11:30 started on the invasion of the East.

Washington First Stop.

Here is their complete itinerary:

Arrive in Washington, 7 a. m., May 20. Leave 8 a. m., May 21.

Arrive in Baltimore 9 a. m., May 21. Leave 8 a. m., May 22.

Arrive in Philadelphia 10:30 a. m., May 22. Leave 12:40 p. m., May 24.

Arrive in New York 3 p. m., May 24. Leave 3 p. m., May 28.

Arrive in Boston 9 p. m., May 28. Leave Boston 6 p. m., May 30, over the Fall River Line, arriving in New York 7 a. m., May 31.

Leave New York at 3 p. m., May 31, over the Ocean Steamship Line, arriving in Savannah 5 a. m., June 3.

Leave Savannah 8 p. m., June 3, and arrive in Atlanta, Central of Georgia station, at 6:25 a. m., June 4.

Several women left on the Old Guard special, among them being Mrs. A. McD. Wilson and daughter, Mrs. Peter F. Clark, Mrs. W. A. Graham, Mrs. Henry Beerman and daughter, and Mrs. Hancock.

Among the sixty-eight men were the following:

Men Making Trip.

Officers—Colonel J. F. Burke, Captain and Quartermaster Bolling H. Jones, Captain and Commander A. McD. Wilson.

Staff—Captain W. M. Crumley and Dr. E. L. Connally.

First Company—First Lieutenant Charles P. Byrd and Second Lieutenant John W. Murrell.

Second Company—Captain F. J. Cooledge, First Lieutenant P. F. Clarke and Second Lieutenant A. H. Davis.

Non-commissioned Staff—Color Sergeant Ben Lee Crew, Color Sergeant F. T. Ridge, Color Corporal E. L. Bergstrom and Color Corporal W. F. Andrews.

Non-commissioned Line Officers—First sergeant, First Company, W. E. Hancock; first sergeant, Second Company, Harrison Jones; second sergeant, First Company, W. O. Wilson, and second sergeant, Second Company, F. M. Berry.

Privates—W. A. Austell, A. M. Bancker, H. Bleckley, H. C. Beerman, H. M. Bentell, J. H. Buesse, W. M. Camp, P. B. Green, C. J. Daivan, Dr. W. A. Graham, Henry H. Hirsch, W. A. Haygood, W. L. Hancock, George Harrington, Lucien L. Harris, Jr., W. S. Lounsbury, W. V. McMillen, Samuel Meyer, Jr., G. H. Morrow, Thomas H. Pitts, W. M. Stephenson, H. F. Scott, J. R. Smith, C. C. Thurman, M. L. Thrower, Edward L. Wight, Herbert E. Wiggs, W. S. Witham, A. J. West, W. Woods White, C. E. Wing and H. H. Yaupen, Jr.

A PROFESSOR OF BANKING.

[illegible]

'Dixie Girls' Charm Stage Asset' Gladys Hanson Counsels Friends Famous Actress Loves Atlanta

Miss Gladys Hanson.

Returns Home for Rest After New York Triumph in Belasco's 'The Governor's Lady.'

"I love Atlanta. The thing which pleases me most about my success is that it has pleased my Atlanta friends."

Miss Gladys Hanson Snook, one of the most beautiful actresses Atlanta has given the New York stage, fresh from triumphs as one of the leading players in David Belasco's production of "The Governor's Lady," thus expressed Monday her loyalty to her home city.

She is at her home, 103 Cleburne Avenue, for a month's rest after her metropolitan engagement. This summer she sails for Europe, returning only in time for the New York opening of the play in which she added to her fame this past season.

"Many of my Atlanta girl friends are anxious to attempt a stage career, and already they are calling on me," Miss Hanson has told Atlanta friends. "They start with well wishes and congratulations and personal chat, but always the conversation works around to the question, 'What chance would I have?'

"Southern Girls Have Charm."

"I may as well answer them all at once. Atlanta girls who have any talent for acting will find the stage no more difficult, but certainly no more easy, than any other profession. Indeed, I think the Atlanta girls stand a little better chance of real success than girls from other sections.

"Southern girls have a charm which is the birthright of Dixie and which managers are quick to recognize. Then the famous Atlanta spirit is not limited, I feel sure, to the men who are making the city famous. This spirit of enterprise, of perseverance in the face of obstacles, and the habit of succeeding should be in Atlanta's daughters as well as her sons.

"Sometimes I think, though, that the rewards of the stage are hardly enough to compensate for living away from Atlanta. This is a dear, beautiful city. I always want to get back."

Boy Near Death in Fall Into a Sewer

Three-year-old Isaac Janko, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Janko, of 127 Cooper Street, fell 18 feet into a catch basin on Cooper Street Sunday afternoon and would have perished had not the accident been observed by John P. Burns, of 123 Cooper Street.

Burns clambered down into the sewer, where he found the child lying, unconscious, in the shallow water at the bottom.

The boy was taken to Cooper Hospital, 88 Cooper Street, and is in a serious condition.

Burns suffered painful, but not serious, injuries.

BURNS THEORY IN PHAGAN CASE OUTLINED

Famous Detective's Aide Scouts Idea That Girl Was Slain Outside Factory.

Continued From Page 1.

general belief that they were significant and that some new plan was being determined.

More Arrests Are Denied.

It was positively denied by the trio of officers, however, that any new arrests were to be made.

"I don't know who it would be," replied Chief Lanford when asked a direct question.

The first conference was held when Solicitor Dorsey summoned Chief Lanford to his office. The two were closeted for nearly an hour. Then Chief Lanford called Detective Scott to the police station. The Pinkerton man, when he arrived, declared he had no idea what the chief should want with him. He and the chief were behind closed doors for fully an hour or more.

"We have merely been looking over the evidence in a general way," said both officers when they emerged from the office.

Asked as to the nature of his conference with the Solicitor, Chief Lanford made the same reply.

"We were just going over the evidence," he said.

No Friction, Chief Asserts.

Chief Lanford also denied that there had been any friction among the officials over the work on the mystery, or that the conferences had any bearing along this line. As to a report that he had withheld evidence from the Solicitor, Chief Lanford said:

"I don't remember of having withheld any evidence. Mr. Dorsey didn't ask me anything about this report at all."

The Solicitor and the Pinkertons have held no conferences. Detective Scott makes reports to Chief Lanford and these are submitted to the Solicitor.

Detective Scott said Monday that he still has five men at work on the mystery, but refused to discuss any particular line on which they are working.

Colonel Thomas B. Felder announced Monday morning that he had received word from William J. Burns that he would arrive in America before June 1 and would probably be on the scene of the Phagan slaying before that date.

Colonel Felder said the great detective had taken an unusual interest in the Phagan mystery and he would not be surprised to hear from him in America any day soon.

"Burns is more interested in this case than I have known him to be in another," said Colonel Felder. "I am advised that he will hasten his return from Europe on this account and be in America some days before June 1. He will, of course, come direct to Atlanta.

"The meantime developments since his investigator has been here are more than satisfactory. The Burns detective convinced Mr. Dorsey Sunday afternoon that he had touched upon heretofore overlooked evidence of importance, and in his report today we expect valuable information."

Search Grows More Active.

With investigation into the mystery more active Monday than it has been at any time during the last two weeks, the Solicitor was hopeful that important developments would be made during the day.

The special representative of the Burns agency was reported to have struck upon an important and heretofore overlooked clew that throws a new light on the case. He will make a definite report at 11 o'clock this morning at the office of the Solicitor, when it is not unlikely some announcement will be made.

Leo M. Frank, the factory superintendent, received a large number of visitors at his cell in the Tower Sunday. He would not discuss the case, or even comment on it. He said his health was fine and he had accustomed himself to the daily routine in prison.

The examination of the handwriting of the negro, James Connolly, held at the police station in connection with the murder of Mary Phagan, failed to connect him with writing the notes found near the slain girl's body in the basement of the pencil factory, according to City Detective John Black, Monday morning. The detective said that unless the negro could be connected with the crime in this way there was nothing against him.

White City Park Now Open

5 HURLED FROM MOTOR CAR BY FAST TRAIN

Atlanta Party Has Remarkable Escape in Collision at East Lake Road Crossing.

Five prominent Atlantans had a remarkable escape from death a railroad crossing on the East Lake Road Sunday afternoon when a Georgia Railroad passenger train struck the big Winton Six automobile in which the party were riding and hurled them all out.

The autoists were J. H. Hirsch, of 345 Myrtle Street, owner and driver of the car; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Carmichael and the 15-year-old son and 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael. All escaped without a scratch, except Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael, who were slightly bruised, but badly shocked.

Winter Alfriend and Hughes Roberts came up in a machine just after the accident happened. Mr. Alfriend took Mrs. Carmichael in his machine and rushed her to her home, 646 Edgewood Avenue, Inman Park.

The Hirsch car was badly damaged.

Hirsch Tells of Crash.

The accident occurred about 5:30 o'clock as the party were riding into town over the beautiful East Lake Road. Mr. Hirsch told the story of the accident to a Georgian reporter as follows:

"There is a little house and an embankment at the East Lake approach to the crossing and I could not see. I had slowed my machine down to a walking pace and listened for a train, but could hear none.

"Just as we came upon the track the iron monster was upon us. I do not know at what rate it thundered up, but it looked as big as all the trains I have ever seen combined into one.

"We were almost on the track. I shoved on my emergency and turned my car as much as I could in the direction the train was going.

No Time to Leap.

"That was all that saved us. Instead of absolutely demolishing us the train sideswiped us. We all tried to jump, but did not have time—we were hurled out.

"Except for the shock none of us were hurt to amount to anything."

Mr. Hirsch is a member of the firm of Hirsch & Spitz Manufacturing Company. Mr. Carmichael is the manager of the furniture department of M. Rich & Bros. Co.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants *3c each.* Atlanta Floral Co., *555 E. Fair Street.*

ATLANTA — 3 MATS. MON. WED. SAT. 25c — All Week EXCEPT WED. NIGHT — The Strongest Play of Years — The Deep Purple — Miss Billy Long Co. — Nights 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c

FORSYTH — DAILY MAT. 2:30 EVENING 8:30 — ADAM & EVE—GALLAGHER & FIELDS—JOSEPHINE DUNFEE—JOHN GEIGER—NEVIN & ERWOOD—BRADSHAW BROS. & DUNEDIN TROUPE — KEITH VAUDEVILLE HIGHEST QUALITY

BIJOU — Daily Mat. 3 p. m. Night 7:30 and 9 — A Trip to Joyville — 20 Entertainers and Vaudeville — SEATS 10c Reserved Seats 10c Extra

A "Benjamin" Blue Serge Suit $25

For Beauty, for Style, for Service
It's a Genuine LEADER.

The name of ALFRED BENJAMIN & COMPANY, America's Foremost Tailors, guarantees all this. Additional guarantee is in the suit itself.

A blue serge is pre-eminently the suit for SERVICE, as it always looks well and is appropriate to any occasion where a sack suit can be worn.

And the tailoring is the very BEST—the BENJAMIN sort.

Come in and slip on one of these suits. Select the style you like best, and see how neat and dressy it looks. And remember the price,

Twenty-Five Dollars

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.

Thirty-Six Whitehall

'WHITE SLAVERS' ORGANIZED IN NEW YORK

Rockefeller Vice Report Shows Trade in Women Is Established on Commercial Basis.

NEW YORK, May 19.—White slavery in the city of New York is established upon a commercial basis, and those engaged are thoroughly organized, according to the report of George J. Kneeland, of the Bureau of Social Hygiene, of which John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is chairman, made public to-day.

Investigators found that an immoral life was not often the alternative of starvation. They did learn, however, that the great preponderance of fallen women came from the ranks of those engaged in unskilled occupations. Hundreds of immoral resorts were investigated and hundreds of proprietors and inmates interviewed. It is the conservative estimate of Mr. Kneeland that there are not less than 15,000 fallen women in New York City.

More Found in Streets.

The tabulation showed that 6,759 were found in the streets and 8,167 in immoral resorts, tenements, massage parlors, hotels, saloons, concert halls, etc. The report estimates that fully 90 per cent are diseased.

Men who procure girls, act as "lighthouses," own resorts, rent their property for immoral purposes and "drum up trade" are described. Men seem to be the real owners of most of the evil resorts, and one, described as the "king," owns eleven houses of ill fame.

In making investigations, Mr. Kneeland, with a trained body of social investigators and detectives, also probed into the underworlds of Chicago, Philadelphia and Syracuse. Subsequent reports will deal with these cities and with other parts of New York City. The report made public to-day deals only with Manhattan.

Others Also Banded Together.

From the report by Mr. Kneeland it is evident that not only those actually engaged in vice as a business are banded together, but that the proprietors of establishments such as saloons, concert halls, a certain class of cabaret shows, dance halls, burlesque theaters, amusement parks and excursion boats make an open business of catering to vice. Vice and alcohol are even more firmly allied.

During the investigation, from January 24, 1912, to November 15, 1912, 142 parlor houses were found and investigated and 1,172 resorts found in 575 different tenement houses. Furnished room houses used as houses of assignation are branded as particularly dangerous. There are 300 massage parlors in New York, the report says, many of which are believed to be for immoral purposes. Of 765 rear rooms of saloons investigated, 380 were found to be regular gathering places of slaves and victims.

Public Dance Halls Scored.

The public dance hall was found to justify the worst that has been said of it. Of 75 dances reported on between January 24 and June 24 only five were characterized by the investigators as "decent."

These dances are attended by many innocent working girls, who seek legitimate recreation, and the hired cadet, usually well-dressed and well-mannered. These 'powers that prey' are a constant danger in public dance halls and find there an easy quarry.

Speaking of resorts where those in the "trade" discuss their affairs, the author gives an astounding description of a delicatessen store, used for that purpose, located in one of the poorer sections of the city.

The final chapter of the report is contributed by Miss Kathrine Bement Davis, superintendent of the New York State Reformatory for Women, at Bedford Hills, and contains a detailed study of the 647 inmates.

Husband Handcuffs And Jails His Rival

YONKERS, N. Y., May 19.—When Daniel Lawson found Daniel Scoil paying attentions to Mrs. Lawson, he snapped a pair of handcuffs around Scoil's wrists and marched him to the police station.

While he had the satisfaction of seeing his rival thrust into a cell, he also was arrested charged with carrying concealed weapons. He was bailed out promptly.

THE PLAYS THIS WEEK

NEW POLICY AT THE BIJOU.

Beginning with the matinee this afternoon, a new policy will be inaugurated at the Bijou Theater. This week and hereafter tabloid musical comedy, interspersed with vaudeville, will be the bill. The offering this week is "A Trip to Joyville." There will be no change in the Bijou prices which have prevailed all season.

KEITH VAUDEVILLE AT FORSYTH.

Variety is the keynote of this week's bill of Keith vaudeville at the Forsyth Theater. The headline act is Ed Gillette's monkeys, "Adam" and "Eve," billed as the smartest simians alive. Gallagher and Fields will present "The Battle of Bay Rum," said to be really amusing, and another featured act is that of the Dunedin troupe of cyclists. There are three pretty girls in this number. Other acts are Josephine Dunfee, vocalist; Bradshaw brothers, gymnasts; John Geiger, violinist, and Nevin and Erwood in a comedy skit. This bill will be presented for the first time at a matinee this afternoon.

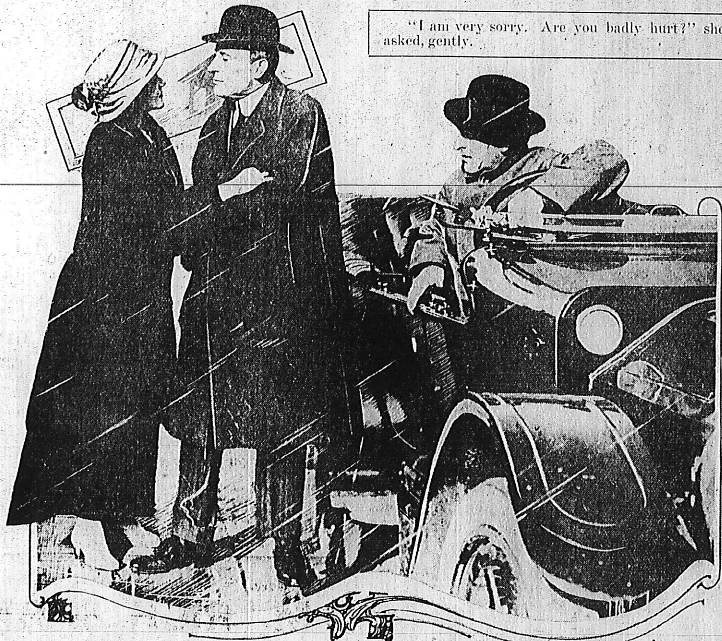
"THE DEEP PURPLE" AT THE ATLANTA.

"The Deep Purple," Paul Armstrong and Wilson Mizner's play of the "underworld," will be presented for the first time in Atlanta by Miss Billy Long and her capable company at a matinee at the Atlanta Theater this afternoon. The play was a tremendous hit in the north. It is strong in plot and deals with a condition of affairs but hazily understood by the average person. The characters are all drawn true to life, and Miss Long and her associate players should appear to advantage, as the play gives opportunity for excellent acting. There will be no performance of "The Deep Purple" Wednesday night.

THE TRIPLE TIE

The 'Man of Mystery' Makes Everything Clear in This Great Story

A STORY FOR BASEBALL FANS THAT WILL INTEREST EVERY LOVER OF THE NATIONAL GAME



"I am very sorry. Are you badly hurt?" she asked, gently.

By A. H. C. MITCHELL.

CHAPTER I.

IT was 10 o'clock in the morning of March 1. Low, dark clouds, driven from east to west by a brisk wind, raced over Ponce DeLeon Park. Before the street car came to a full stop in front of the Atlanta baseball grounds a young man jumped off the step and walked swiftly toward the park. Within three seconds these things happened:

First—Without the slightest warning, without even a few preliminary spatters, rain poured down in sweeping, blinding torrents, as though millions of buckets of water on high were emptied at the same instant.

Second—A terrifying scream from the throat of a woman burst in the ears of the young man. It was instantly followed by a hoarse "Get out of the way," written here in five words, but yelled at the time in one quick command.

The young man shot a startled glance over his shoulder and then, with incredible swiftness, sprang forward. As he did so a high-powered, underslung automobile rushed past him. One inch farther and he would have been clear of the car, but the front wheel of it struck his flying heel and he was flung sprawling on the rain-soaked pavement. There was another scream. The car raced on.

For a brief period the young man lay as if stunned. Then he arose and looked to see what hit him. The car was rushing up the hill on high speed and by this time was nearly a furlong away, hardly discernible through the heavy sheets of rain. But as the young man looked the car slowed down and came to a stop close to the sidewalk. Two persons were in the car. One of them started to get out of it, but paused and then sat down again. The car took motion, turned and coasted back to the point in front of the ball park where the young man still stood motionless.

The Girl Interferes.

The driver gave the emergency brake a vicious jerk and glared at the young man. His heavy features were flushed and he scowled at the bedraggled figure in the road as he spoke.

"Why don't you look where you're going, you boob?" he snarled. "You're not up among the pine needles now, you understand. You ought to have a colored mammy with you when——"

His companion in the car, a young woman, reached up a hand and smothered further words.

"I'm sorry I didn't come back alone," she said to the driver in a low tone.

The young man in the road strode to the side of the car and looking the driver full in the eye, said, very quietly:

"I want to say to you, sir, that I don't know much about automobiles, but if this young lady wasn't here I'd yank you out in the street and mop up some of this rain with you. Civil talk is what I want from you or none at all."

The driver made a threatening gesture and started to speak, but again the restraining hand was placed on him and he contented himself with glaring savagely at the young man in the road. The young woman arose and stepped on the running board. The driver caught her by the arm.

"Don't be foolish, Mildred," he growled. "Sit down and we'll get away from here. You are drenched to the skin. I must take you home in a hurry."

"Wait a minute, Forrest, please. I can stand a little rain," the young woman replied. She shook off the detaining hand and, jumping to the ground, walked around the front of the car, stopping close to the young man in the road.

"We are very sorry. I am very sorry. 'Are you badly hurt?" she asked gently.

The young man, who had not taken his eyes off the driver of the car, turned his head and looked into the glowing brown eyes of the young woman and a slight flush stole over his features. His gaze was long and earnest, as though he had never seen such eyes before in all his life. Finally his mouth broke into a smile, disclosing two rows of strong, even, dazzling white teeth. The corners of his eyes wrinkled, giving his features an expression that showed beyond question that he was blessed with the saving sense of humor. The young woman smiled, too, and when she did so the young man found his tongue.

"I guess I was just scared," he said. "But not hurt in my body as near as I can make out, but my feelings were injured when your friend spoke to me the way he did. Maybe it was my fault; I guess it was. I ought to have kept my eyes open. It was your scream that saved me. I'm much obliged to you."

The young woman held out her hand.

"I'm right glad you are not hurt," she said.

The young man took the hand and held it. The rain beat down upon them in torrents, but neither seemed to mind it. The ride in the automobile had loosened the hair of the young woman, but the overpowering rain had soaked through her small hat and the driving spray had plastered the loose strands to the side of her face and neck. As she stood there she looked as though she had just been dragged from a river. Yet in spite of everything it was easy to see that she was a handsome woman. She—but this is not the time or the place to describe her. The conditions are unfavorable. Wait. She plays a not unimportant part in this narrative and there will be plenty of opportunity later on to tell all about her.

Stood Holding Hands.

And what of the young man that held her hand out in the roadway in that driving rainstorm? Well, he is the central figure in the story. Strange events are involved in his career. But please be patient. This is not a magazine editor's preliminary announcement. It is the story of a great baseball mystery. Let us to it in regular order.

The two young persons stood in the roadway holding hands—ten minutes, one would imagine from this reading of it, but only ten seconds in reality.

Ten seconds make a long time under certain conditions. The young woman doubtless thought so, for at last she smiled again, gave the hand that held hers a healthy pumplike shake and broke the clasp.

"Good-bye," she said, and stepped quickly into the automobile, the motor of which had been softly purring all the while. The driver eased in the clutch, the car gathered headway, and as it turned in the road, the driver leaned out and said with a harsh laugh:

"Get some of that cotton seed out of your hair, young fellow, and you better go in out of the wet now."

The car sped up the hill. The young man watched it without stirring until it had disappeared in the distance. But he had noted the number of the car. It was "50000 Ga."

The rain ceased as suddenly as it began.

Walking to the entrance of the ball park, the young man tried several doors and gates without being able to gain admittance. At last he found a door that opened to his touch and, seeing smoke issuing from the chimney of a little house within the inclosure, he went to the door, knocked, and, after a moment's pause, entered.

Continued To-morrow.

HAVE YOU SORE GUMS OR LOOSE TEETH?

A prominent dentist, after years of experience, has found a home remedy that will cure Riggs' disease, bleeding, inflamed and spongy gums, and tighten loose teeth by rinsing the mouth.

Probably you have not enjoyed eating for some time. Get a bottle of STYP-STRING-ANT and that disease of the gums and teeth will be cured; therefore, aiding digestion. 50c bottle at all druggists, or parcel post, 65c in stamps. DeLamater-Lawrence Drug Company, wholesale distributors.

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MACON, GA.

Davidson & Williams, W. S. Riley Grocery Company, Barfield-Brown Co., W. L. Bazemore, C. W. Jenkins, J. R. Howard, S. D. Sturkie, M. F. Camerio, C. B. Moore, W. H. Gray, A. J. Chapman, J. D. Carr, W. G. Murphey, A. B. Moore, Mrs. M. L. Wyche, Platt & Hamlin, J. G. Bullock, T. J. Dame, D. P. Kemper, J. S. Hightower, G. A. Cochran,

Miss Susie Durden, C. Munsch, J. W. Cochran, E. W. Smith, Mrs. J. T. Mowrer, R. J. Joiner, C. B. Moore, W. L. Jenkins, J. M. Johnston, Mrs. J. C. Keen, E. A. Middlebrooks, J. W. Johnston, Jr., J. R. Moore, G. Kennington, Mrs. A. W. Freemans, Flournoy Grocery (col.), Oscar Bradley, J. C. Moore, Hart Cash Grocery, Macon Tea and Coffee Company, W. V. Saville,

R. L. Kitchens, J. Beall, Hamp Evans, City Grocery Company, T. M. Donnelly, W. L. Chapman, G. W. Brown, F. Kennington, R. F. Sessions, T. A. Miller, K. & S. Jones, J. E. Brannen, A. Melton, J. C. Godfree, Bond Cash Grocery, F. Kennington, W. E. Hamlin, A. T. Small, East Side Grocery Company, O. E. Thorpe.

STONE MT., GA.

Rankin Bros., Davis & Pounds, L. A. Weaver, W. E. Tuggle.

LITHONIA, GA.

Mutual Trading Company, J. M. Abram & Son, C. H. McDonald, Bond & Evans, J. K. Marburt & Bros., J. C. Johnson & Son.

CONYERS, GA.

McDonald Bros., M. H. Plunkett, R. B. Vaughn, Hewlett & Downs, G. A. Almand.

COVINGTON, GA.

Fowler Bros., Herd-White Company, Stephens & Calloway, T. C. Swan & Co., Lee Bros., C. A. Franklin.

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

H. H. Herndon, Knox Company, George O. Hatcher, Social Circle Supply Company.

MONROE, GA.

Aycock Bros., M. Mendel, Kelly & Wright, W. H. Nunnally Company, Monroe Cash Company.

MADISON, GA.

H. H. Shouse, Stovall-Kimbrough Bros. Company, A. E. Douglas, Penick Supply Company, M. A. Mustin, H. H. Fitzpatrick Company.

NEWNAN, GA.

W. E. Woods, R. J. Stewart, Spence Grocery Company, J. T. Swint, Newnan Grocery Company.

FAIRBURN, GA.

E. W. Green & Son, Fairburn Market.

PALMETTO, GA.

C. B. Mosley & Co., W. O. Keith & Son, N. F. Hudson & Co.

GRANTVILLE, GA.

Sewell Merchandise Company.

COLUMBUS, GA.

Mrs. D. C. Prim, L. A. Binns, T. H. Benton & Co., W. T. Beggs, W. G. Allen, R. H. Hendricks, I. H. Mullins, Baird & Whittlesey, L. M. Ramsey, J. F. Porter, G. R. Morgan, J. M. Lockhart, J. D. Kittrell, J. C. Jackson, J. J. Herricks, M. M. Grant, A. W. Flournoy, East Wynnton Market, T. A. Britt, W. R. Blissett, T. M. Thomason, Georgia Grocery Company.

Ask your dealer for

Swift's Silver-Leaf Brand Pure Lard

Established 1865 **EISEMAN BROS., Inc.** *Incorporated 1912*

REMODELING Under Way!

Entire New and Modern Store Equipment Now Being Installed

See the Stunning New

CHECKS

We've Received To-day!

Two and three-piece models, made of lightweight, highly finished fabrics, effectively ENGLISH in style—coats either quarter or half lined with silk, all seams silk-bound; half-lined models have patch pocket. These garments are beautifully tailored. On display in our recently installed "Crystal" Cabinets. Men's and young men's suits,

$25 and $30

Other styles, fabrics and colors

$15 to $45

Eiseman Bros. Inc.

11-13-15-17 Whitehall

Entire Building

The South's Largest and Most Complete Retail Clothing Store

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Generally fair Monday; local showers Tuesday.

BURNS MAN FINDS NEW PHAGAN CLEWS

AFTERNOON EDITION

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

VOL. XI. NO. 246. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913. 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

BURNS EAGER TO SOLVE PHAGAN CASE

Famous Detective Expected to Arrive From Europe and Start Work Before June 1.

STARTLING NEW EVIDENCE IS REPORTED DISCOVERED

Important Revelation Looked For To-day—Search Being Pushed With Renewed Vigor.

Colonel Thomas B. Felder announced Monday morning that he had received word from William J. Burns that he would arrive in America before June 1 and would probably be on the scene of the Phagan slaying before that date.

Colonel Felder said the great detective had taken an unusual interest in the Phagan mystery and he would not be surprised to hear from him in America any day soon.

"Burns is more interested in this case than I have known him to be in another," said Colonel Felder. "I am advised that he will hasten his return from Europe on this account and be in America some days before June 1. He will, of course, come direct to Atlanta.

"The meantime developments since his investigator has been here are more than satisfactory. The Burns detective convinced Mr. Dorsey Sunday afternoon that he had touched upon heretofore overlooked evidence of importance, and in his report today we expect valuable information."

Search Grows More Active.

With investigation into the mystery more active Monday than it has been at any time during the last two weeks, the Solicitor was hopeful that important developments would be made during the day.

The special representative of the Burns agency was reported to have struck upon an important and heretofore overlooked clew that threw a new light on the case. He will make a definite report at 11 o'clock this morning at the office of the Solicitor, when it is not unlikely some announcement will be made.

Colonel Felder, the Burns detective case for several hours Sunday at the home of Colonel Felder. The conference and Solicitor Dorsey discussed the ence was to acquaint the Burns man with the progress in the case by the other detectives and to obviate the necessity of personal examination of a number of witnesses.

Want Case for Grand Jury.

No announcement would be made following the conference, but the Solicitor was hopeful that developments this week would enable him to present the case to the Grand Jury Friday in clear and concise form.

"I'm a Trust," Caruso Confides to World

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

PARIS, May 19.—Caruso is a familiar figure on the boulevards these afternoons, sitting out on the cafe terraces chatting with friends, obligingly signing autographs and making caricatures for strangers recognising him.

Being asked if he was to sing in Paris this spring, he quickly put his fingers over his lips as a "hush!" sign, and whispered:

"I don't believe so. I've an impresario who has monopolized and syndicated me—made me into a trust, in fact—so I've no liberty at all. He doesn't let people hear me for nothing, the scoundrel, much as I'd love to sing for anybody who'd really like to hear me."

New Comet Pale It Has No Tail

CAMBRIDGE, May 19. — The Schaumasse comet, the latest visitor from the inter-stellar regions, is rather disappointing to the ordinary star gazer, according to a report of observations received in the Harvard observatory. Prof. Barnard, of the Yerkes Observatory at Lake Geneva, Wis., has been unable to find any semblance of the usual fiery appendage, commonly known as a tail. The comet's "illuminating" powers have reached only the tenth magnitude.

Astronomers hope the comet's brilliancy will increase in the next few weeks.

La Follette Halts 1916 Boom for Him

MADISON, WIS., May 19.—It develops that the State Republican love feast at Madison was prevented from becoming a formal opening of Senator La Follette's candidacy for President in 1916 by a personal message from the Senator saying that he was not ready for any such move at this time.

It developed also that there have been conferences between the La Follette leaders and their former foes, the followers of Senator Spooner, looking to a union against the Bull Moose.

May Stop French Papers in Alsace

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

BERLIN, May 19.—With a view to preventing the growth of anti-German feeling in Alsace-Lorraine the Federal Council of the German Empire is considering exceptional measures to be adopted.

One of them is aimed at newspapers in the French language, the circulation of which in the annexed provinces may be prohibited by order of the Governor if he considers them anti-German in sentiment and the other intends to give to the Governor the power to suppress any society which he regards subversive to public order.

Bryan Reiterates Grape Juice Pledge

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Secretary of State Bryan reiterated his temperance pledge to a troop of Boy Scouts who presented him with an engrossed copy of a resolution indorsing "the action in "banishing strong drink" from state functions.

He assured his little visitors that so far as he was concerned "grape juice diplomacy" had come to stay.

The Sunday American goes everywhere all over the South. If you have anything to sell The Sunday American is "The Market Place of the South." The Sunday American is the best advertising medium.

THE MAN OF MYSTERY EXPLAINED!

On page 3 of this edition appears the first installment of a great baseball serial by A. H. C. Mitchell.

It is called "The Triple Tie."

It is a solution of The Georgian's mystery picture which has caused so much comment in the past three weeks.

It is an enthralling story.

The scenes are laid in Atlanta. Many of the characters are real Atlantans.

Don't Miss This Story

J. WYLIE SMITH'S OWN STORY

Tells a Tale of Many Thrilling Adventures

He Fought Two Years for His Freedom

Wylie Smith as he is to-day, a mere phantom of his former self.

At the right top is shown Wylie Smith as he was when he left Atlanta two years ago.

By J. WYLIE SMITH.

(The refugee president of the defunct Commercial Loan and Discount Company, who, after evading extradition during two years of service in the insurrecto army of General Orozco, in Mexico, returned to Atlanta to stand trial because he is dying with tuberculosis—a phantom of his former self.)

I have decided to tell my story exclusively through The Georgian—and what a story it is!

It is brimful of intrigue and treachery, battle and blood, and the horror of slow, certain death. As I lie on my cot in the hospital quarter of the Tower it seems too hellish for a human being to have endured such experience on earth. I would that I could close my lips in silence and pass into forgetfulness.

Often I think of the days when I was strong in heart and hand. None of the old knights enjoyed such adventures. About it all there was a tinge of romance. A woman, who was fair to look upon reached out a helping hand and saved me once. A faithful dog kept me from being cut into ribbons. I have known friendship that would have warmed the heart of the most fiendish devil. I have felt the inspiring triumph over unscrupulous foes.

But now I am penniless and dying. My wife, the little woman whom I love so dearly and who has stood by me so loyally, is working in San Antonio as a cook to support herself and my little six-year-old girl. I saw the child as I came through; the mother was too ill to come to the train.

God, how I would love to go and live with them. But I'll never live to pay the penalty for my offense. Death before me is too certain. The terror of it all is their struggle to survive their awful poverty. But to my story.

I'll begin with the day I realized my business was doomed to collapse and I left Atlanta. I will tell all my experiences—experiences that were thrilling but ended in a horror such as only Edgar Allen Poe could picture.

I Left With Little Money.

I left Atlanta at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of June 14, 1911, with an amount of money that was a mere bagatelle—some folks believed and still believe that I have had a large amount of cash hid away somewhere, and it has caused me trouble more than once—I was obliged to depend on friends to get from place to place.

I spent the first night at LaGrange, stopped at Talladega, Ala., Meridian, Jackson, Clarksville and Lulla, Miss. In Helena, Ark., I wrote to my brother, Berry Smith, and decided to wait for an answer. I had not stopped long enough for a newspaper to catch me and I did not know what the situation in Atlanta was. My brother's letter enlightened me as to the anger of my former associates and I hit the trail again.

At Tucumori, New Mexico, I wrote and waited for another letter from home. I learned they were after me and I wasted no time getting across the border.

I Reach Mexico.

On July 1 I arrived in Chihuahua, a city of some 35,000 people in the State of Chihuahua. This event and another on the same day the following year have made July 4 a more important day to me than the anniversary of American independence. It was the beginning of freedom then and the next year, not only for me, but through me for others.

I had no money and at first I strolled the streets bewildered and despondent. Then I spied a hotel, the Robertson House. I have always been able to talk, no matter how dilapidated or downcast I was. So I brushed into the hotel with as confident an air as I could assume.

A dark, keen-eyed youth was leaning over the desk. Well, before I went to bed that night I was calling him "Honolulu George." He took me into his room and fed me at his

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

FIVE HURLED FROM AUTO BY FAST TRAIN

Atlanta Party Has Remarkable Escape in Collision at East Lake Road Crossing.

Five prominent Atlantans had a remarkable escape from death a railroad crossing on the East Lake Road Sunday afternoon when a Georgia Railroad passenger train struck the big Winton Six automobile in which the party were riding and hurled them all out.

The autoists were J. H. Hirsch, of 345 Myrtle Street, owner and driver of the car; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Carmichael and the 15-year-old son and 11-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael. All escaped without a scratch, except Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael, who were slightly bruised, but badly shocked.

Winter Alfriend and Hughes Roberts came up in a machine just after the accident happened. Mr. Alfriend took Mrs. Carmichael in his machine and rushed her to her home, 645 Edgewood Avenue, Inman Park.

The Hirsch car was badly damaged.

Hirsch Tells of Crash.

The accident occurred about 5:30 o'clock as the party were riding into town over the beautiful East Lake Road. Mr. Hirsch told the story of the accident to a Georgian reporter as follows:

"There is a little house and an embankment at the East Lake approach to the crossing and I could not see. I had slowed my machine down to a walking pace and listened for a train but could hear none.

"Just as we came upon the track the iron monster was upon us. I do not know at what rate it thundered up, but it looked as big as all the trains I have ever seen combined into one.

"We were almost on the track, I shoved on my emergency and turned my car as much as I could in the direction the train was going.

No Time to Leap.

"That was all that saved us. Instead of absolutely demolishing us the train sideswiped us. We all tried to jump, but did not have time—we were hurled out.

"Except for the shock none of us were hurt to amount to anything."

Mr. Hirsch is a member of the firm of Hirsch & Spitz Manufacturing Company. Mr. Carmichael is the manager of the furniture department of M. Rich & Bros. Co.

Miss Page's Husband Must Be an American

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Miss Kathleen Page, daughter of William Hines Page, American Ambassador to England, admitted at Pembrooke Hall, Bryn Mawr, that she was looking forward with interest to her visit next month to the Court of St. James.

"I suppose we will do some entertaining," she said, "but father is going to be a diplomat, not a society man."

When asked if she thought she might become so attached to England that she would want to make her home there and perhaps marry an Englishman, she replied:

"I haven't had time to think of marriage, but when I do the man must be an American, and just half as good as father."

"Little Minister" to Be Made Into Opera

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 19.—Alice Nielsen, who will appear in the "Secret of Suzanne" at its opening performance at Covent Garden, says all arrangements have been completed for Wolff Ferrar to make J. M. Barrie's "Little Minister" into an opera. She expects that it will be finished in a year, and his title will be "Lady Bauby."

The libretto will be in English.

Mme. Nielsen hopes that it will be produced at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York. If this can not be arranged she intends to produce it herself.

Bishop Keeley at Columbus.

COLUMBUS.—Bishop Keeley, of the Savannah diocese of the Catholic church, was in Columbus Sunday and conducted the 10-o'clock mass and confirmed a class in the afternoon at 5 o'clock.

LATEST NEWS

LAWYER FELDER SAYS GREAT MYSTERY WILL BE CLEARED IN A FEW HOURS

T. B. FELDER, THE LAWYER WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORK OF THE BURNS DETECTIVE, SAYS SURPRISING PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE IN THE PHAGAN CASE, AND HE BELIEVES THE MYSTERY WILL BE CLEARED IN A FEW HOURS.

"THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT THE SLAYER WILL SOON BE FOUND," MR. FELDER SAID.

JUNTA IS FOUND IN PARIS PLANNING OVERTHROW OF HUERTA GOVERNMENT

PARIS, MAY 19.—A STRONG AND WELL ORGANIZED JUNTA HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED HERE TO EFFECT THE OVERTHROW OF THE HUERTA GOVRNMENT IN MEXICO. THE INSURRECTIONARY FORCES ARE WELL SUPPLIED WITH FUNDS, WHICH ARE REPORTED TO COME FROM THE FAMILY OF FRANCSCO I. MADERO, JR., FORMERLY PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC.

FRIENDS DEFEND MODERATOR FROM CHARGE OF 'POLITICS'

Story That Dr. Stone's Nomination Was Planned Long in Advance, Vigorously Denied---Wilson Warns Presbyterians That Interest in Religious Life Must Be Revived.

Accusations that the election of Dr. John Timothy Stone as Moderator of the Northern Assembly was a "frame-up," and, instead of being a non-political action, was one of the most deep-laid schemes ever perpetrated on a General Assembly, has aroused great indignation among the friends of Dr. Stone, and were vigorously denied Monday.

To the charges that six men were in conference the night before the election with a view to paving the way for Dr. Stone's election, the adherents of the new Moderator hotly reply that such was not the case.

The burden of the charges of conspiracy rest chiefly upon the Rev. William R. King, of Monmouth, Ill., who placed Dr. Stone's name in nomination, and Mr. Ellis, editor of The Continent, who seconded the proposal.

Dr. Stone to Reply in Detail.

"Mr. Ellis did not approach me nor communicate with me in any way as to the nomination of Dr. Stone," declared Dr. King in answering the charges, "and in so far as I am aware had no inkling of my intention. As a matter of fact, I had not the pleasure of Mr. Ellis' acquaintance until the day after the election."

Dr. Stone denied the rumors and said he would reply in detail in the Assembly.

With the opening of Monday's sessions at the three Assemblies, much important work will be taken up. The general conversation, regarding the speech of Dr. Warren H. Wilson before the Country Life meeting Sunday afternoon has created a burst of discussion among the members of the conventions, and in all probability some action toward offsetting the general abandonment of churches throughout the United States, as averred by Mr. Wilson, will be recommended.

Now Aged 100, Has Never Worn a Hat

SOMERSET, PA., May 19.—Mrs. Mattie Criss, who became 100 years old yesterday, received the well wishes of over 1,500 residents of this country in her home, ten miles from here.

For 100 years Mrs. Crise lived in the same place and in that time never saw a railroad train, street car or a telephone. She never wore a hat, a knitted hood taking its place.

COUNCIL TAKES UP SEWER BOND ISSUE

Special Committee To Be Named to Report on Plan for Improvements, Says Thomson.

Councilman Albert Thomson Monday said Council would approve his resolution creating a special committee to consider a sewer and park bond issue. Several Councilmen have shown interest in his plan for municipal improvements. The object of the committee is to have a detailed report on the advisability of a bond issue.

Councilman Thomson's idea is that if bond money can be obtained to complete the sewer system outlined and to extend the park system, the city's normal income will be sufficient to carry on street improvements and other municipal works.

Among important matters presented to Council Monday afternoon will be Mayor Woodward's veto message on the fire probe committee's report, published in full in The Sunday American.

The recommendation of the streets committee that $20,000 be appropriated for the regrading of Whitehall Street will be read and referred to the finance committee.

Councilman Claude L. Ashley will demand a report from the police committee on his race segregation ordinance. It is charged that the police committee wants to kill this ordinance by pigeonholing it. A bitter fight will develop if its adoption is insisted on, not only negroes being opposed to it, but many influential white men, who own houses rented to negroes.

The new dirt ordinance also will be presented. Council Claude L. Ashley championing it and Alderman James W. Maddox, a grading contractor, leading the opposition. The present dirt law has proved ineffective.

If you have anything to sell advertise in The Sunday American. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in the South.

'WHITE SLAVERS' ORGANIZED IN NEW YORK

Rockefeller Vice Report Shows Trade in Women Is Established on Commercial Basis.

NEW YORK, May 19.—White slavery in the city of New York is established upon a commercial basis, and those engaged are thoroughly organized, according to the report of George J. Kneeland, of the Bureau of Social Hygiene, of which John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is chairman, made public to-day.

Investigators found that an immoral life was not often the alternative of starvation. They did learn, however, that the great preponderance of fallen women came from the ranks of those engaged in unskilled occupations. Hundreds of immoral resorts were investigated and hundreds of proprietors and inmates interviewed. It is the conservative estimate of Mr. Kneeland that there are not less than 15,000 fallen women in New York City.

More Found in Streets.

The tabulation showed that 6,759 were found in the streets and 8,167 in immoral resorts, tenements, massage parlors, hotels, saloons, concert halls, etc. The report estimates that fully 80 per cent are diseased.

Men who procure girls, act as "lighthouses," own resorts, rent their property for immoral purposes and "drum up trade" are described. Men seem to be the real owners of most of the evil resorts, and one, described as the "king," owns eleven houses of ill fame.

In making investigations, Mr. Kneeland, with a trained body of social investigators and detectives, also probed into the underworlds of Chicago, Philadelphia and Syracuse. Subsequent reports will deal with these cities and with other parts of New York City. The report made public to-day deals only with Manhattan.

Others Also Banded Together.

From the report by Mr. Kneeland it is evident that not only those actually engaged in vice as a business are banded together, but that the proprietors of establishments such as saloons, concert halls, a certain class of cabaret shows, dance halls, burlesque theaters, amusement parks and excursion boats make an open business of catering to vice. Vice and alcohol are even more firmly allied.

During the investigation, from January 24, 1912, to November 15, 1912, 142 parlor houses were found and investigated and 1,172 resorts found in 575 different tenement houses. Furnished room houses used as houses of assignation are branded as particularly dangerous. There are 300 massage parlors in New York, the report says, many of which are believed to be for immoral purposes. Of 765 rear rooms of saloons investigated, 380 were found to be regular gathering places of slaves and victims.

Public Dance Halls Scored.

The public dance hall was found to justify the worst that has been said of it. Of 75 dances reported on between January 24 and June 24 only five were characterized by the investigators as "decent."

These dances are attended by many innocent working girls, who seek legitimate recreation, and the hired cadet, usually well-dressed and well-mannered. These 'powers that prey' are a constant danger in public dance halls and find there an easy quarry.

Speaking of resorts where those in the "trade" discuss their affairs, the author gives an astounding description of a delicatessen store, used for that purpose, located in one of the poorer sections of the city.

The final chapter of the report is contributed by Miss Kathrine Bement Davis, superintendent of the New York State Reformatory for Women, at Bedford Hills, and contains a detailed study of the 647 inmates.

THE PLAYS THIS WEEK

NEW POLICY AT THE BIJOU.

Beginning with the matinee this afternoon, a new policy will be inaugurated at the Bijou Theater. This week and hereafter tabloid musical comedy, interspersed with vaudeville, will be the bill. The offering this week is "A Trip to Joyville." There will be no change in the Bijou prices which have prevailed all season.

KEITH VAUDEVILLE AT FORSYTH.

Variety is the keynote of this week's bill of Keith vaudeville at the Forsyth Theater. The headline act is Ed Gillette's monkeys, "Adam" and "Eve," billed as the smartest simians alive. Gallagher and Fields will present "The Battle of Bay Rum," said to be really amusing, and another featured act is that of the Dunedin troupe of cyclists. There are three pretty girls in this number. Other acts are Josephine Dunfee, vocalist; Bradshaw brothers, gymnasts; John Geiser, violinist, and Nevin and Erwood in a comedy skit. This bill will be presented for the first time at a matinee this afternoon.

"THE DEEP PURPLE" AT THE ATLANTA.

"The Deep Purple," Paul Armstrong and Wilson Mizner's play of the "underworld," will be presented for the first time in Atlanta by Miss Billy Long and her capable company at a matinee at the Atlanta Theater this afternoon. The play was a tremendous hit in the north. It is strong in plot and deals with a condition of affairs but hazily understood by the average person. The characters are all drawn true to life, and Miss Long and her associate players should appear to advantage, as the play gives opportunity for excellent acting. There will be no performance of "The Deep Purple" Wednesday night.

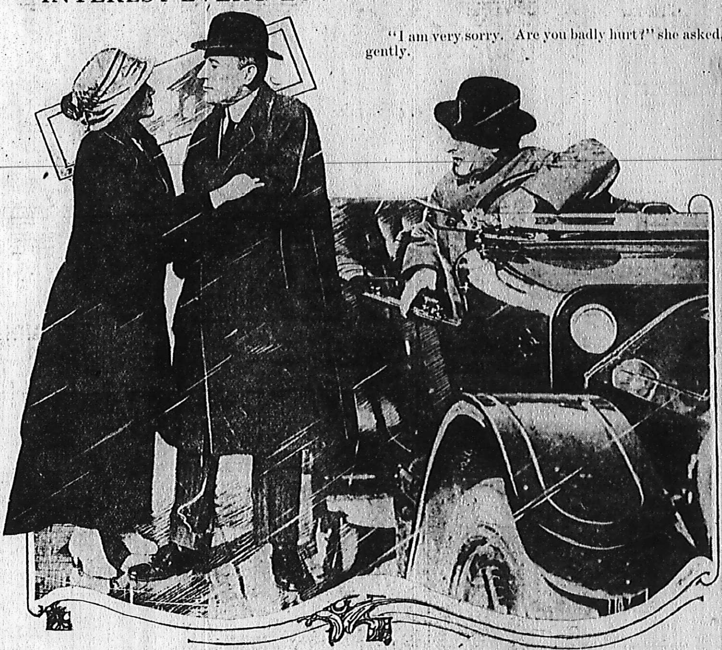
SMALL ARMY OF OFFICERS TAKE 7 OZARK DISTILLERS

ALTON, MO., May 19.—The biggest round-up of moonshiners made in Southern Missouri in fifteen years was completed yesterday by a party of eleven Federal officers, six deputy United States marshals and five revenue agents, who captured seven "hillbillies" distillers in central Oregon County, in the very midst of the Ozarks.

THE TRIPLE TIE

The 'Man of Mystery' With the Three Ties Makes Everything Clear in the Great Story

A STORY FOR BASEBALL FANS THAT WILL INTEREST EVERY LOVER OF THE NATIONAL GAME



"I am very sorry. Are you badly hurt?" she asked, gently.

BY A. H. C. MITCHELL.

CHAPTER I.

It was 10 o'clock in the morning of March 1. Low, dark clouds, driven from east to west by a brisk wind, raced over Ponce DeLeon Park. Before the street car came to a full stop in front of the Atlanta baseball grounds a young man jumped off the step and walked swiftly toward the park. Within three seconds these things happened:

First—Without the slightest warning, without even a few preliminary spatters, rain poured down in sweeping, blinding torrents, as though millions of buckets of water on high were emptied at the same instant.

Second—A terrifying scream from the throat of a woman burst in the ears of the young man. It was instantly followed by a hoarse "Get out of the way," written here in five words, but yelled at the time in one quick command.

The young man shot a startled glance over his shoulder and then, with incredible swiftness, sprang forward. As he did so a high-powered, underslung automobile rushed past him. One inch farther and he would have been clear of the car, but the front wheel of it struck his flying heel and he was flung sprawling on the rain-soaked pavement. There was another scream. The car raced on.

For a brief period the young man lay as if stunned. Then he arose and looked to see what hit him. The car was rushing up the hill on high speed and by this time was nearly a furlong away, hardly discernible through the heavy sheets of rain. But as the young man looked, the car slowed down and came to a stop close to the sidewalk. Two persons were in the car. One of them started to get out of it, but paused and then sat down again. The car took motion, turned and coasted back to the point in front of the ball park where the young man still stood motionless.

The Girl Interferes.

The driver gave the emergency brake a vicious jerk and glared at the young man. His heavy features were flushed and he scowled at the bedraggled figure in the road as he spoke.

"Why don't you look where you're going, you boob?" he snarled. "You're not up among the pine needles now, you understand. You ought to have a colored mammy with you when——"

His companion in the car, a young woman, reached up a hand and smothered further words.

"I'm sorry I didn't come back alone," she said to the driver in a low tone.

The young man in the road strode to the side of the car and, looking the driver full in the eye, said, very quietly:

"I want to say to you, sir, that I don't know much about automobiles, but if this young lady wasn't here I'd yank you out in the street and mop up some of this rain with you. Civil talk is what I want from you or none at all."

The driver made a threatening gesture and started to speak, but again the restraining hand was placed on him and he contented himself with glaring savagely at the young man in the road. The young woman arose and stepped on the running board. The driver caught her by the arm.

"Don't be foolish, Mildred," he growled. "Sit down and we'll get away from here. You are drenched to the skin. I must take you home in a hurry."

"Wait a minute, Forrest, please. I can stand a little rain," the young woman replied. She shook off the detaining hand and, jumping to the ground, walked around the front of the car, stopping close to the young man in the road.

"We are very sorry. I am very sorry. Are you badly hurt?" she asked gently.

Face Flushed.

The young man, who had not taken his eyes off the driver of the car, turned his head and looked into the glowing brown eyes of the young woman and a slight flush stole over his features. His gaze was long and earnest, as though he had never seen such eyes before in all his life. Finally his mouth broke into a smile, disclosing two rows of strong, even, dazzling white teeth. The corners of his eyes wrinkled, giving his features an expression that showed beyond question that he was blessed with the saving sense of humor. The young woman smiled, too, and when she did so the young man found his tongue.

"I guess I was just scared," he said. "I'm not hurt in my body as near as I can make out, but my feelings were injured when your friend spoke to me the way he did. Maybe it was my fault; I guess it was. I ought to have kept my eyes open. It was your scream that saved me. I'm much obliged to you."

The young woman held out her hand.

"I'm right glad you are not hurt," she said.

The young man took the hand and held it. The rain beat down upon them in torrents, but neither seemed to mind it. The ride in the automobile had loosened the hair of the young woman, but the overpowering rain had soaked through her small hat and the driving spray had plastered the loose strands to the side of her face and neck. As she stood there she looked as though she had just been dragged from a river. Yet in spite of everything it was easy to see that she was a handsome woman. She—but this is not the time or the place to describe her. The conditions are unfavorable. Wait. She plays a not unimportant part in this narrative and there will be plenty of opportunity later on to tell all about her.

Stood Holding Hands.

And what of the young man that held her hand out in the roadway in that driving rainstorm? Well, he is the central figure in the story. Strange events are involved in his career. But please be patient. This is not a magazine editor's preliminary announcement. It is the story of a great baseball mystery. Let us to it in regular order.

The two young persons stood in the roadway holding hands—ten minutes, one would imagine from this reading of it, but only ten seconds in reality.

Ten seconds make a long time under certain conditions. The young woman doubtless thought so, for at last she smiled again, gave the hand that held hers a healthy pumplike shake and broke the clasp.

"Good-bye," she said, and stepped quickly into the automobile, the motor of which had been softly purring all the while. The driver eased in the clutch, the car gathered headway, and as it turned in the road, the driver leaned out and said with a harsh laugh:

"Get some of that cotton seed out of your hair, young fellow, and you better go in out of the wet now."

The car sped up the hill. The young man watched it without stirring until it had disappeared in the distance. But he had noted the number of the car. It was "50000 Ga."

The rain ceased as suddenly as it began.

Walking to the entrance of the ball park, the young man tried several doors and gates without being able to gain admittance. At last he found a door that opened to his touch and, seeing smoke issuing from the chimney of a little house within the inclosure, he went to the door, knocked and, after a moment's pause, entered.

Continued To-morrow.

BERNHARDT CALLS MARRIAGE GAMBLE

"Love Must Be Decided by the Heart," Says Divine Sarah. Scores Divorce and Alimony.

NEW YORK, May 19.—"Love and marriage can never be things of intellect. They must be decided by the heart," said Mme. Sarah Bernhardt to-day in giving her opinion on the American idea of matrimony.

"Marriage is, alas, such a lottery with so many blanks in it that every girl and every young man should be given all the chance possible to experience love.

"I can not understand how a young woman can accept alimony from a man she has ceased to care for. I must work, work!

"Sometimes it seems to me divorce and alimony are two channels Americans find for getting rid of superfluous wealth."

When asked if she thought the French parent-made marriage resulted better than the American marriage for love, she replied:

"No, a thousand times no! If the heart makes a mistake—ah, well, at least there has been some sweetness."

Six-Day Babe Weighs Only Pound and Half

SYRACUSE, May 19.—The village of Minlius, nine miles east of here, boasts of having the smallest six-days-old baby on record in Central New York. The infant—a boy—was born last Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Foote. It weighed at birth a trifle more than a pound, and has been gaining an ounce or more each day. It tipped the scales to-night at a pound and a half.

The infant is well formed, but is in a weak condition. Mr. and Mrs. Foote have five other children, and none of them weighed less than nine pounds at birth. One weighed twelve pounds.

"This is the most unusual case in my experience," Dr. C. E. Curtiss, attending physician, said to-night.

PAULINE WAYNE RIVAL APPEARS IN OKLAHOMA

DURANT, OKLA., May 19.—A. M. Hall probably has the best milk-producing cow in Oklahoma and he is willing to make affidavit that at one milking recently he filled a pail six times and left the calf a square meal. The cow is a Jersey and 5 years old.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX WILL DISTRIBUTE PRIZES

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 19.—Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox will distribute the prizes at the annual competitions in art, literature, music and dancing in connection with the Children's S[illegible] May 31.

ROUND-ABOUT-TOWN STORIES

Everybody Has Some Curiosity.

"Everybody in Atlanta must have been born with a big bump of curiosity," remarked the West End man as he sat down in a front seat of the Whitehall car and addressed a friend across the aisle. "Every day I notice hundreds of folks 'rubbering' at any and everything that's to be seen. On my way to and from the office I have to pass a fish market. This market has a display window and every day the exhibition of fresh water and deep sea animal life made there is large and at times varied. Whenever I pass this place there's a crowd around the window looking at the turtles, crabs, lobsters and queer fishes.

"I have seen the same sort of people at the Aquarium in New York. There seems to be a fascination about fish life for a majority of people. I, myself, frequently stop before this market window to view some new fangled deep sea monster and I guess I have about as little curiosity as the next one. I notice that when a horse or a mule or an automobile stalls anywhere a crowd springs up immediately to offer suggestions and view the work of solving the problem which confronts the driver. Let the fire bell clang and the chief's red wagon dart by and instantly a horde of the curious clog sidewalks and street to see where the department is going. I guess we were all born with a good deal of rubber in our necks."

Enjoying Life On the Other Side.

"I had been wondering," said a well known young lawyer, "what had become of Julian Harris. I knew he had gone to New York to live but had heard nothing from him for quite a while. The other day I was agreeably surprised to get a picture postcard from him. He was then in Rome, Italy. He is taking a long vacation, and to my personal knowledge, a much needed one. He will visit Switzerland, Austria, Germany and France before returning to this country. I understand he will arrive in New York About September 1.

"For years he has had the idea of going to Europe but this is the first opportunity he has had to indulge himself. Although one of the hardest worked young business men he has taken time in which to study history and I doubt if there is a man in Atlanta who knows more about this world and its happenings than Julian Harris. He can tell you all about Napoleon and his battles and deluge a person with details of famous engagements that are astonishing. You'd never suspect him of being a deep student, but he is and he certainly knows the game of 'burning midnight oil.'

"Julian Harris is the sort of chap who would learn more things about a country in a couple of days than you or I would in a year or so. He is a human blotter; he absorbs knowledge as a sponge absorbs water."

Get College Pennants

Old Gold and White.

From Your News Dealer

For the convenience of our readers we have arranged with the following news dealers to redeem Hearst's Sunday American Pennant Coupons:

JACKSON-WESSEL DRUG CO., Marietta and Broad Streets.
MARSHALL PHARMACY, Peachtree and Ivy Streets.
PALMER BRANCH, 389 Peachtree Street.
CRUICKSHANK CIGAR CO., Peachtree and Pryor Streets.
CRUICKSHANK CIGAR CO., Mitchell and Whitehall Streets.
HARBOUR'S SMOKE HOUSE, 41 N. Pryor Street.
WEINBERGER BROS. CIGAR STORE, Alabama and Pryor Streets.
BROWN & ALLEN, Alabama and Whitehall Streets.
STAR NEWS CO., Marietta and Broad Streets.
STAR NEWS CO., Peachtree and Walton Streets.
WORLD NEWS CO., Peachtree and Marietta Streets.
HAMES DRUG CO., 380 Whitehall Street.
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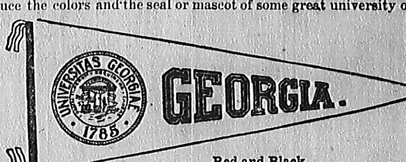
ATLANTA SODA CO., Broad and Marietta Streets.
ATLANTA SODA CO., Mitchell and Whitehall Streets.
MEDLOCK PHARMACY, Lee and Gordon Streets.
WEST END PHARMACY, Lee and Gordon Streets.
JOHNSON SODA CO., 441 Whitehall Street.
WHITEHALL ICE CREAM CO., 284 Whitehall Street.
T. J. STEWART, Cooper and Whitehall Streets.
GREATER ATLANTA SODA CO., 209 Peachtree Street.
ADAMS & WISE DRUG STORE, Peachtree and Linden Streets.
TAYLOR BROS. DRUG CO., Peachtree and Tenth Streets.
TAYLOR BROS. DRUG CO., West Peachtree and Howard Streets.
CRYSTAL SODA CO., Luckie and Broad Streets.
ELKIN DRUG CO., Peachtree and Marietta Streets.
ELKIN DRUG CO., Grand Theater Building.
JACOBS' PHARMACY, Alabama and Whitehall Streets.

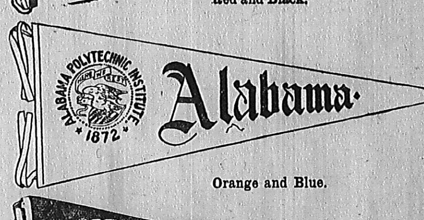
Out-of-Town Dealers:

BENNETT BROS., 1409 Newcastle Street, Brunswick, Ga.
JOE N. BURNETT, 413-A King Street, Charleston, S. C.
REX VINING, Dalton, Ga.
ORA LYONS, Griffin, Ga.
THE GEORGIAN CAFE, East Clayton Street, Athens, Ga.
M. & W. CIGAR COMPANY, East Clayton Street, Athens, Ga.
COLLEGE CAFE, Broad and College Streets, Athens, Ga.
ORR DRUG CO., East Clayton Street, Athens, Ga.
BOSTON CAFE, North College Avenue, Athens, Ga.
SUNDAY AMERICAN BRANCH OFFICE, 165 East Clayton Street, Athens, Ga.
ROME BOOK STORE COMPANY, Rome, Ga.
CHEROKEE NEWS STAND, Rome, Ga.
H. K. EVERETT, Calhoun, Ga.

The Hearst's Sunday American Pennants are durably made in fast colors, with heavily embossed, felted letters. Each of them will artistically reproduce the colors and the seal or mascot of some great university or college.



Red and Black.



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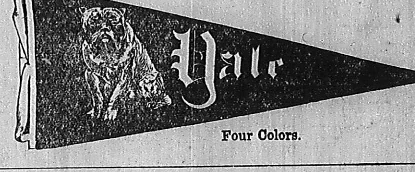

Four Colors.

Look for the Pennant Coupon in next Sunday's issue of

HEARST'S SUNDAY AMERICAN

CRACKERS DEFEAT TURTLES

BASEBALL

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

VOL. XI. NO. 246. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913. 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

FINAL★

BURNSAGENT OUTLINES PHAGAN THEORY

Famous Detective's Aid, C. W. Tobie, Issues First Statement on Work in Slaying Case.

C. W. Tobie, manager of the criminal department of the W. J. Burns Detective Agency, Monday made public his theory of the murder of Mary Phagan. For the first time the man who is representing Burns in Atlanta's greatest mystery until the noted detective arrived consented to see reporters.

Tobie's theory is that Mary Phagan was murdered inside the National Pencil plant, by some one familiar with the premises, and that her body was dragged to the basement for purposes of concealment and probably destruction. He scouted the idea she was killed on the outside and dragged inside, and declared that too much buncombe has been given out by men who have only muddled the waters.

While no new arrests are expected immediately, Tobie declared the mystery is not at all impossible of solution, and that the guilty man will be apprehended in due time. Meanwhile, he promised to issue statements telling the progress made from time to time.

Burns Expert's Theory.

Here is Tobie's theory as he outlined it to a Georgian reporter today:

Mary Phagan, while in the pencil factory, was approached by some one who made an improper proposal. She resented it and the man asked her to remain silent. She refused, saying she would report the affair to the proper authorities, and the man struck her, hurling her against a machine, the impact causing the skull wound.

Seeing the injury he had inflicted, the assailant became desperate. If the girl revived she would tell the story of the assault and he would be sentenced to the penitentiary. Actual murder and prompt disposition of the body offered the only possible escape, and this he concluded to do. He completed his work by tying a cord around the 14-year-old girl's neck and strangling her.

Intended to Burn Body.

The body was then taken to the basement of the factory, Tobie thinks, because the murderer intended to incinerate it.

There was no fire in the furnace, or not enough, or time was too short. The next possible ruse was to manufacture evidence that the murder had been committed on the outside and the body dragged in. The guilty man then pulled a staple out of the back basement door and dragged the body to make it appear it had been brought in from the outside.

"The door was opened from the inside," said Tobie. "All the abrasions on the inside, and all the evidence points to the fact the door was ... from the inside. The murder ... committed by some one familiar with the factory, one who had probably worked there, and the body was taken to the factory basement to hide the crime. The note found there was written for this purpose, also."

Big Developments Rumored.

Hurried conferences Monday at noon between Solicitor Dorsey and Chief of Detectives Lanford and then later between Chief Lanford and Pinkerton Detective Harry Scott led to persistent reports about the police station that important developments in the Phagan case were expected during the afternoon.

Neither of the officials, however, would divulge the nature of the conferences, further than to declare that "we were merely going over evidence in the case."

Notwithstanding this reticence, however, the two conferences, one directly following the other, caused the

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

Council Overrides Woodward's Veto of Exoneration Report

Mayor Woodward's veto of the Council Committee's report exonerating Fire Chief W. B. Cummings of graft charges and vindicating the conduct of the Fire Department, was unanimously overruled at the Council meeting Monday afternoon.

This action was taken following the reading of Mr. Woodward's message, in which he declared, despite the investigating committee's report, that, in his opinion, the charges were correct.

A section of the mayor's veto read: "All of the accusations made by me were absolutely correct. There can be no excuse for violating a city law, as has been proven in the Fire Chief's case and that of the Fire Department."

At Monday's meeting the Council sustained the Mayor's veto of the dog muzzling ordinance by a vote of 15 to 9.

The Council adopted a resolution approving the Whitehall regrading scheme, and requested the Finance Committee to provide $30,000 to begin this work. Provision for an ultimate expenditure of $100,000 was made, of which $17,000 has already been subscribed by property owners along the section of the street to be effected.

Mr. Hearst Guest At Luncheon Given By Robt. F. Maddox

Robert F. Maddox gave a luncheon in honor of William Randolph Hearst at the Capital City Club Monday at 1 o'clock.

The luncheon was informal, and was arranged to give Mr. Hearst an opportunity to become acquainted with representative men of Atlanta business and professional circles.

Among the guests were Governor-elect John M. Slaton, P. S. Arkwright, W. L. Peel, W. H. Kiser, F. J. Paxon, Forrest Adair, H. C. Worthen, John E. Murphy, James H. Nunnally, Hugh Murray, J. R. Gray, F. S. Ellis, Clark Howell, Jr., John S. Cohen, W. H. Brittain, J. K. Orr, Henry S. Johnson, Walter Rich, W. T. Gentry, Dr. W. S. Elkin, Thomas B. Felder, John W. Grant, Clifford L. Anderson, Judge W. T. Newman, W. W. Orr and Guy Barham, Los Angeles.

Fire in City Hall Basement; Smoke Routs Workers

Fire broke out in the basement of the City Hall at noon Monday and in a few minutes the whole building was so flooded with smoke that all work had to be suspended.

It started in the room where the health department's fumigating liquid and the gasoline supply are kept and for a brief time threatened to be serious.

The fire department soon put the flames out, but the calling out of all the nearby companies on account of the central location of the fire created considerable excitement in the streets and a great crowd gathered.

Governor Johnson Signs Anti-Jap Bill

SACRAMENTO, May 19.—Governor Johnson to-day signed the alien land bill.

The bill goes into effect August 19.

The Governor had intended to delay signing the bill for several days longer, but word came from Washington that President Wilson was waiting only on the California's Executive before submitting the United States reply to the Japanese protest.

Reply to Japan Goes To-night.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—On receipt of the information that Governor Johnson had signed the anti-lien land bill, Secretary of State Bryan said that he probably would cable the reply of the United States to the Japanese protest to Tokio to-night, at the same time supplying Ambassador Chinda with a copy. The secretary added, however, that he would await official inforamtion that Governor Johnson had signed the bill before transmitting the reply.

If you have anything to sell advertise in The Sunday American. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in the South.

OLD GUARDS REPORT TO TUNE OF 'DIXIE'

Thousands Cheer Famous Gate City Boosters on Peaceful Invasion of Northern Cities.

With unlimited enthusiasm, wearing brand-new uniforms but the old Atlanta smile, the Old Guard of Atlanta marched from the Piedmont to the Terminal Station Monday and at 11:30 o'clock started in a special train on the long jaunt to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

In the procession from the hotel to the Terminal Station the guard got a rousing reception, hundreds lining the streets and hundreds from skyscraper windows acclaiming with hand clapping and cheering. Above the music—always "Dixie" and "Sewanee River"—could be heard voices imploring the Old Guard to "Tell 'em about Atlanta."

"Old Guards? Why, they walk like young roosters," was the comment of one enthusiastic citizen.

Eager to Boost Atlanta.

Themselves bubbling over with the Atlanta spirit, the Old Guard members left looking forward to a good time for themselves and good advertising for their home town.

"We'll do everything on earth we can to boost the town," said C. P. Byrd, first lieutenant of Company A. "Atlanta first, last and always is the motto of the Old Guard. I think this is as big an advertisement for Atlanta as the Shriners' convention will be."

"Everybody knows the Atlanta spirit that permeates us all, but they will know it better before we get back," said P. F. Clarke, first lieutenant of Company B.

Colonel J. F. Burke, commander, gave out the following interview:

Big Time in Boston.

"The big time will be at the banquet in Boston, after we, a Southern battalion, have escorted the Union veterans over their own city. I will be one of the speakers at the banquet, and I intend to tell them something. I intend to answer, in the proper way, the old statement that the South was lacking in patriotism, and to bring out certain points of history that have not been made as prominent as they should be."

"We'll fight for Atlanta," said H. M. Beutell.

Edmund W. Martin said: "We are going to do our best to please our friends, the Yankees, to astonish them with our friendship and invite them down here. Keep alive the memories of the past, and peace at present—those are my sentiments."

"I'm going to do my darndest to keep this shako on my head," said Tom H. Pitt.

"I'll back the boys up in anything they do, and 'insure' them a fine trip," said Colonel George M. Hone.

Atlanta to the Front.

Sergeant Frank Ridge left determined to do any old thing to keep Atlanta to the front. "Me, too," said W. E. Hancock, first sergeant of Company A.

"I'll leave the Old Guard at New York and take a trip up the Hudson to see some friends," said W. S. Lounsbury. "I will go to the Peekskills and see my mother, who is the best friend I have."

Captain W. M. Crumley, of the colonel's staff, put it this way: "We are going to give them just as hot a time up there as they gave us in Virginia 50 years ago."

And this is what Ben Lee Crew, the color bearer, intends to do: "That big white banner with the gold fringe weighs 40 pounds, so I am going to boost Atlanta with 40 pounds of steam. Atlanta will be heard from."

Four members of the Old Guard have been selected as the orators for

Continued on Page Two, Column 4.

RACING

RESULTS.

AT PIMLICO.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Springmass, 101 (Connolly), 15.70, 8.40, 6.50, won; Tom Holland 103 (Snyder), field included Touch Be, ExCalibur, Lothario and Hammon Pass, 12.40, 6.20, second; Montcalm 103 (Turner), 5.10, third. Time 1:15. Patrick S., Lucky George, Fanchette, Golliwogg, Blue Crest, Sidon, Touch Me., ExCalibur, Lothario, Hanmon Pass also ran.

Second—Selling, four-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Water Wells 103 (Wolf), 47:10, 22.50, 14.10, won; Toddling 112 (Butwell), 7.40, 5.90; Jack Nunnally 108 (C. Moller), 5.30. Time, 1:15. Also ran: Miss Moments, Theo. Cook, York Lad, Vigorous, Queen Bee and Cherry Seed.

THIRD—Six furlongs: Oliver Lodge 105 (J. Wilson), 3.80, 2.30, 2.10, won; Sandvale 103 (Ferguson), 2.50, 2.30, second; Battery 100 (Turner), 2.60, third. Time 1:15 2-5. L'Aiglon (unseated rider) Golden Vale also ran.

FOURTH—Steeplechase, two miles: Jesuit, 149 (Heidler), 4:40, 3:30, 2:70; Lizzie Flat, 142 (J. Henderson), 3:30. Time, 3:43 4-5. Also ran: Thistledale, Irene Gummell and Tom Cat.

FIFTH—Mile and forty yards: Napier, 108 (Wilson), 7:10, 3:00 and 2:80, won; My Fellow, 107 (Turner), 3:30, 2:70; Daingerfield, 104 (R. Hoffman), 3:90. Time, 1:46 4-5.

AT LOUISVILE.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Anna Patricia 107 (Henry), 6.20, 3.10, 2.40, won; Theresa Gill 105 (Goose), 2.50, 2.10, second; Billy Holder 105 (Borel), 6.10, third. Time 1:14 2-5. Dr. Jackson, L. H. Adair, Star Berta, Weyanoke, Beulah S., Vigilant, World's Wonder, Santander, Gologist, Silk Day and Gerrard also ran.

SECOND—4½ furlongs: Robinetta 115 (Henry), 3.10, 2.90, 3.00, won; Dainty Mint 105 (Hanover), 6.00, 4.40, second; Big Lumax 100 (Andress), 13.40, third. Time :55 1-5. Ootaska, Mary Pickford, Aunt Mamie, LaValletta, Yankee Tree also ran.

THIRD—Five and a half furlongs: Caughhill, 107 (Loftus), 2:20, 2:20, 2:10, won; Gowell, 98 (McCabe), 2:20, 2:40; Sonna, 107 (Vandusen), 2:60. Time, 1:12 4-5. Also ran: Priwir, Billy Collins and High Private.

FOURTH—Little Nephew, 119 (Loftus), 7:10, 2:60, won; Old Rosebud, 118 (McCabe), 2:30, out; Black Toney, 118 (Gans), out. Time, :53. Also ran: Pebeco and Brig's Brother.

FIFTH—Mile: Prince Hermis, 98 (McCabe), 10:60, 4.60 and 2:90, won; Polly D., 101 (Buxton), 7:10, 2:70; Strenuous, 98 (Karrick), 2:30. Time, 1:40 4-5.

ENTRIES.

AT PIMLICO.

FIRST—Two year olds; 5 furlongs: bGarl 122, bGregg 112, Single Stick 109, Cento 112, Scarlet Letter 109, cBeau Pere 09, cExecutor 109, Fathom 112.

(b)—Holland entry. (c)—Parr entry.

SECOND—Selling; three year olds and up; 6 furlongs: Yorkville 113, Glint 108, xHoney Bee 100, Magazine 125, Scallywag 110, Progressive 108, Votes 108, xFred Levy 103, xUnion Jack 113.

THIRD—Preakness handicap; three year olds; 1⅛ miles: dVirile 103, dStar Gaze 98, fHorron 122, fKleburne 111, Buskin 117, Cadeau 108, Lohengrin 106, Flabbergast 108, Cogs 106, Flying Fairy 102, Barnegat 104, Monocacy 114.

(d)—Davis entry. (f)—Turner entry.

FOURTH—Consolation steeplechase; four year olds and up; 2 miles: Lena 143, Penobscot 135, Son of the Wind 138, Killarney 133, Exemplar 142, Juverence 147, Water Speed 149, Shannon River 142.

FIFTH—Selling; three year olds and up; 1 1-16 miles: Elwah 100, Absconder 97, Towton Field 108, xBlackford 97, Colonel Cook 104, Amalfi 100.

SIXTH—Selling; three year olds and up; mile and 40 yards: xOrowoc 104, Little Ep 108, xDeborah 84, Rock Fish 101, Camel 103, xClem Beachy 106, McCreary 108, Mollie S 109, Hans Creek 103, Mileage 106, Skibbereen 101, xSchaller 109, Horace E 110, Star Gift 106, Moltke 111, xCloud Chief 103.

x—Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear. Track fast.

AT LOUISVILLE.

FIRST—Selling, four-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Wilhite 108, Ethelda 108, Mack B. Eubanks 108, John D. Wakefield 108, The Reach 108, Blue Thistle 108, All Red 110, Dr. Waldo Briggs 110, Swiss 110, Amoret 110, Jabot 110, Congressman James 111, Billy Barnes 113, Ben Lasca 113, Hanly 113.

SECOND—Purse, two-year-old maidens, 5 furlongs: Bano Jim 110, Bandit 110, Tonybee 110, Sosius 113, Big Spirit 113, J. B. Maylow 113, Harry L. 113, Elandro 113, Mac 113, Boots and Saddle 118.

THIRD—Three-year-olds and up, the Plumbers' purse, 6 furlongs: Semprite 112, Deetrich 104, Silver Bill 104, Flying Tom 104, McCorkle 107, Panzareta 107, Hobnob 107, Leochares 109, Yankee Notions 112.

FOURTH—Three-year-olds and up, Churchill Downs purse, handicap, mile and one-eighth: Any Port 100, Creme DeMenthe 100, White Wool 102, Gowell 103, Yankee Notion 105, Manager Mack 106, Princess Callaway 112, Flora Fina 113, Rudolfo 115.

FIFTH—Selling, two-year-olds, 5 furlongs: xJudge Gheens 92, Caution 97, Ruby Hyams 99, Chas. Cannell 100, May L. 101, Meshach 104, xBrave Cunarder 105, Barbara Lane 105, Frances M. 105, Old Trump 105, Pebeto 105, Lindar 106, Tiktok 106, Destino 106, Hyki 108.

SIXTH—Three-year-olds and up, mile and 70 yards, selling: Marshon 91, Clinton 97, Kingling 97, Capt. Heck 100, Ursula Emma 105, Syzygy 105, Al Bloch 106, Love Day 106, Bit of Fortune 107, Wander 110, Melton Street 113, Mockler 114.

xApprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track heavy.

If you have anything to sell advertise in The Sunday American. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in the South.

BASEBALL

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

AT BUFFALO—

PROVIDENCE— 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3-4 6 3

BUFFALO— 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1 5 3

Keisigle and Kocher; Cadore and Gowdy. Umpires, Mullin and Cross.

AT ROCHESTER—

NEWARK— 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0- 2 6 2

ROCHESTER— 1 1 1 4 1 2 0 0 X-10 15 1

Barger and McCarthy; Hughes and Williams. Umpires, Hayes and Nallin.

AT TORONTO—

BALTIMORE— 1 0 0 3 0 2 2 0 0 -8 10 2

TORONTO— 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 -5 8 3

McTigue and Egan; Lush and Graham. Umpires, Bierhalter and Carpenter.

Jersey City-Monereal, no game; rain.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

AT MACON—

COLUMBUS— 0 1 1 0 0 0 . . . - . . .

MACON— 0 0 0 1 0 2 . . . - . . .

Baker and Krebs; Thackam and Swansi. Umpires, Glatz and Pender.

AT ALBANY—

SAVANNAH— 0 1 3 6 . . . . . - . . .

ALBANY— 3 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

Dugglesby and Colby; Adams and Geibel. Umpire, Barr.

AT CHARLESTON.

JACKSONVILLE— 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 . - . . .

CHARLESTON— 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 . - . . .

Stewart and Smith; Foster and Menefee. Umpire, Moran.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

AT MILWAUKEE—

TOLEDO— 0 0 0 3 0 . . . . - . . .

MILWAUKEE— 0 6 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .

AT KANSAS CITY—

INDIANAPOLIS— 0 2 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

KANSAS CITY— 2 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

AT ST. PAUL—

COLUMBUS— 0 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

ST. PAUL— 0 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

Politics Enter Into Sunday School Move, Secretary Charges

Political by-play was charged as inspiring the effort now being made to transfer the Sabbath School and Sabbath School extension work from the Board of Publication to the Home Mission branch of the United Presbyterian Church at the assembly's session Monday afternoon, by W. B. Smiley, secretary of the board.

Mr. Smiley's charges came when a motion was made to reaffirm the action of last year's assembly in taking steps to make the transfer. The motion was in the form of a report read by Dr. W. J. Reed, chairman of the Sabbath School committee. In denying Mr. Smiley's charge, Dr. Reed declared that the committee had found from investigation that the secretary and the board had not proven competent managers of the work. The action on the matter was postponed until Tuesday.

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TURTLES . . . . 000 010 100 - 2

CRACKERS . . . . 002 100 00x - 3

TURTLES—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Love, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Baerwald, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Schweitzer, lf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ward, 3b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Abstein, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Butler ss	4	2	2	2	4	0
Shanley, 2b	2	0	0	2	1	0
Seabaugh, c	4	0	1	6	1	0
Kissinger, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	31	2	5	24	12	0

CRACKERS—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Long, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bailey, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Alperman, 2b	4	0	0	4	2	0
Welchonce, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Smith, 3b	3	0	1	0	2	0
Bisland, ss	3	1	1	1	2	0
Agler, 1b	2	0	0	8	0	0
Graham, c	3	1	1	11	4	0
Musser, p	3	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	29	8	6	27	10	0

SUMMARY:

Two-base hit—Butler. Home runs—Bisland, Butler. Struck out—By Musser, 6; by Kissinger, 5. Base on balls—Off Musser, 3; off Kissinger, 1. Stolen bases—Baerwald, Long, Butler, Seabaugh. Wild pitch—Kissinger.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

AT NASHVILLE—

NEW ORLEANS . . . . 0 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

NASHVILLE . . . . 2 0 0 0 . . . . . - . . .

Swindell and Angemeier; Williams and Ludwig. Umpires, Stockdale and Fisfield.

AT BIRMINGHAM—

MOBILE . . . . 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 . - . . .

BIRMINGHAM . . . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 . - . . .

Robertson and Schmidt; Thompson and Mayer. Umpires, Rudderham and Breitenstein.

AT CHATTANOOGA—

MONTGOMERY . . . . . . 1 1 1 0 0 0 2 . . - . . .

CHATTANOOGA . . . . . 2 0 1 0 0 2 0 . . - . . 2

Bagby and Donahue; Somers and Street. Umpires, Kerin and Wright.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

AT NEW YORK—

PITTSBURG . . . . 100 000 000 0 0 1 0- . . .

NEW YORK . . . . 000 100 000 0 0 1 0- . . .

Camnitz and Simon; Marquard and Meyers. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

AT BOSTON—

CINCINNATI . . . . 0 1 0 5 1 1 0 0 1 - 9 12 4

BOSTON . . . . 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 5 0 - 8 9 3

Benton and Clark; Tyler and Raridon. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

AT BROOKLYN—

ST. LOUIS . . . . 000 100 0 0 0 0 0 - 1 8 2

BROOKLYN . . . . 000 001 0 0 0 0 1 - 2 8 0

Griner and McLean; Rucker and Yingling and Miller. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

AT PHILADELPHIA—

CHICAGO . . . . 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 - 4 8 4

PHILADELPHIA . . . . . . 0 0 6 2 0 2 0 0 X -10 11 2

Lavender and Archer; Brennan and Killifer. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AT CLEVELAND—

WASHINGTON . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 - 1 5 0

CLEVELAND . . . . 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 X - 4 10 2

Cashion, Engle and Ainsmith; Falkenberg and Carisch. Umpires, Dineen and Hart.

AT ST. LOUIS—

NEW YORK . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .

ST. LOUIS . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 . . . . - . . .

Fisher and Sweeney; Wellman and Agnew. Umpires, Hildebrand and Evans.

AT DETROIT—

PHILADELPHIA . . . . . . 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 3 6 0

DETROIT . . . . 1 0 4 0 1 0 3 0 X - 9 10 1

Wyckoff and Thomas; Willett and Stanage. Umpires, Connolly and McGreevy.

AT CHICAGO—

BOSTON . . . . 1 2 0 1 6 0 0 0 . -10 9 0

CHICAGO . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . - 1 7 5

Wood and Nunnamaker; Scott and Easterly. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Ferguson.

MUSSER AND KISSINGER IN SLAB DUEL

Crackers Sctore Two Runs in Third Inning; Bisland and Butler Hit Homers.

PONCE DE LEON BALL PARK, May 19.—The Crackers trimmed the Turtles here this afternoon by a score of 3 to 2.

Bisland and Butle rsecured home runs in the early part of the game.

Musser and Kissinger hooked up in a pitchers' duel.

THE GAME.

FIRST INNING.

Love fanned. Baerwald went out, Bisland to Agler. Schreiber went out over the same route. NO RUNS.

Long and Bailey fanned. Alperman went out, short to first. NO RUNS.

SECOND INNING.

Ward filed to deep left. Abstein fouled to catcher. Butler also fouled to catcher. NO RUNS.

Welchonce went out to Kissinger unassisted. Smith singled to left. Bisland popped out to the catcher. Smith out trying to steal, Seabaugh to Butler. NO RUNS.

THIRD INNING.

Shanley out, Smith to Agler. Seabaugh and Kissinger fanned. NO RUNS.

Agler popped to third. Graham hit a slow one through the pitcher and beat it out. Musser bunted to pitcher and beat it out and Graham went to second. Long fanned. Graham went to third and Musser to second. Bailey singled to center field and Graham and Musser scored. Alperman grounded to third and forced Bailey at second. TWO RUNS.

FOURTH INNING.

Love popped out to Bisland. Baerwald singled to center. Baerwald stole second and third. Schweitzer walked. Ward grounded to Smith and Baerwald was out in a chase, Smith to Graham to Musser. Schweitzer went to third and Ward to second on the play. Abstein popped to Alperman. NO RUNS.

Welchonce grounded out, Butler to Abstein. Smith grounded out, Shanley to Abstein. Bisland smashed out a homer to deep left center. Agler filed out to Baerwald. ONE RUN.

FIFTH INNING.

Butler knocked a home run to deep left. Shanley filed out to Welchonce. Seabaugh grounded out in front of the plate, Graham to Agler. Kissinger fanned. ONE RUN.

Graham popped out to Butler. Musser fanned. Long singled past first and stole second. Bailey fanned. NO RUNS.

SIXTH INNING.

Love singled to center. Baerwald popped out to Alperman. Schweitzer filed out to Welchonce. Ward grounded out, Shanley to Abstein. NO RUNS.

Alperman popped to Butler. Welchonce grounded out, Ward to Abstein. Smith grounded out, Butler to Abstein. NO RUNS.

SEVENTH INNING.

Abstein grounded out, Graham to Agler. Butler doubled to center and stole third. Shanley walked. Seabaugh singled to center and Butler scored, Shanley going to third. Kissinger fanned. Seabaugh stole second. Love grounded out, Alperman to Agler. ONE RUN.

Bisland grounded out, Kissinger to Abstein. Agler walked. Graham grounded to Ward, who relayed the ball to Shanley at second, forcing Agler. Musser grounded out, Kissinger to Abstein. NO RUNS.

EIGHTH INNING.

Baerwald fanned. Schweitzer walked. Schweitzer out trying to steal second, Graham to Alperman. Ward grounded to Alperman. NO RUNS.

Long grounded out, Ward to Abstein. Bailey out, Butler to Abstein. Alperman filed to Baerwald. NO RUNS.

NINTH INNING.

Abstein out, Alperman to Agler. Butler fanned. Shanley was hit by a pitched ball.

Shanley out stealing.

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CHARGE OF HERESY STIRS NORTHERN PRESBYTERIANS

Teachings of the Union Theological Seminary Severely Attacked in Report to the Assembly.

Charges that heretical teachings are being spread by Union Theological Seminary, of New York, confronted the commissioners of the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at their session Monday afternoon.

The accusations were contained in one of the minority reports, already printed in The Georgian, of the special committee on the re-establishing of relations between the church and the seminary. The report was signed by Rev. F. C. Montfort, D. D., of Cincinnati.

The new theology was most vigorously attacked in the following paragraph of Dr. Montfort's report:

A theology which denies the supernatural; that regards sin not as the result of an 'abrupt transformation' or the fall, but as 'the survival of the animal in man,' and salvation 'not as an act,' but as 'a process rooted as sin is, in the nature of man,' that regards Christ 'not as God and man,' but as 'God in man' and 'a type to which all men are ultimately destined to conform,' and which acknowledges as man's supreme authority not the Scriptures, but the 'lightt hat is in him,' is not the theology of the Westminster Confession nor of the Presbyterian Church.

The Northern Assembly had been stirred by the charges that politics had brought about the election of Dr. John T. Stone as moderator. Dr. Stone at the beginning of the morning session took occasion to reply in a dignified manner, asking that all personalities be laid aside and that if any mistake had been made that it be overlooked.

The most pretentious plan for the amalgamation of the Presbyterian Churches of America was made public before the Northern Assembly. It proposed a union of all the family of Presbyterian Churches. Other proposals which have received indorsement have embraced the union of two or three of the branches. None before has ventured to suggest for actual consideration the union of all.

"Elect Infant Clause" to Stand.

The majority of the committee reported that prospects were favorable for a return to the former relations between the church and the seminary and that the directors of the institution appeared most willing to make all the changes desired by the representative of the Assembly. They asked that their committee be continued so that the work of reunion might be effected.

The committee having in hand the consideration of the "elect infant clause" reported to the Southern Assembly with the recommendation that the phrasing of the clause be let stand as it was.

Dr. Stone Makes Reply to His Critics.

The reply of Dr. John T. Stone to the cry of "politics" in his election as moderator and a new proposal for the federation of the Presbyterian churches of America were the important features of Monday's session of the Northern Assembly in the Baptist Tabernacle.

Dr. Stone deplored the introduction of personalities into the conferences of the Assembly, but would not comment at length on the charge that his election as a "dark horse" had been prearranged for six weeks before the meeting of the Assembly.

"If any have erred in judgment, let us overlook it; or, better still, look not at it," he admonished the commissioners. "I wish to state that all I have to say is that I believe in God, I believe in my brethren and I believe in doing my duty."

Deny Charges.

Dr. W. R. King, of Monmouth, Ill., who made the nominating speech in behalf of Dr. Stone, said in regard to the charge that politics had been played in the selection of the Chicago man:

"It is absolutely false. I nominated him simply and solely because I regarded him as the best man. There was no chicanery or trickery or political prearrangement of any sort. I wish to say that the story is the cruelest sort of an injustice, both to Dr. Stone and to the persons who assisted in choosing him to lead the deliberations of the Assembly."

W. T. Ellis, who seconded the nomination, said:

"If there is a particle of truth in the story that Dr. Stone's nomination was in any way prearranged, then, obviously, since we explicitly stated to the contrary, neither Dr. King nor myself is a gentleman or a sincere Christian. Therefore, the subject is out of the realm of discussion on my part."

Great Federation.

A federation of the entire family of Christian churches of America under a more general plan than any previously advanced, was approved at the Monday morning session of the Northern Assembly.

A round of applause greeted the proposition when it was placed before the Assembly by Dr. William H. Roberts, chairman of the special committee on church co-operation and union.

Dr. Roberts said that the plan was considered by his committee as much more effectual in bringing about a speedy union of the Presbyterian Churches than those which contemplate only the union of two of the branches, such as the Southern and United Assemblies or the Northern and the Reformed.

A motion to adopt the report of the committee and authorize representatives of the Northern Assembly to present the new scheme of federation to the other Assemblies at their sessions Tuesday, was carried by a unanimous standing vote of the Assembly.

Backs Fusion.

Impetus was given the movement for a general union of the Presbyterian churches of the nation by the brilliant address of President Whaling, of Columbia Theological Seminary, who appeared as a representative of the Southern Assembly.

"Time is bringing together the sundered parts of our great church," was the significant introduction to his speech, which in its entirety was a most forcible plea for the elimination of all the differences which have kept the church divided for more than a half century.

"The history and lineage of our church can never be divided," he continued. "There is no doctrinal gulf which our ecclesiastical engineers could not bridge. In spirit we are one. We should be so in fact."

Elect Infant Clause To Remain Unchanged.

The taking of the report of the permanent committee of systematic beneficence from the docket of the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church is anticipated with special interest. It is known that ten overtures have been presented to the Assembly from as many presbyteries touching this committee and that requests have been made for the full restoration of former powers of this committee.

During the Assembly of 1912 this committee was deprived of some of its power and seven members resigned.

The keenest interest was precipitated on the Assembly floor Monday when a second report touching the "elect infant clause" recommended that the deliverance of the Assembly of 1902 be reiterated; that the Scriptures warrant the belief that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that in view of this no recommendation regarding any change in the Confession of Faith be handed down to the presbyteries touching the "elect infant clause."

Dr. W. M. McPheeters, of Columbia, cautioned against the adoption of the report.

Speaking for the report of the committee of which he is chairman, Dr. T. S. Clyce said the Confession of Faith in its entirety suits him, but the passage conveying the teaching of the church on the election of infants is not clear; that the people are demanding a change of expression, many wanting it stricken from the confession.

The church, he said, gives forth the hope that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that it is the duty of the church to express that hope.

Speaking again, Dr. McPheeters urged that all reference to the Assembly of 1902 be stricken from the report of the committee and leave the report to recommend that no suggested amendment be sent down to the presbyteries on this question.

Difference of Opinion.

Remarks from a number of commissioners were heard; some speaking in favor of the report and others in favor of the amendment.

When the call for the question came, the vote was taken first on the amendment offered by Dr. McPheeters and the amendment was lost.

Before the vote on the report could be taken, Dr. J. M. Wells offered as a substitute to the report the recommendation that the whole of the "elect infant clause" be stricken from the Confession of Faith.

The vote was taken and the substitute was lost.

No recommendation for change in the "elect infant clause" is sent down to the presbyteries, and the Assembly reaffirmed the action of the Assembly of 1902.

The remainder of the session was devoted to addresses and reports.

United Church Takes Stand for Workingman.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church resumed its session Monday morning at 9 o'clock at the Central Presbyterian Church. The first report heard was that of the committee on reform. This was a special committee, composed of five members, three ministers and two elders, as follows: Rev. J. R. Jamieson, chairman; Rev. S. A. McCallon, Rev. R. M. McCracken, Elders John Brownlee and Peter Brotherton. Three papers had been referred to this committee, the report of the permanent committee on temperance and other reforms, report of committee on Sabbath reforms and a communication from the Federal Council of Christian Churches in America, relative to the exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

The report said that the committee finds much to encourage it in the review of conditions that confront the church to-day in civil, social, moral and religious life, and in various agencies employed in bettering conditions. They rejoice in the "enactment of the Webb-Kenyon interstate commerce bill in the closing days of the last Congress, and its passage over the veto of the President by an overwhelming vote by both branches of Congress, which was a severe blow to the liquor traffic and indicative of a nation-wide sentiment not even dreamed of by the most sanguine friends of temperance."

Grape Juice Diplomacy Praised.

They also rejoice in the attitude taken by the President, Vice President and Secretary of State in banishing liquors of all kinds from White House functions during the present administration.

The following recommendations were submitted:

1. Support of the following organizations and agencies is commended to the people. The National Reform Association, the Anti-Saloon League, the W. C. T. U. and the Lord's Day Alliance.

2. The efforts of the permanent committee on temperance in the Sabbath schools and young people's organizations is commended.

3. A recommendation that the Second World's Christian Citizenship Conference, to be held in Portland, Oreg., June 29 to July 6, be remembered in all prayers.

4. The city government and directors of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, are urged to adopt every possible means to prevent the exploitation of the exposition by commercialized vice, and to protect visitors from all evil influences.

5. Gratitude is expressed to God for the institution of the Sabbath, and for history's evidence of blessing upon the nations and individuals who have honored the Lord's Day.

6. The growing tendency toward a careless observance of the Sabbath by professing Christians is viewed with alarm, and a more aggressive policy in defense of it is urged.

7. The efforts of the National Reform Association to preserve in its purity the Sabbath is commended for support.

8. The national officials are urged to make all appropriations to the Panama-Pacific Exposition conditioned upon the exposition managers signing contracts to close said exposition on Sunday.

9. Congress is asked to pass stricter laws in the District of Columbia prohibiting all unnecessary work, theaters and games on the Lord's Day.

10. Fitting observance of Lord's Day Week, April 19 to 26, is urged.

11. It is recommended that unceasing war be waged by all cities and commonwealths against prostitution and the white slave traffic.

12. Bible reading is urged in all public schools.

The members of the committee put themselves on record as standing for:

For Workingman's Rights.

1. Equal rights and complete justice for all men in all stations of life. 2. Protection of the family by the single standard of purity, uniform divorce laws, proper regulation of marriage, and proper housing. 3. Abolition of child labor. 4. Such regulation of the conditions of toil as shall best safeguard the health and moral welfare of the community. 5. Protection of the individual and society from the social, economic and moral waste of the liquor traffic. 6. Suitable provision for the old age of workers and those incapacitated by injury. 7. Principle of conciliation and reconciliation in all industrial disputes. 8. A release from employment one day in seven. 9. The most equitable of the products of industry that can ultimately be devised.

The report was adopted and short speeches of fraternal greetings were delivered by Rev. Charles Parker, D. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., for the Reformed Church of America, and Rev. I. M. Kennedy, of Ora, S. C., for the A. R. P. Church.

The report on industrial reform stated that the last two years have been notable in the number of laws placed on the statute books by the workingman, and he is beginning to recast the Constitution and remold in a measure political platforms.

Dr. VanDyke Prepares To Defend His Son.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Dr. Henry VanDyke, author and clergyman, is preparing to make a vigorous defense of his son, Tertius VanDyke, who was ordained a Presbyterian minister yesterday, if the younger VanDyke is mentioned with others in heresy charges presented to the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at Atlanta, Ga.

When Rev. Mr. VanDyke was ordained at Brick Church yesterday, along with the other Union Theological Seminary graduates, Dr. VanDyke delivered a stirring sermon on heresy. He wept several times while speaking against heresy trials.

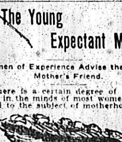
"If such things must be, let men (not boys) be the victims," he said. "If I refused the right hand of fellowship to these young followers of Jesus, I should be ashamed to look my Saviour in the face."

White City Park Now Open

To The Young Expectant Mother

Women of Experience Advise the Use of Mother's Friend.

There is a certain degree of trepidation in the minds of most women in regard to the subject of motherhood. The



longing to possess is often contradicted by the inherent fear of a period of distress.

But there need be no such dread in view of the fact that we have a most noble remedy in what is known as Mother's Friend. This is an external application that has a wonderful influence and control over the muscular tissues of the abdomen. By its daily use the muscles, cords, tendons and ligaments all gently expand without the slightest strain, there is no pain, no nausea, no nervousness, what was dreaded as a severe physical ordeal becomes a calm, serene, joyful anticipation that has its impress such as our foremost teachers of Eugenics are striving to drill into the minds of the present generation.

In almost every community there are women who have used Mother's Friend, and they are the ones that recovered quickly, conserved their health and strength to thus preside over families destined by every rule of physiology and the history of successful men and women to repeat the story of greater achievement.

Mother's Friend is prepared after the formula of a noted family doctor by the Bradfield Regulator Co., 138 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Write them for their instructive book to expectant mothers. You will find Mother's Friend on sale by all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 3, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Monday, May 19, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER June 3, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

Next Sunday's Coupons Will Count 30 Votes

OLD GUARD, TO TUNE OF DIXIE, MARCHES OFF TO NORTH

Continued From Page 1.

all occasions. They are Colonel J. F. Burke, Harrison Jones, J. R. Smith and W. S. Witham.

Only Four "Seventy-niners."

Mr. Witham, sometimes known as "Wall Street Witham, the Banking Trust," is also the poet and humorist of the Old Guard. He told his board of directors good-bye and went away, saying, "I'm the most important man in the whole Guard, for I am going to carry the big bass drum."

Only four "Seventy-niners"—those who made the trip 34 years ago—left on the present tour. They were Colonel J. F. Burke, C. P. Byrd, P. F. Clarke and Chief W. B. Cummings.

The Old Guard members wore their resplendent full dress uniform, which was never on parade before. It consists of broadcloth, moleskin jackets, navy blue trousers with white and gold stripes, gold epaulets, Hungarian shakos and real swords. Every gold button bears the inscription, "Old Guard—Gate City Guard, 1855," and every sword has the engraving, "Old Guard, Georgia."

At the Terminal a crowd estimated at 1,500 gathered to cheer the Old Guard on their way. The Guard assembled on the plaza and posed for moving pictures. Then they told their friends good-bye, wiped the perspiration off their brows and at 11:30 started on the invasion of the East.

Washington First Stop.

Here is their complete itinerary:

Arrive in Washington, 7 a. m., May 20. Leave 8 a. m., May 21.

Arrive in Baltimore 9 a. m., May 21. Leave 8 a. m., May 22.

Arrive in Philadelphia 10:30 a. m., May 22. Leave 12:40 p. m., May 24.

Arrive in New York 3 p. m., May 24. Leave 3 p. m., May 28.

Arrive in Boston 9 p. m., May 28. Leave Boston 6 p. m., May 30, over the Fall River Line, arriving in New York 7 a. m., May 31.

Leave New York at 3 p. m., May 31, over the Ocean Steamship Line, arriving in Savannah 6 a. m., June 3.

Leave Savannah 8 p. m., June 3, and arrive in Atlanta, Central of Georgia station, at 6:25 a. m., June 4.

Several women left on the Old Guard special, among them being Mrs. A. McD. Wilson and daughter, Mrs. Peter F. Clark, Mrs. W. A. Graham, Mrs. Henry Beerman and daughter, and Mrs. Hancock.

Among the sixty-eight men were the following:

Men Making Trip.

Officers—Colonel J. F. Burke, Captain and Quartermaster Bolling H. Jones, Captain and Commander A. McD. Wilson.

Staff—Captain W. M. Crumley and Dr. E. L. Connally.

First Company—First Lieutenant Charles P. Byrd and Second Lieutenant John W. Murrell.

Second Company—Captain F. J. Cooledge, First Lieutenant P. F. Clarke and Second Lieutenant A. H. Davis.

Non-commissioned Staff—Color Sergeant Ben Lee Crew, Color Sergeant F. T. Ridge, Color Corporal E. L. Bergstrom and Color Corporal W. P. Andrews.

Non-commissioned Line Officers—First sergeant, First Company, W. E. Hancock; first sergeant, Second Company, Harrison Jones; second sergeant, First Company, W. O. Wilson, and second sergeant, Second Company, F. M. Berry.

Privates—W. A. Austell, A. M. Bancker, H. Bleckley, H. C. Beerman, H. M. Beutell, J. H. Buesse, W. M. Camp, P. B. Green, C. J. Gavan, Dr. W. A. Graham, Henry H. Hirsch, W. A. Haygood, W. L. Hancock, George Harrington, Lucien L. Harris, Jr., W. S. Lounsbury, W. V. McMillen, Samuel Meyer, Jr., G. H. Morrow, Thomas H. Pitts, W. M. Stephenson, H. F. Scott, J. R. Smith, C. C. Thomas, M. L. Thrower, Edward L. Wight, Herbert L. Wiggs, W. S. Witham, A. J. West, W. Woods White, C. E. Winn and G. H. Yancey, Jr.

A PROFESSOR OF BANKING.

CAMBRIDGE, May 19.—The first occupant of the Edmund Cogswell Converse professorship of banking and finance at Harvard is to be Oliver M. W. Sprague, the well-known Harvard economist and banking expert. The graduate school of business administration will be established next year as a separate faculty.

'Dixie Girls' Charm Stage Asset' Gladys Hanson Counsels Friends Famous Actress Loves Atlanta

Miss Gladys Hanson.

Returns Home for Rest After New York Triumph in Belasco's 'The Governor's Lady.'

"I love Atlanta. The thing which pleases me most about my success is that it has pleased my Atlanta friends."

Miss Gladys Hanson Snook, one of the most beautiful actresses Atlanta has given the New York stage, fresh from triumphs as one of the leading players in David Belasco's production of "The Governor's Lady," thus expressed Monday her loyalty to her home city.

She is at her home, 103 Cleburne Avenue, for a month's rest after her metropolitan engagement. This summer she sails for Europe, returning only in time for the New York opening of the play in which she added to her fame this past season.

"Many of my Atlanta girl friends are anxious to attempt a stage career, and already they are calling on me," Miss Hanson has told Atlanta friends. "They start with well wishes and congratulations and personal chat, but always the conversation works around to the question, 'What chance would I have?'

"Southern Girls Have Charm."

"I may as well answer them all at once. Atlanta girls who have any talent for acting will find the stage no more difficult, but certainly no more easy, than any other profession. Indeed, I think the Atlanta girls stand a little better chance of real success than girls from other sections.

"Southern girls have a charm, which is the birthright of Dixie, and which managers are quick to recognize. Then the famous 'Atlanta spirit' is not limited, I feel sure, to the men who are making the city famous. This spirit of enterprise, of perseverance in the face of obstacles, and the habit of succeeding should help Atlanta's daughters as well as her sons.

"Sometimes I think, though, that the rewards of the stage are hardly enough to compensate for living away from Atlanta. This is a dear, beautiful city; I always want to get back."

Boy Near Death in Fall Into a Sewer

Three-year-old Isaac Janko, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Janko, of 127 Cooper Street, fell 18 feet into a catch basin on Cooper Street Sunday afternoon and would have perished had not the accident been observed by John P. Burns, of 123 Cooper Street.

Burns clambered down into the sewer, where he found the child lying, unconscious, in the shallow water at the bottom.

The boy was taken to Cooper Hospital, 88 Cooper Street, and is in a serious condition.

Burns suffered painful, but not serious, injuries.

BURNS THEORY IN PHAGAN CASE OUTLINED

Famous Detective's Aide Scouts Idea That Girl Was Slain Outside Factory.

Continued From Page 1.

general belief that they were significant and that some new plan was being determined.

More Arrests Are Denied.

It was positively denied by the trio of officers, however, that any new arrests were to be made.

"I don't know who it would be," replied Chief Lanford when asked a direct question.

The first conference was held when Solicitor Dorsey summoned Chief Lanford to his office. The two were closeted for nearly an hour. Then Chief Lanford called Detective Scott to the police station. The Pinkerton man, when he arrived, declared he had no idea what the chief should want with him. He and the chief were behind closed doors for fully an hour or more.

"We have merely been looking over the evidence in a general way," said both officers when they emerged from the office.

Asked as to the nature of his conference with the Solicitor, Chief Lanford made the same reply.

"We were just going over the evidence," he said.

No Friction, Chief Asserts.

Chief Lanford also denied that there had been any friction among the officials over the work on the mystery, or that the conferences had any bearing along this line. As to a report that he had withheld evidence from the Solicitor, Chief Lanford said:

"I don't remember of having withheld any evidence. Mr. Dorsey didn't ask me anything about this report at all."

The Solicitor and the Pinkertons have held no conferences. Detective Scott makes reports to Chief Lanford and these are submitted to the Solicitor.

Detective Scott said Monday that he still has five men at work on the mystery, but refused to discuss any particular line on which they are working.

Colonel Thomas B. Felder announced Monday morning that he had received word from William J. Burns that he would arrive in America before June 1 and would probably be on the scene of the Phagan slaying before that date.

Colonel Felder said the great detective had taken an unusual interest in the Phagan mystery and he would not be surprised to hear from him in America any day soon.

"Burns is more interested in this case than I have known him to be in another," said Colonel Felder. "I am advised that he will hasten his return from Europe on this account and be in America some days before June 1. He will, of course, come direct to Atlanta.

"The meantime developments since his investigator has been here are more than satisfactory. The Burns detective convinced Mr. Dorsey Sunday afternoon that he had touched upon heretofore overlooked evidence of importance, and in his report today we expect valuable information."

Search Grows More Active.

With investigation into the mystery more active Monday than it has been at any time during the last two weeks, the Solicitor was hopeful that important developments would be made during the day.

The special representative of the Burns agency was reported to have struck upon an important and heretofore overlooked clew that throws a new light on the case. He will make a definite report at 11 o'clock this morning at the office of the Solicitor, when it is not unlikely some announcement will be made.

Leo M. Frank, the factory superintendent, received a large number of visitors at his cell in the Tower Sunday. He would not discuss the case, or even comment on it. He said his health was fine and he had accustomed himself to the daily routine in prison.

The examination of the handwriting of the negro, James Connolly, held at the police station in connection with the murder of Mary Phagan, failed to connect him with writing the notes found near the slain girl's body in the basement of the pencil factory, according to City Detective John Black, Monday morning. The detective said that unless the negro could be connected with the crime in this way there was nothing against him.

White City Park Now Open

5 HURLED FROM MOTOR CAR BY FAST TRAIN

Atlanta Party Has Remarkable Escape in Collision at East Lake Road Crossing.

Five prominent Atlantans had a remarkable escape from death a railroad crossing on the East Lake Road Sunday afternoon when a Georgia Railroad passenger train struck the big Winton Six automobile in which the party were riding and hurled them all out.

The autoists were J. H. Hirsch, of 345 Myrtle Street, owner and driver of the car; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Carmichael and the 15-year-old son and 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael. All escaped without a scratch, except Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael, who were slightly bruised, but badly shocked.

Winter Alfriend and Hughes Roberts came up in a machine just after the accident happened. Mr. Alfriend took Mrs. Carmichael in his machine and rushed her to her home, 645 Edgewood Avenue, Inman Park.

The Hirsch car was badly damaged.

Hirsch Tells of Crash.

The accident occurred about 5:30 o'clock as the party were riding into town over the beautiful East Lake Road. Mr. Hirsch told the story of the accident to a Georgian reporter as follows:

"There is a little house and an embankment at the East Lake approach to the crossing and I could not see. I had slowed my machine down to a walking pace and listened for a train, but could hear none.

"Just as we came upon the track the iron monster was upon us. I do not know at what rate it thundered up, but it looked as big as all the trains I have ever seen combined into one.

"We were almost on the track. I shoved on my emergency and turned my car as much as I could in the direction the train was going.

No Time to Leap.

"That was all that saved us. Instead of absolutely demolishing us the train sideswiped us. We all tried to jump, but did not have time—we were hurled out.

"Except for the shock none of us were hurt to amount to anything."

Mr. Hirsch is a member of the firm of Hirsch & Spitz Manufacturing Company. Mr. Carmichael is the manager of the furniture department of M. Rich & Bros. Co.

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A Trip to Joyville
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The name of ALFRED BENJAMIN & COMPANY, America's Foremost Tailors, guarantees all this. Additional guarantee is in the suit itself. A blue serge is pre-eminently the suit for SERVICE, as it always looks well and is appropriate to any occasion where a sack suit can be worn.

And the tailoring is the very BEST—the BENJAMIN sort.

Come in and slip on one of these suits. Select the style you like best, and see how neat and dressy it looks. And remember the price,

Twenty-Five Dollars

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.
Thirty-Six Whitehall

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BASEBALL

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VOL. XI. NO. 246. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913. 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

BURNSAGENT OUTLINES PHAGAN THEORY

Famous Detective's Aid, C. W. Tobie, Issues First Statement on Work in Slaying Case.

C. W. Tobie, manager of the criminal department of the W. J. Burns Detective Agency, Monday made public his theory of the murder of Mary Phagan For the first time the man who is representing Burns in Atlanta's greatest mystery until the noted detective arrived consented to see reporters.

Tobie's theory is that Mary Phagan was murdered inside the National Pencil plant, by some one familiar with the premises, and that her body was dragged to the basement for purposes of concealment and probably destruction. He scouted the idea she was killed on the outside and dragged inside, and declared that too much buncombe has been given out by men who have only muddied the waters.

While no new arrests are expected immediately, Tobie declared the mystery is not at all impossible of solution, and that the guilty man will be apprehended in due time. Meanwhile, he promised to issue statements telling the progress made from time to time.

Burns Expert's Theory.

Here is Tobie's theory as he outlined it to a Georgian reporter today:

Mary Phagan, while in the pencil factory, was approached by some one who made an improper proposal. She resented it and the man asked her to remain silent. She refused, saying she would report the affair to the proper authorities, and the man struck her, hurling her against a machine, the impact causing the skull wound.

Seeing the injury he had inflicted, the assailant became desperate. If the girl revived she would tell the story of the assault and he would be sentenced to the penitentiary. Actual murder and prompt disposition of the body offered the only possible escape, and this he concluded to do. He completed his work by tying a cord around the 14-year-old girl's neck and strangling her.

Intended to Burn Body.

The body was then taken to the basement of the factory, Tobie thinks, because the murderer intended to incinerate it.

There was no fire in the furnace, or not enough, or time was too short. The next possible ruse was to manufacture evidence that the murder had been committed on the outside and the body dragged in. The guilty man then pulled a staple out of the back basement door and dragged the body to make it appear it had been brought in from the outside.

"The door was opened from the inside," said Tobie. "All the abrasions are on the inside, and all the evidence points to the fact the door was forced from the inside. The murder was committed by some one familiar with the factory, one who had probably worked there, and the body was taken to the factory basement to hide the crime. The note found there was written for this purpose, also."

Big Developments Rumored.

Hurried conferences Monday at noon between Solicitor Dorsey and Chief of Detectives Lanford and then later between Chief Lanford and Pinkerton Detective Harry Scott led to persistent reports about the police station that important developments in the Phagan case were expected during the afternoon.

Neither of the officials, however, would divulge the nature of the conferences, further than to declare that "we were merely going over evidence in the case."

Notwithstanding this reticence, however, the two conferences, one directly following the other, caused the

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

Council Overrides Woodward's Veto of Exoneration Report

Mayor Woodward's veto of the Council Committee's report exonerating Fire Chief W. B. Cummings of graft charges and vindicating the conduct of the Fire Department, was unanimously overruled at the Council meeting Monday afternoon.

This action was taken following the reading of Mr. Woodward's message, in which he declared, despite the investigating committee's report, that, in his opinion, the charges were correct.

A section of the mayor's veto read: "All of the accusations made by me were absolutely correct. There can be no excuse for violating a city law, as has been proven in the Fire Chief's case and that of the Fire Department."

At Monday's meeting the Council sustained the Mayor's veto of the dog muzzling ordinance by a vote of 15 to 9.

The Council adopted a resolution approving the Whitehall regrading scheme, and requested the Finance Committee to provide $80,000 to begin this work. Provision for an ultimate expenditure of $100,000 was made, of which $17,000 has already been subscribed by property owners along the section of the street to be effected.

Mr. Hearst Guest At Luncheon Given By Robt. F. Maddox

Robert F. Maddox gave a luncheon in honor of William Randolph Hearst at the Capital City Club Monday at 1 o'clock.

The luncheon was informal, and was arranged to give Mr. Hearst an opportunity to become acquainted with representative men of Atlanta business and professional circles.

Among the guests were Governor-elect John M. Slaton, P. S. Arkwright, W. L. Peel, W. H. Kiser, F. J. Paxon, Forrest Adair, H. C. Worthen, John E. Murphy, James H. Nunnally, Hugh Murray, J. R. Gray, F. S. Ellis, Clark Howell, Jr., John S. Cohen, W. H. Brittain, J. K. Orr, Henry S. Johnson, Walter Rich, W. T. Gentry, Dr. W. S. Elkin, Thomas B. Felder, John W. Grant, Clifford L. Anderson, Judge W. T. Newman, W. W. Orr and Guy Barham, Los Angeles.

Politics Enter Into Sunday School Move, Secretary Charges

Political by-play was charged as inspiring the effort now being made to transfer the Sabbath School and Sabbath School extension work from the Board of Publication to the Home Mission branch of the United Presbyterian Church at the assembly's session Monday afternoon, by W. B. Smiley, secretary of the board.

Mr. Smiley's charges came when a motion was made to reaffirm the action of last year's assembly in taking steps to make the transfer. The motion was in the form of a report read by Dr. W. J. Reed, chairman of the Sabbath School committee. In denying Mr. Smiley's charge, Dr. Reed declared that the committee had found from investigation that the secretary and the board had not proven competent managers of the work. The action on the matter was postponed until Tuesday.

Governor Johnson Signs Anti-Jap Bill

SACRAMENTO, May 19.—Governor Johnson to-day signed the alien land bill.

The bill goes into effect August 19.

The Governor had intended to delay signing the bill for several days longer, but word came from Washington that President Wilson was waiting only on the California's Executive before submitting the United States reply to the Japanese protest.

Reply to Japan Goes To-night.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—On receipt of the information that Governor Johnson had signed the anti-lien land bill, Secretary of State Bryan said that he probably would cable the reply of the United States to the Japanese protest to Tokio to-night, at the same time supplying Ambassador Chinda with a copy. The secretary added, however, that he would await official inforamtion that Governor Johnson had signed the bill before transmitting the reply.

OLD GUARDS REPORT TO TUNE OF 'DIXIE'

Thousands Cheer Famous Gate City Boosters on Peaceful Invasion of Northern Cities.

With unlimited enthusiasm, wearing brand-new uniforms but the old Atlanta smile, the Old Guard of Atlanta marched from the Piedmont to the Terminal Station Monday and at 11:30 o'clock started in a special train on the long jaunt to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

In the procession from the hotel to the Terminal Station the guard got a rousing reception, hundreds lining the streets and hundreds from skyscraper windows acclaiming with hand clapping and cheering. Above the music—always "Dixie" and "Sewanee River"—could be heard voices imploring the Old Guard to "Tell 'em about Atlanta."

"Old Guards? Why, they walk like young roosters," was the comment of one enthusiastic citizen.

Eager to Boost Atlanta.

Themselves bubbling over with the Atlanta spirit, the Old Guard members left looking forward to a good time for themselves and good advertising for their home town.

"We'll do everything on earth we can to boost the town," said C. P. Byrd, first lieutenant of Company A. "Atlanta first, last and always is the motto of the Old Guard. I think this is as big an advertisement for Atlanta as the Shriners' convention will be."

"Everybody knows the Atlanta spirit that permeates us all, but they will know it better before we get back," said P. F. Clarke, first lieutenant of Company B.

Colonel J. F. Burke, commander, gave out the following interview:

Big Time in Boston.

"The big time will be at the banquet in Boston, after we, a Southern battalion, have escorted the Union veterans over their own city. I will be one of the speakers at the banquet, and I intend to tell them something. I intend to answer, in the proper way, the old statement that the South was lacking in patriotism, and to bring out certain points of history that have not been made as prominent as they should be."

"We'll fight for Atlanta," said H. M. Beutell.

Edmund W. Martin said: "We are going to do our best to please our friends, the Yankees, to astonish them with our friendship and invite them down here. Keep alive the memories of the past, and peace at present—those are my sentiments."

"I'm going to do my darndest to keep this shako on my head," said Tom H. Pitt.

"I'll back the boys up in anything they do, and 'insure' them a fine trip," said Colonel George M. Hone.

Atlanta to the Front.

Sergeant Frank Ridge left determined to do any old thing to keep Atlanta to the front. "Me, too," said W. E. Hancock, first sergeant of Company A.

"I'l leave the Old Guard at New York and take a trip up the Hudson to see some friends," said W. S. Lounsbury. "I will go to the Peekskills and see my mother, who is the best friend I have."

Captain W. M. Crumley, of the colonel's staff, put it this way: "We are going to give them just as hot a time up there as they gave us in Virginia 50 years ago."

And this is what Ben Lee Crew, the color bearer, intends to do: "That big white banner with the gold fringe weighs 40 pounds, so I am going to boost Atlanta with 40 pounds of steam. Atlanta will be heard from."

Four members of the Old Guard have been selected as the orators for

Continued on Page Two, Column 4.

RACING

RESULTS.

AT PIMLICO.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Springmass, 101 (Connolly), 15.70, 8.40, 6.50, won) Tom Holland 103 (Snyder), field included Touch Be, ExCalibur, Lothario and Hammon Pass, 13.40, 6.20, second; Montcalm 103 (Turner), 5.10, third. Time 1:15. Patrick S., Lucky George, Fanchette, Golliwogg, Blue Crest, Sidon, Touch Me., ExCalibur, Lothario, Hammon Pass also ran.

Second—Selling, four-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Water Wells 103 (Wolf), 47.10, 22.60, 14.10, won; Toddling 112 (Butwell), 7.40, 5.90; Jack Nunnally 106 (C. Moller), 5.30. Time, 1:15. Also ran: Miss Moments, Theo. Cook, York Lad, Vigorous, Queen Bee and Cherry Seed.

THIRD—Six furlongs: Oliver Lodge 105 (J. Wilson), 3.30, 2.30, 2.10, won; Sandvale 103 (Ferguson), 2.50, 2.30, second; Battery 100 (Turner), 2.60, third. Time 1:15 3-5. L'Aiglon (unseated rider). Golden Vale also ran.

FOURTH—Steeplechase, two miles: Jesuit, 149 (Heidler), 4:40, 3:30, 2:70; Lizzie Flat, 142 (J. Henderson), 3:30. Time, 3:49 4-5. Also ran: Thistledale, Irene Gummell and Tom Cat.

FIFTH—Mile and forty yards: Napier, 108 (Wilson), 7:10, 3:00 and 2:80, won; My Fellow, 107 (Turner), 3:30, 2:70; Daingerfield, 104 (R. Hoffman), 3:90. Time, 1:46 4-5.

SIXTH—Maryland Club Purse, mile and forty yards: Donald McDonald, 120 (J. Butwell), 3.40, 2.80, 2.70, won: El Oro 121 (Fairbrother), 3.20, 3.00, second; Popgun 101 (Turner), 2.80, third. Time 1:45.

AT LOUISVILE.

FIRST—Six furlongs: Anna Patricia 107 (Henry), 6.20, 3.10, 3.40, won; Theresa Gill 105 (Goose), 3.50, 3.10, second; Billy Holder 105 (Borel), 8.10, third. Time 1:14 2-5. Dr. Jackson, L. H. Adair, Star Berta, Weyanoke, Beulah S., Vigilant, World's Wonder, Santander, Gologist, Silk Day and Gerrard also ran.

SECOND—4½ furlongs: Robinetta 115 (Henry), 3.10, 2.90, 3.00, won; Dainty Mint 105 (Hanover), 6.00, 4.40, second; Big Lumax 100 (Andress), 13.40, third. Time :55 1-5. Ootaska, Mary Pickford, Aunt Mamie, LaValletta, Yankee Tree also ran.

THIRD—Five and a half furlongs: Caughhill, 107 (Loftus), 3:20, 2:20, 2:10, won; Gowell, 98 (McCabe), 2:30, 2:40; Sonna, 107 (Vandusen), 2:60. Time, 1:13 4-5. Also ran: Priwir, Billy Collins and High Private.

FOURTH—Little Nephew, 119 (Loftus), 7:10, 2:60, won; Old Rosebud, 118 (McCabe), 2:30, out; Black Toney, 118 (Ganz), out. Time, :53. Also ran: Pebeco and Brig's Brother.

FIFTH—Mile: Prince Hermis, 98 (McCabe), 10:60, 4.60 and 2:90, won; Polly D., 101, (Buxton), 7:10, 2:70; Strenuous, 98 (Karrick), 2:30. Time, 1:40 4-5.

Sixth—Selling, mile and one-sixteenth: Dick Baker 108 (Gross), 16.40, 4.50, 3.50, won; Sleeth 106 (Buxton), 2.90, 2.70; Oreon 105 (Hanover), 3.60. Time, 1:47 3-5.

ENTRIES.

AT PIMLICO.

FIRST—Two year olds; 5 furlongs: bGarl 122, bGregg 112, Single Stick 109, Cento 112, Scarlet Letter 109, cBeau Pere 09, cExecutor 109, Fathom 112.

(b)—Holland entry. (c)—Parr entry.

SECOND—Selling; three year olds and up; 6 furlongs: Yorkville 113, Glint 108, xHoney Bee 100, Magazine 125, Scallywag 110, Progressive 108, Votes 108, xFred Levy 108, xUnion Jack 113.

THIRD—Preakness handicap; three year olds; 1⅛ miles: dVirile 103, dStar Gaze 98, fHorron 122, fKieburne 111, Buskin 117, Cadeau 108, Lohengrin 106, Flabbergast 108, Cogs 106, Flying Fairy 102, Barnegat 104, Monocacy 114.

(d)—Davis entry. (f)—Turner entry.

FOURTH—Consolation steeplechase; four year olds and up; 2 miles: Lena 143, Penobscot 135, Son of the Wind 138, Killarney 133, Exemplar 142, Juverence 147, Water Speed 149, Shannon River 142.

FIFTH—Selling; three year olds and up; 1 1-16 miles: Elwah 100, Absconder 97, Towton Field 108, xBlackford 97, Colonel Cook 104, Amalfi 100.

SIXTH—Selling; three year olds and up; mile and 40 yards: xOrowoc 104, Little Ep 108, xDeborah 84, Rock Fish 101, Camel 106, xClem Beachy 106, McCreary 108, Mollie S 109, Hans Creek 103, Mileage 106, Skibbereen 101, xSchaller 109, Horace E 110, Star Gift 106, Moltke 111, xCloud Chief 103.

AT LOUISVILLE.

FIRST—Selling, four-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Wilhite 108, Ethelda 108, Mack B. Eubanks 108, John D. Wakefield 108, The Reach 108, Blue Thistle 108, All Red 110, Dr. Waldo Briggs 110, Swiss 110, Amoret 110, Jabot 110, Congressman James 111, Billy Barnes 113, Ben Lasca 113, Hanly 113.

SECOND—Purse, two-year-old maidens, 5 furlongs: Bano Jim 110, Bandit 110, Tonybee 110, Sosius 113, Big Spirit 113, J. B. Maylow 113, Harry L. 113, Elandro 113, Mac 113, Boots and Saddle 113.

THIRD—Three-year-olds and up, the Plumbers' purse, 6 furlongs: Semprite 112, Deetrich 104, Silver Bill 104, Flying Tom 104, McCorkle 107, Panzareta 107, Hobnob 107, Leochares 109, Yankee Notions 112.

FOURTH—Three-year-olds and up, Churchill Downs purse, handicap, mile and one-eighth: Any Port 100, Creme DeMenthe 100, White Wool 102, Gowell 103, Yankee Notion 105, Manager Mack 106, Princess Callaway 112, Flora Fina 113, Rudolfo 115.

FIFTH—Selling, two-year-olds, 5 furlongs: xJudge Gheens 92, Caution 97, Ruby Hyams 99, Chas. Cannell 100, May L. 101, Meshach 104, xBrave Cunarder 105, Barbara Lane 105, Frances M. 105, Old Trump 105, Pebeto 106, Lindar 106, Tiktok 105, Destino 106, Hyki 108.

SIXTH—Three-year-olds and up, mile and 70 yards, selling: Marshon 91, Clinton 97, Kingling 97, Capt. Heck 100, Ursula Emma 105, Syzygy 105, Al Bloch 106, Love Day 106, Bit of Fortune 107, Wander 110, Melton Street 113, Mockler 114.

BASEBALL

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

AT BUFFALO—
PROVIDENCE— 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3-4 6 3
BUFFALO— 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1 5 3
Keisigle and Kocher; Cadore and Gowdy. Umpires, Mullin and Cross.

AT ROCHESTER—
NEWARK— 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0- 2 6 2
ROCHESTER— 1 1 1 4 1 2 0 0 X-10 15 1
Barger and McCarthy; Hughes and Williams. Umpires, Hayes and Nallin.

AT TORONTO—
BALTIMORE— 1 0 0 3 0 2 2 0 0 -8 10 2
TORONTO— 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 -5 8 3
McTigue and Egan; Lush and Graham. Umpires, Bierhalter and Carpenter.

Jersey City-Monereal, no game; rain.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

AT MACON—
COLUMBUS— 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 -2 3 1
MACON— 0 0 0 1 0 2 2 0 X -5 11 3
Baker and Krebs; Thackam and Swaegl. Umpires, Gists and Pender.

AT ALBANY—
SAVANNAH— 0 1 3 6 . . . . .
ALBANY— 3 0 0 0 . . . . .
Duggleaby and Colby; Adams and Geibel. Umpire, Barr.

AT CHARLESTON.
JACKSONVILLE— 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 - 1 1 1
CHARLESTON— 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 - 2 9 1
Stewart and Smith; Foster and Menefee. Umpire, Moran.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

AT MILWAUKEE—
TOLEDO— 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0- 3 11 4
MILWAUKEE— 0 6 0 0 0 0 4 5 X-15 15 0
Kaiserling and Cotter; Covington and O'Connor. Umpires, Murray and Handiboe.

AT KANSAS CITY—
INDIANAPOLIS— 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 - 6 9 3
KANSAS CITY— 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 - 3 6 2
Collamore and Adams; Braun and Hughes. Umpires, Chill and O'Brien.

CAROLINA LEAGUE.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Winston Salem	000 000 001—	1	2	0
Charlotte	000 100 001—	2	7	1

Ray and Smoth; High and Malcolmson. Umpire, Chestnutt.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Asheville	010 000 100—	2	9	1
Raleigh	100 002 00x—	6	11	0

Watson and Millman; Myers and Sidgate. Umpire, Miller.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Durham	001 201 000—	4	9	1
Greensboro	000 000 30x—	3	5	5

Yon and Lowe; Fesperman and Robertson. Umpire, McBride.

COTTON STATES LEAGUE

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Meridian	000 000 000—	0	5	0
Pensacola	000 000 100—	1	6	0

South and Gulterez; Burnmister and Hauser. Umpire, Hirsch.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Selma	003 002 00x—	5	11	3
Columbus	010 000 000—	1	6	3

Wyly and Mueller; Speer, Cooper and Utter. Umpire, Williams.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Portsmouth	101 003 110—	7	12	3
Roanoke	000 003 000—	3	9	4

Herbert and Hudgins; Brown and Lafitte. Umpire, Holliday.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Petersburg	100 100 220—	6	10	4
Norfolk	000 001 020—	3	6	4

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Richmond	200 000 200—	4	9	5
Newport News	051 001 24x—	13	11	3

Burleson and Luskey; Kull and Matthews. Umpire, Norcum.

If you have anything to sell advertise in The Sunday American. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in the South.

TURTLES . . . . 000 010 100 - 2
CRACKERS . . . 002 100 00x - 3

TURTLES—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Love, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Baerwald, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Schweitzer, lf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ward, 3b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Abstein, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Butler ss	4	2	2	2	4	0
Shanley, 2b	2	0	0	2	1	0
Seabaugh, c	4	0	1	6	1	0
Kissinger, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	31	2	5	24	12	0

CRACKERS—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Long, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bailey, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Alperman, 2b	4	0	0	4	2	0
Welchonce, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Smith, 3b	3	0	1	0	2	0
Bisland, ss	3	1	1	1	2	0
Agler, 1b	2	0	0	8	0	0
Graham, c	3	1	1	11	4	0
Musser, p	3	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	29	8	6	27	10	0

SUMMARY:

Two-base hit—Butler. Home runs—Bisland, Butler. Struck out—By Musser, 6; by Kissinger, 5. Base on balls—Off Musser, 3; off Kissinger, 1. Stolen bases—Baerwald, Long, Butler, Seabaugh. Wild pitch—Kissinger.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

AT NASHVILLE—
NEW ORLEANS . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 4 2
NASHVILLE . . . . 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 X - 2 8 2
Swindell and Angemeier; Williams and Ludwig. Umpires, Stockdale and Fitfield.

AT BIRMINGHAM—
MOBILE . . . . 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 - 3 5 0
BIRMINGHAM . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 - 1 8 0
Robertson and Schmidt; Thompson and Mayer. Umpires, Rudderham and Breitenstein.

AT CHATTANOOGA—
MONTGOMERY . . . . 1 1 1 0 0 0 2 3 0 - 8 13 2
CHATTANOOGA . . . . 2 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 - 6 11 3
Bagby and Donahue; Somers and Street. Umpires, Kerin and Wright.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

AT NEW YORK—
PITTSBURG 100 000 000 001 00- 2 13 5
NEW YORK 000 100 000 001 01- 3 9 2
Camnitz and Simon; Marquard and Meyers. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

AT BOSTON—
CINCINNATI . . . . 0 1 0 5 1 1 0 0 1 - 9 12 4
BOSTON . . . . 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 5 0 - 8 9 3
Benton and Clark; Tyler and Rariden. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

AT BROOKLYN—
ST. LOUIS . . . . 000 100 0 0 0 0 0 - 1 8 2
BROOKLYN . . . . 000 001 0 0 0 0 1 - 2 8 0
Griner and McLean; Rucker and Yingling and Miller. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

AT PHILADELPHIA—
CHICAGO . . . . 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 - 4 8 4
PHILADELPHIA . . . . 0 0 6 2 0 2 0 0 X -10 11 2
Lavender and Archer; Brennan and Killifer. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AT CLEVELAND—
WASHINGTON . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 - 1 5 0
CLEVELAND . . . . 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 X - 4 10 2
Cashion, Engle and Ainsmith; Falkenberg and Carisch. Umpires, Dineen and Hart.

AT ST. LOUIS—
NEW YORK . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 0 - 8 13 4
ST. LOUIS . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 3 - 6 11 4
Fisher and Sweeney; Wellman and Agnew. Umpires, Hildebrand and Evans.

AT DETROIT—
PHILADELPHIA . . . . 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 3 6 0
DETROIT . . . . 1 0 4 0 1 0 3 0 X - 9 10 1
Wyckoff and Thomas; Willett and Stanage. Umpires, Connolly and McGreevy.

AT CHICAGO—
BOSTON . . . . 1 2 0 1 6 0 0 0 . -10 9 0
CHICAGO . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . - 1 7 5
Wood and Nunnamaker; Scott and Easterly. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Ferguson.

MUSSER AND KISSINGER IN SLAB DUEL

Crackers Score Two Runs In Third Inning; Bisland and Butler Hit Homers.

PONCE DE LEON BALL PARK, May 19.—The Crackers trimmed the Turtles here this afternoon by a score of 3 to 2.

Bisland and Butle rsecured home runs in the early part of the game.

Musser and Kissinger hooked up in a pitchers' duel.

THE GAME.

FIRST INNING.

Love fanned. Baerwald went out, Bisland to Agler. Schreiber went out over the same route. NO RUNS.

Long and Bailey fanned. Alperman went out, short to first. NO RUNS.

SECOND INNING.

Ward flied to deep left. Abstein fouled to catcher. Butler also fouled to catcher. NO RUNS.

Welchonce went out to Kissinger unassisted. Smith singled to left. Bisland popped out to the catcher. Smith out trying to steal, Seabaugh to Butler. NO RUNS.

THIRD INNING.

Shanley out, Smith to Agler. Seabaugh and Kissinger fanned. NO RUNS.

Agler popped to third. Graham hit a slow one through the pitcher and beat it out. Musser bunted to pitcher and beat it out and Graham went to second. Long fanned. Graham went to third and Musser to second. Bailey singled to center field and Graham and Musser scored. Alperman grounded to third and forced Bailey at second. TWO RUNS.

FOURTH INNING.

Love popped out to Bisland. Baerwald singled to center. Baerwald stole second and third. Schweitzer walked. Ward grounded to Smith and Baerwald was out in a chase, Smith to Graham to Musser. Schweitzer went to third and Ward to second on the play. Abstein popped to Alperman. NO RUNS.

Welchonce grounded out, Butler to Abstein. Smith grounded out, Shanley to Abstein. Bisland smashed out a homer to deep left center. Agler flied out to Baerwald. ONE RUN.

FIFTH INNING.

Butler knocked a home run to deep left. Shanley flied out to Welchonce. Seabaugh grounded out in front of the plate, Graham to Agler. Kissinger fanned. ONE RUN.

Graham popped out to Butler. Musser fanned. Long singled past first and stole second. Bailey fanned. NO RUNS.

SIXTH INNING.

Love singled to center. Baerwald popped out to Alperman. Schweitzer flied out to Welchonce. Ward grounded out, Shanley to Abstein. NO RUNS.

Alperman popped to Butler. Welchonce grounded out, Ward to Abstein. Smith grounded out, Butler to Abstein. NO RUNS.

SEVENTH INNING.

Abstein grounded out, Graham to Agler. Butler doubled to center and stole third. Shanley walked. Seabaugh singled to center and Butler scored, Shanley going to third. Kissinger fanned. Seabaugh stole second. Love grounded out, Alperman to Agler. ONE RUN.

Bisland grounded out, Kissinger to Abstein. Agler walked. Graham grounded to Ward, who relayed the ball to Shanley at second, forcing Agler. Musser grounded out, Kissinger to Abstein. NO RUNS.

EIGHTH INNING.

Baerwald fanned. Schweitzer walked. Schweitzer out trying to steal second, Graham to Alperman. Ward grounded to Alperman. NO RUNS.

Long grounded out, Ward to Abstein. Bailey out, Butler to Abstein. Alperman flied to Baerwald. NO RUNS.

NINTH INNING.

Abstein out, Alperman to Agler. Butler fanned. Shanley was hit by a pitched ball.

Shanley out stealing.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA LEAGUE

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Anniston	001 000 100—	2	7	1
Newnan	000 200 03x—	5	6	3

Antley and Shepard; Lovett and Chase.

Opelika-Talladega, no game; rain.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	100 030 100—	2	3	3
Pittsburg	000 0203 00x—	5	9	2

McGuire and McDonough; Ashenfelder and Lucia. Umpires, Franklin and Wilson.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	010 110 100—	4	14	2
Covington	102 000 40x—	7	10	1

Wilcox and Kleinow; Justis and Ragsdale.

If you have anything to sell advertise in The Sunday American. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in the South.

CHARGE OF HERESY STIRS NORTHERN PRESBYTERIANS

Teachings of the Union Theological Seminary Severely Attacked in Report to the Assembly.

Charges that heretical teachings are being spread by Union Theological Seminary of New York, confronted the commissioners of the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at their session Monday afternoon.

The accusations were contained in one of the minority reports, already printed in The Georgian, of the special committee on the re-establishing of relations between the church and the seminary. The report was signed by Rev. F. C. Montfort, D. D., of Cincinnati.

The new theology was most vigorously attacked in the following paragraph of Dr. Montfort's report:

A theology which denies the supernatural; that regards sin not as the result of an 'abrupt transformation' or the fall, but as 'the survival of the animal in man,' and salvation 'not as an act,' but as 'a process rooted as sin is, in the nature of man,' that regards Christ 'not as God and man,' but as 'God in man' and 'a type to which all men are ultimately destined to conform,' and which acknowledges as man's supreme authority not the Scriptures, but the 'lightt hat is in him,' is not the theology of the Westminster Confession nor of the Presbyterian Church.

The Northern Assembly had been stirred by the charges that politics had brought about the election of Dr. John T. Stone as moderator. Dr. Stone at the beginning of the morning session took occasion to reply in a dignified manner, asking that all personalities be laid aside and that if any mistake had been made that it be overlooked.

The most pretentious plan for the amalgamation of the Presbyterian Churches of America was made public before the Northern Assembly. It proposed a union of all the family of Presbyterian Churches. Other proposals which have received indorsement have embraced the union of two or three of the branches. None before has ventured to suggest for actual consideration the union of all.

"Elect Infant Clause" to Stand.

The majority of the committee reported that prospects were favorable for a return to the former relations between the church and the seminary and that the directors of the institution appeared most willing to make all the changes desired by the representative of the Assembly. They asked that their committee be continued so that the work of reunion might be effected.

The committee having in hand the consideration of the "elect infant clause" reported to the Southern Assembly with the recommendation that the phrasing of the clause be let stand as it was.

Dr. Stone Makes Reply to His Critics.

The reply of Dr. John T. Stone to the cry of "politics" in his election as moderator and a new proposal for the federation of the Presbyterian churches of America were the important features of Monday's session of the Northern Assembly in the Baptist Tabernacle.

Dr. Stone deplored the introduction of personalities into the conferences of the Assembly, but would not comment at length on the charge that his election as a "dark horse" had been prearranged for six weeks before the meeting of the Assembly.

"If any have erred in judgment, let us overlook it, or better still, look not at it," he admonished the commissioners. "I wish to state that all I have to say is that I believe in God, I believe in my brethren and I believe in doing my duty."

Deny Charges.

Dr. W. R. King, of Monmouth, Ill., who made the nominating speech in behalf of Dr. Stone, said in regard to the charge that politics had been played in the selection of the Chicago man:

"It is absolutely false. I nominated him simply and solely because I regarded him as the best man. There was no chicanery or trickery or political prearrangement of any sort. I wish to say that the story is the cruelest sort of an injustice, both to Dr. Stone and to the persons who assisted in choosing him to lead the deliberations of the Assembly."

W. T. Ellis, who seconded the nomination, said:

"If there is a particle of truth in the story that Dr. Stone's nomination was in any way prearranged, then, obviously, since we explicitly stated to the contrary, neither Dr. King nor myself is a gentleman or a sincere Christian. Therefore, the subject is out of the realm of discussion on my part."

Great Federation.

A federation of the entire family of Christian churches of America under a more general plan than any previously advanced, was approved at the Monday morning session of the Northern Assembly.

A round of applause greeted the proposition when it was placed before the Assembly by Dr. William H. Roberts, chairman of the special committee on church co-operation and union.

Dr. Roberts said that the plan was considered by his committee as much more effectual in bringing about a speedy union of the Presbyterian Churches than those which contemplate only the union of two of the branches, such as the Southern and United Assemblies or the Northern and the Reformed.

A motion to adopt the report of the committee and authorize representatives of the Northern Assembly to present the new scheme of federation to the other Assemblies at their sessions Tuesday, was carried by a unanimous standing vote of the Assembly.

Backs Fusion.

Impetus was given the movement for a general union of the Presbyterian churches of the nation by the brilliant address of President Whaling, of Columbia Theological Seminary, who appeared as a representative of the Southern Assembly.

"Time is bringing together the sundered parts of our great church," was the significant introduction to his speech, which in its entirety was a most forcible plea for the elimination of all the differences which have kept the church divided for more than a half century.

"The history and lineage of our church can never be divided," he continued. "There is no doctrinal gulf which our ecclesiastical engineers could not bridge. In spirit we are one. We should be so in fact."

Elect Infant Clause To Remain Unchanged.

The taking of the report of the permanent committee of systematic beneficence from the docket of the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church is anticipated with special interest. It is known that ten overtures have been presented to the Assembly from as many presbyteries touching this committee and that requests have been made for the full restoration of former powers of this committee.

During the Assembly of 1912 this committee was deprived of some of its power and seven members resigned.

The keenest interest was precipitated on the Assembly floor Monday when a second report touching the "elect infant clause" recommended that the deliverance of the Assembly of 1902 be reiterated; that the Scriptures warrant the belief that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that in view of this no recommendation regarding any change in the Confession of Faith be handed down to the presbyteries touching the "elect infant clause."

Dr. W. M. McPheeters, of Columbia, cautioned against the adoption of the report.

Speaking for the report of the committee of which he is chairman, Dr. T. S. Clyce said the Confession of Faith in its entirety suits him, but the passage conveying the teaching of the church on the election of infants is not clear; that the people are demanding a change of expression, many wanting it stricken from the confession.

The church, he said, gives forth the hope that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that it is the duty of the church to express that hope.

Speaking again, Dr. McPheeters urged that all reference to the Assembly of 1902 be stricken from the report of the committee and leave the report to recommend that no suggested amendment be sent down to the presbyteries on this question.

Difference of Opinion.

Remarks from a number of commissioners were heard, some speaking in favor of the report and others in favor of the amendment.

When the call for the question came, the vote was taken first on the amendment offered by Dr. McPheeters and the amendment was lost.

Before the vote on the report could be taken, Dr. J. M. Wells offered as a substitute to the report the recommendation that the whole of the "elect infant clause" be stricken from the Confession of Faith.

The vote was taken and the substitute was lost.

No recommendation for change in the "elect infant clause" is sent down to the presbyteries, and the Assembly reaffirmed the action of the Assembly of 1902.

The remainder of the session was devoted to addresses and reports.

United Church Takes Stand for Workingman.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church resumed its session Monday morning at 9 o'clock at the Central Presbyterian Church. The first report heard was that of the committee on reform. This was a special committee, composed of five members, three ministers and two elders, as follows: Rev. J. R. Jamieson, chairman; Rev. S. A. McCallon, Rev. R. M. McCracken, Elders John Brownlee and Peter Brotherton. Three papers had been referred to this committee, the report of the permanent committee on temperance and other reforms, report of committee on Sabbath reforms and a communication from the Federal Council of Christian Churches in America, relative to the exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

The report said that the committee finds much to encourage it in the review of conditions that confront the church to-day in civil, social, moral and religious life, and in various agencies employed in bettering conditions. They rejoice in the "enactment of the Webb-Kenyon interstate commerce bill in the closing days of the last Congress, and its passage over the veto of the President by an overwhelming vote by both branches of Congress, which was a severe blow to the liquor traffic and indicative of a nation-wide sentiment not even dreamed of by the most sanguine friends of temperance."

Grape Juice Diplomacy Praised.

They also rejoice in the attitude taken by the President, Vice President and Secretary of State in banishing liquors of all kinds from White House functions during the present administration.

The following recommendations were submitted:

1. Support of the following organizations and agencies is commended to the people. The National Reform Association, the Anti-Saloon League, the W. C. T. U. and the Lord's Day Alliance.

2. The efforts of the permanent committee on temperance in the Sabbath schools and young people's organizations is commended.

3. A recommendation that the Second World's Christian Citizenship Conference, to be held in Portland, Oreg., June 29 to July 6, be remembered in all prayers.

4. The city government and directors of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, are urged to adopt every possible means to prevent the exploitation of the exposition by commercialized vice, and to protect visitors from all evil influences.

5. Gratitude is expressed to God for the institution of the Sabbath, and for history's evidence of blessing upon the nations and individuals who have honored the Lord's Day.

6. The growing tendency toward a careless observance of the Sabbath by professing Christians is viewed with alarm, and a more aggressive policy in defense of it is urged.

7. The efforts of the National Reform Association to preserve in its purity the Sabbath is commended for support.

8. The national officials are urged to make all appropriations to the Panama-Pacific Exposition conditioned upon the exposition managers signing contracts to close said exposition on Sunday.

9. Congress is asked to pass stricter laws in the District of Columbia prohibiting all unnecessary work, theaters and games on the Lord's Day.

10. Fitting observance of Lord's Day Week, April 19 to 26, is urged.

11. It is recommended that unceasing war be waged by all cities and commonwealths against prostitution and the white slave traffic.

12. Bible reading is urged in all public schools.

The members of the committee put themselves on record as standing for:

For Workingman's Rights.

1. Equal rights and complete justice for all men in all stations of life. 2. Protection of the family by the single standard of purity, uniform divorce laws, proper regulation of marriage, and proper housing. 3. Abolition of child labor. 4. Such regulation of the conditions of toil as shall best safeguard the health and moral welfare of the community. 5. Protection of the individual and society from the social, economic and moral waste of the liquor traffic. 6. Suitable provision for the old age of workers and those incapacitated by injury. 7. Principle of conciliation and reconciliation in all industrial disputes. 8. A release from employment one day in seven. 9. The most equitable of the products of industry that can ultimately be devised.

The report was adopted and short speeches of fraternal greetings were delivered by Rev. Charles Parker, D. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., for the Reformed Church of America, and Rev. I. M. Kennedy, of Ora, S. C., for the A. R. P. Church.

The report on industrial reform stated that the last two years have been notable in the number of laws placed on the statute books by the workingman, and he is beginning to recast the Constitution and remold in a measure political platforms.

Dr. VanDyke Prepares To Defend His Son.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Dr. Henry VanDyke, author and clergyman, is preparing to make a vigorous defense of his son, Tertius VanDyke, who was ordained a Presbyterian minister yesterday, if the younger VanDyke is mentioned with others in heresy charges presented to the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at Atlanta, Ga.

When Rev. Mr. VanDyke was ordained at Brick Church yesterday, along with the other Union Theological Seminary graduates, Dr. VanDyke delivered a stirring sermon on heresy. He wept several times while speaking against heresy trials.

"If such things must be, let men (not boys) be the victims," he said. "If I refused the right hand of fellowship to these young followers of Jesus, I should be ashamed to look my Saviour in the face."

White City Park Now Open

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 3, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Monday, May 19, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER June 3, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

Next Sunday's Coupons Will Count 30 Votes

OLD GUARD, TO TUNE OF DIXIE, MARCHES OFF TO NORTH

Continued From Page 1.

all occasions. They are Colonel J. F. Burke, Harrison Jones, J. R. Smith and W. S. Witham.

Only Four "Seventy-niners."

Mr. Witham, sometimes known as "Wall Street Witham, the Banking Trust," is also the poet and humorist of the Old Guard. He told his board of directors good-bye and went away, saying, "I'm the most important man in the whole Guard, for I am going to carry the big bass drum."

Only four "Seventy-niners"—those who made the trip 34 years ago—left on the present tour. They were Colonel J. F. Burke, C. P. Byrd, P. F. Clarke and Chief W. B. Cummings.

The Old Guard members wore their resplendent full dress uniform, which was never on parade before. It consists of broadcloth, moleskin jackets, navy blue trousers with white and gold stripes, gold epaulets, Hungarian shakos and real swords. Every gold button bears the inscription, "Old Guard—Gate City Guard, 1855," and every sword has the engraving, "Old Guard, Georgia."

At the Terminal a crowd estimated at 1,500 gathered to cheer the Old Guard on their way. The Guard assembled on the plaza and posed for moving pictures. Then they told their friends good-bye, wiped the perspiration off their brows and at 11:30 started on the invasion of the East.

Washington First Stop.

Here is their complete itinerary:

Arrive in Washington, 7 a. m., May 20. Leave 8 a. m., May 21.

Arrive in Baltimore 9 a. m., May 21. Leave 8 a. m., May 22.

Arrive in Philadelphia 10:30 a. m., May 22. Leave 12:40 p. m., May 24.

Arrive in New York 3 p. m., May 24. Leave 3 p. m., May 28.

Arrive in Boston 9 p. m., May 28. Leave Boston 6 p. m., May 30, over the Fall River Line, arriving in New York 7 a. m., May 31.

Leave New York at 3 p. m., May 31, over the Ocean Steamship Line, arriving in Savannah 6 a. m., June 3.

Leave Savannah 8 p. m., June 3, and arrive in Atlanta, Central of Georgia station, at 6:25 a. m., June 4.

Several women left on the Old Guard special, among them being Mrs. A. McD. Wilson and daughter, Mrs. Peter F. Clark, Mrs. W. A. Graham, Mrs. Henry Beerman and daughter, and Mrs. Hancock.

Among the sixty-eight men were the following:

Men Making Trip.

Officers—Colonel J. F. Burke, Captain and Quartermaster Bolling H. Jones, Captain and Commander A. McD. Wilson.

Staff—Captain W. M. Crumley and Dr. E. L. Connally.

First Company—First Lieutenant Charles P. Byrd and Second Lieutenant John W. Murrell.

Second Company—Captain F. J. Cooledge, First Lieutenant P. F. Clarke and Second Lieutenant A. H. Davis.

Non-commissioned Staff—Color Sergeant Ben Lee Crew, Color Sergeant F. T. Ridge, Color Corporal E. L. Bergstrom and Color Corporal W. P. Andrews.

Non-commissioned Line Officers—First sergeant, First Company, W. E. Hancock; first sergeant, Second Company, Harrison Jones; second sergeant, First Company, W. O. Wilson, and second sergeant, Second Company, F. M. Berry.

Privates—W. A. Austell, A. M. Bancker, H. Bleckley, H. C. Beerman, H. M. Beutell, J. H. Buesse, W. M. Camp, P. B. Green, C. J. Gavan, Dr. W. A. Graham, Henry H. Hirsch, W. A. Haygood, W. L. Hancock, George Harrington, Lucien L. Harris, Jr., W. S. Lounsbury, W. V. McMillen, Samuel Meyer, Jr., G. H. Morrow, Thomas H. Pitts, W. M. Stephenson, H. F. Scott, J. R. Smith, C. C. Thomas, M. L. Thrower, Edward L. Wight, Herbert L. Wiggs, W. S. Witham, A. J. West, W. Woods White, C. E. Winn and G. H. Yancey, Jr.

A PROFESSOR OF BANKING.

CAMBRIDGE, May 19.—The first occupant of the Edmund Cogswell Converse professorship of banking and finance at Harvard is to be Oliver M. W. Sprague, the well-known Harvard economist and banking expert. The graduate school of business administration will be established next year as a separate faculty.

'Dixie Girls' Charm Stage Asset' Gladys Hanson Counsels Friends Famous Actress Loves Atlanta

Miss Gladys Hanson.

Returns Home for Rest After New York Triumph in Belasco's 'The Governor's Lady.'

"I love Atlanta. The thing which pleases me most about my success is that it has pleased my Atlanta friends."

Miss Gladys Hanson Snook, one of the most beautiful actresses Atlanta has given the New York stage, fresh from triumphs as one of the leading players in David Belasco's production of "The Governor's Lady," thus expressed Monday her loyalty to her home city.

She is at her home, 103 Cleburne Avenue, for a month's rest after her metropolitan engagement. This summer she sails for Europe, returning only in time for the New York opening of the play in which she added to her fame this past season.

"Many of my Atlanta girl friends are anxious to attempt a stage career, and already they are calling on me," Miss Hanson has told Atlanta friends. "They start with well wishes and congratulations and personal chat, but always the conversation works around to the question, 'What chance would I have?'

"Southern Girls Have Charm."

"I may as well answer them all at once. Atlanta girls who have any talent for acting will find the stage no more difficult, but certainly no more easy, than any other profession. Indeed, I think the Atlanta girls stand a little better chance of real success than girls from other sections.

"Southern girls have a charm, which is the birthright of Dixie, and which managers are quick to recognize. Then the famous 'Atlanta spirit' is not limited, I feel sure, to the men who are making the city famous. This spirit of enterprise, of perseverance in the face of obstacles, and the habit of succeeding should help Atlanta's daughters as well as her sons.

"Sometimes I think, though, that the rewards of the stage are hardly enough to compensate for living away from Atlanta. This is a dear, beautiful city; I always want to get back."

Boy Near Death in Fall Into a Sewer

Three-year-old Isaac Janko, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Janko, of 127 Cooper Street, fell 18 feet into a catch basin on Cooper Street Sunday afternoon and would have perished had not the accident been observed by John P. Burns, of 123 Cooper Street.

Burns clambered down into the sewer, where he found the child lying, unconscious, in the shallow water at the bottom.

The boy was taken to Cooper Hospital, 88 Cooper Street, and is in a serious condition.

Burns suffered painful, but not serious, injuries.

BURNS THEORY IN PHAGAN CASE OUTLINED

Famous Detective's Aide Scouts Idea That Girl Was Slain Outside Factory.

Continued From Page 1.

general belief that they were significant and that some new plan was being determined.

More Arrests Are Denied.

It was positively denied by the trio of officers, however, that any new arrests were to be made.

"I don't know who it would be," replied Chief Lanford when asked a direct question.

The first conference was held when Solicitor Dorsey summoned Chief Lanford to his office. The two were closeted for nearly an hour. Then Chief Lanford called Detective Scott to the police station. The Pinkerton man, when he arrived, declared he had no idea what the chief should want with him. He and the chief were behind closed doors for fully an hour or more.

"We have merely been looking over the evidence in a general way," said both officers when they emerged from the office.

Asked as to the nature of his conference with the Solicitor, Chief Lanford made the same reply.

"We were just going over the evidence," he said.

No Friction, Chief Asserts.

Chief Lanford also denied that there had been any friction among the officials over the work on the mystery, or that the conferences had any bearing along this line. As to a report that he had withheld evidence from the Solicitor, Chief Lanford said:

"I don't remember of having withheld any evidence. Mr. Dorsey didn't ask me anything about this report at all."

The Solicitor and the Pinkertons have held no conferences. Detective Scott makes reports to Chief Lanford and these are submitted to the Solicitor.

Detective Scott said Monday that he still has five men at work on the mystery, but refused to discuss any particular line on which they are working.

Colonel Thomas B. Felder announced Monday morning that he had received word from William J. Burns that he would arrive in America before June 1 and would probably be on the scene of the Phagan slaying before that date.

Colonel Felder said the great detective had taken an unusual interest in the Phagan mystery and he would not be surprised to hear from him in America any day soon.

"Burns is more interested in this case than I have known him to be in another," said Colonel Felder. "I am advised that he will hasten his return from Europe on this account and be in America some days before June 1. He will, of course, come direct to Atlanta.

"The meantime developments since his investigator has been here are more than satisfactory. The Burns detective convinced Mr. Dorsey Sunday afternoon that he had touched upon heretofore overlooked evidence of importance, and in his report to-day we expect valuable information."

Search Grows More Active.

With investigation into the mystery more active Monday than it has been at any time during the last two weeks, the Solicitor was hopeful that important developments would be made during the day.

The special representative of the Burns agency was reported to have struck upon an important and heretofore overlooked clew that throws a new light on the case. He will make a definite report at 11 o'clock this morning at the office of the Solicitor, when it is not unlikely some announcement will be made.

Leo M. Frank, the factory superintendent, received a large number of visitors at his cell in the Tower Sunday. He would not discuss the case, or even comment on it. He said his health was fine and he had accustomed himself to the daily routine in prison.

The examination of the handwriting of the negro, James Connolly, held at the police station in connection with the murder of Mary Phagan, failed to connect him with writing the notes found near the slain girl's body in the basement of the pencil factory, according to City Detective John Black, Monday morning. The detective said that unless the negro could be connected with the crime in this way there was nothing against him.

White City Park Now Open

5 HURLED FROM MOTOR CAR BY FAST TRAIN

Atlanta Party Has Remarkable Escape in Collision at East Lake Road Crossing.

Five prominent Atlantans had a remarkable escape from death a railroad crossing on the East Lake Road Sunday afternoon when a Georgia Railroad passenger train struck the big Winton Six automobile in which the party were riding and hurled them all out.

The autoists were J. H. Hirsch, of 345 Myrtle Street, owner and driver of the car; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Carmichael and the 15-year-old son and 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael. All escaped without a scratch, except Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael, who were slightly bruised, but badly shocked.

Winter Alfriend and Hughes Roberts came up in a machine just after the accident happened. Mr. Alfriend took Mrs. Carmichael in his machine and rushed her to her home, 645 Edgewood Avenue, Inman Park.

The Hirsch car was badly damaged.

Hirsch Tells of Crash.

The accident occurred about 5:30 o'clock as the party were riding into town over the beautiful East Lake Road. Mr. Hirsch told the story of the accident to a Georgian reporter as follows:

"There is a little house and an embankment at the East Lake approach to the crossing and I could not see. I had slowed my machine down to a walking pace and listened for a train, but could hear none.

"Just as we came upon the track the iron monster was upon us. I do not know at what rate it thundered up, but it looked as big as all the trains I have ever seen combined into one.

"We were almost on the track. I shoved on my emergency and turned my car as much as I could in the direction the train was going.

No Time to Leap.

"That was all that saved us. Instead of absolutely demolishing us the train sideswiped us. We all tried to jump, but did not have time—we were hurled out.

"Except for the shock none of us were hurt to amount to anything."

Mr. Hirsch is a member of the firm of Hirsch & Spitz Manufacturing Company. Mr. Carmichael is the manager of the furniture department of M. Rich & Bros. Co.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants 3c each. Atlanta Floral Co., 555 E. Fair Street.

ATLANTA 3 MATS. MON. WED. SAT. 25c
All Week EXCEPT WED. NIGHT
The Strongest Play of Years
The Deep Purple
Miss Billy Long Co.
Nights 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c

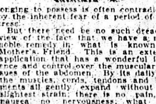
FORSYTH DAILY MAT. 2:30 EVENING 8:30
ADAM & EVE—GALLAGHER & FIELDS—JOSEPHINE DUNFEE—JOHN GEIGER—NEVIN & ERWOOD—BRADSHAW BROS. & DUNEDIN TROUPE
KEITH VAUDEVILLE HIGHEST QUALITY

BIJOU Daily Mat. 3 p. m. Night 7:30 and 9
A Trip to Joyville
20 Entertainers and Vaudeville
SEATS 10c Reserved Seats 10c Extra

To The Young Expectant Mother

Women of Experience Advise the Use of Mother's Friend.

There is a certain degree of trepidation in the minds of most women in regard to the subject of motherhood. The



longing to possess is often contradicted by the inherent fear of a period of distress.

But there need be no such dread in view of the fact that we have a most noble remedy in what is known as Mother's Friend. This is an external application that has a wonderful influence and control over the muscular tissues of the abdomen. By its daily use the muscles, cords, tendons and ligaments all gently expand without the slightest strain; there is no pain, no nausea, no nervousness; what was dreaded as a severe physical ordeal becomes a calm, serene, joyful anticipation; that has its impress such as our foremost teachers of Eugenics are striving to drill into the minds of the present generation.

In almost every community there are women who have used Mother's Friend, and they are the ones that recovered quickly, conserved their health and strength to thus preside over families destined by every rule of physiology and the history of successful men and women to repeat the story of greater achievement.

Mother's Friend is prepared after the formula of a noted family doctor by the Bradfield Regulator Co., 138 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Write them for their instructive book to expectant mothers. You will find Mother's Friend on sale by all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle.

A "Benjamin" Blue Serge Suit $25

For Beauty, for Style, for Service It's a Genuine LEADER.

The name of ALFRED BENJAMIN & COMPANY, America's Foremost Tailors, guarantees all this. Additional guarantee is in the suit itself. A blue serge is pre-eminently the suit for SERVICE, as it always looks well and is appropriate to any occasion where a sack suit can be worn.

And the tailoring is the very BEST—the BENJAMIN sort.

Come in and slip on one of these suits. Select the style you like best, and see how neat and dressy it looks. And remember the price,

Twenty-Five Dollars

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.

Thirty-Six Whitehall

ALWAYS FIRST
The SUNDAY AMERICAN
Order It NOW
Both Phones Main 8000

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results
VOL. XI. NO. 245. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913. 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

EXTRA

DEATH SCENE TERRIFYING, SAY SCOTT SURVIVORS

"Last Chapter of Heroes Never Will Be Written," Say Two of Party.

WRIGHT AND DEBENHAM IN U. S. ON THEIR WAY HOME

Bodies of Explorers Buried Under Ice That Will Never Melt, They Say.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.—Fresh details of Captain Robert F. Scott's disastrous expedition to the South Pole are being related by Charles S. Wright and Frank DeBenham, both scientists and graduates of Cambridge University, who have just arrived from Sydney on the Union steamship Tahiti.

The two men were at Cape Evans when the Scott expedition left for the dash to the pole, 800 miles away, and Wright was one of the party of eleven which later discovered the body of Captain Scott.

Wright refused to talk of the harrowing scene which greeted the members of the searching expedition when they located the bodies of Captain Scott, Captain E. A. C. Oates and Lieutenant H. R. Bowers.

"The last chapter in the story of Captain Scott and his heroic comrades will never be written," said Wright. "Their death was too terrible for description. We do not intend to include any description of the death scene in our official reports of the expedition. It would serve no purpose except to gratify a morbid curiosity.

"We decided to bury them where they died, because it would have been practically impossible to carry the bodies back to civilization. Besides, there would not have been any use in bringing the bodies back to England.

"The men had done their work well, and they were dead. We folded the tent which had served to protect them to some extent from the rigors of that terrible storm, and buried the bodies under a pile of ice that will never melt.

"We thought this action more fitting. A cross was erected overlooking the ice barrier, and we turned our steps back to civilization.

"The place is accessible to another expedition, should one be formed to bring back the bodies of the explorers, but I doubt if any such expedition will ever be sent out."

Poor Old Dad Given Recognition at Last

CHICAGO, May 18.—Dr. James Russell Price of Chicago, told the Illinois Electric Medical Society Convention that the father is just as important in the evolution of the welfare of the race as the mother.

"I am not saying anything here regarding the mother's influence," said Dr. Price. "Mother's office has been magnified out of all proportion. I will bestow my admiration on the madonnas at all times and in all places.

"But many years of experience as a public school teacher and physician have convinced me beyond the shadow of a doubt of the truth of the old saying: 'As the father, so the child.'"

MULES DISPLACE FIRE DEPARTMENT HORSES

SAUGUS, MASS., May 18.—Mules are to-day taking the place of horses in the Saugus Fire Department. Captain Max Hatch, of Hose No. 2, gave the mules a good tryout. He found them speedy, instead of stubborn. Captain Hatch says that every time the fire bells ring the mules prick up their ears and are ready for the stall doors to swing open.

'AUTHORS SHOULDN'T LET HEROES ENJOY TOBACCO'

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., May 18.—Authors who permit their heroes to enjoy tobacco were roundly scored by the members of the local Woman's Christian Temperance Union to-day. J. M. Barrie's "My Lady Nicotine" was hit hardest, the women declaring it set a bad example by encouraging persons in real life to smoke.

FORREST ADAIR THANKS HEARST PAPERS FOR WORK IN THE SHRINER VICTORY

By FORREST ADAIR.

I HARDLY can find words in which to express my high appreciation of the good work done for Atlanta by Mr. Hearst and the Hearst newspapers in the matter of bringing next year's meeting of the Imperial Council of the Mystic Shrine to Atlanta.

Not only did Mr. Hearst give us the free and unlimited support of The Atlanta Georgian and The Sunday American, but every newspaper he owns in the United States was working for the Gate City.

I REGARD IT AS SIGNIFICANT THAT IN EVERY CITY, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, IN WHICH MR. HEARST HAS A NEWSPAPER, THE DELEGATIONS ATTENDING THE SHRINE MEETING IN DALLAS WERE FOR ATLANTA FIRST, LAST, AND ALL THE TIME.

I saw the effects of Mr. Hearst's work, time and again, as the fight progressed, and always it was hearty and effective in Atlanta's behalf.

The fine special Shriner edition of The Atlanta Sunday American which Mr. Hearst sent to Dallas was read widely and went far toward convincing the delegates that Atlanta is the place to hold next year's meeting.

And last of all, I thank The Georgian and Sunday American for having a personal representative on the ground in Dallas to keep the home folks informed promptly and fully of the proceedings as they developed.

Atlanta won a magnificent victory, through the assembling of numerous influences, and no one deserves more praise to-day than does Mr. Hearst and his newspapers.

He and they have proven themselves to be Atlanta's loyal and enthusiastic friends.

In this statement I am joined cordially by Mr. Hinds, Mr. Foster and Mr. Hutcheson, the other members of the committee from Yaarab Temple having in charge Atlanta's interests in Dallas.

MEXICAN SOCIAL LEADERS BAR U. S. GOODS

Boycott, Caused by Refusal to Recognize Huerta Regime, Spreads Rapidly.

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

MEXICO CITY, May 18.—The Boycott against American merchants declared by leading society women of Mexico City is spreading rapidly. At a mass-meeting an anti-American resolution was passed condemning the American government for not recognizing the Huerta administration and many persons pledged themselves to join the boycott. Some stores displayed signs to-day reading:

"Only Mexican and European goods sold here."

The press has taken up the boycott idea and is attempting to inflame the populace against United States goods.

Orozco, Traitor, Is Report.

A report was current here to-day that Pascual Orozco, Jr., formerly one of Huerta's most formidable enemies, but who swore allegiance to the Huerta government six weeks ago, again has changed his colors and has cast his lot with the Carranza rebels in Nuevo Leon. Orozco has a big following in the north.

Although congress is rushing the bill authorizing the borrowing of $85,000,000 abroad, the newspaper, El pais, states "on the best of authorities" that the foreign financiers will refuse to make the loan until the government at Washington recognizes the government at Mexico City.

Papers Attack Wilson.

Mexican newspapers are making violent attacks on President Wilson. El Imparcial declares it is President Wilson's policy to let Mexico destroy itself for lack of financial help, and when the state of chaos is complete to annex the republic to the United States. La Tribuna says:

"The attitude of the United States is suspicious."

The Herald says President Wilson is being informed by rebel Juntas in the United States.

"BEWARE OF SLIM MEN; THEY'RE CRANKS," SHE SAYS

BOSTON, May 18.—"Beware of slim men, for they're cranky ninety-nine times out of every hundred," is the warning given by Mrs. Blanche Mae Chandler of Revere, the professional nurse who yesterday said that earning one's own living was a far easier task than being a wife. Mrs. Chandler is being sued for divorce.

"Never marry," she said, "until you are certain that the man you intend choosing has perfect poise, both mentally and physically. Stout women should never marry slim men.

FATTEST "PORK BARREL" NOW BEING BUILT

"Economical" Democratic Administration Plans Distribution of $300,000,000.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The fattest "pork barrel" in the history of the nation is being built by the most "economical" Democratic Administration. It will hold $300,000,000 of "fat" and will be distributed through the medium of the new House Committee on Public Roads. The money will be distributed at the rate of $50,000,000 a year for six years.

In authorizing this committee, the House "acceded" to the wishes of the President, who originated such a committee in the New Jersey Legislature, but, to be sure, it had no such fabulous amount at its disposal.

The plan of those behind the movement for Federal assistance in the building of roads contemplates the issue of bonds for the entire amount, the proceeds to be parcelled out in six equal instalments. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., formerly Senator from Oregon, is pushing the project.

Chairman Underwood, of the House Committee on Committees, declares this committee will be named and take charge of the many bills for road improvement now pending before Congress. It will relieve the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads.

With the organization of this standing committee the Committees on Public Buildings and on Rivers and Harbors will no longer be the premier "Pork barrel" committees.

The Committee on Public Roads will assume that distinction. The Rivers and Harbors appropriation bill last year carried about $40,000,000 and the Public Buildings bill about $30,000,000.

This new committee arrangement defines the attitude of the Democratic Administration and of the Democrats in Congress. A fight was made against battleship construction and authorization during the last session. But one battleship was authorized. It will cost about $16,000,000.

BROTHER OF KIRKWOOD WOMAN DIES IN CAROLINA

AUGUSTA, GA., May 18.—F. F. Mosley, a prominent farmer, is dead at his home in Edgefield, S. C., of pneumonia. He is survived by a wife and mother, Mrs. L. C. Mosley, of Grovetown, Ga., and three sisters, Mrs. Mrs. F. W. Scofield, of Kirkwood, Atlanta, Ga., Mrs. W. B. Love, of Augusta, and Mrs. Dawson Avary, of Cordele. He was a nephew of Captain James L. Fleming, president of the Board of Education of Richmond County.

MINE CAMP ABUSES ARE DETAILED TO KERN

Women Terribly Kicked by Guards, Says "Mother" Jones of W. Virginia Situation.

OTHERS DRIVEN FROM HOME IN COLD WEATHER

Inhuman Treatment Accorded Wives and Mothers in "Bull-pen," Witnesses Declare.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Further communications regarding peonage and "Russianism" in West Virginia have reached Senator Kern.

Mother Jones, in describing the brutality witnessed by her in West Virginia, said:

"I saw a woman named Silvie, who had been so terribly kicked by the mine guards, when she was about to become a mother, that her child was born dead.

"I saw three married women and one single girl of 17 years penned up in the military bastile of the free State of West Virginia while guards marched outside. These women were in mortal terror. They were subjected to indignities that are almost inconceivable in this free country.

"I saw women and their babies—thirty or more of them—driven out of their miserable mine company shacks at Marcy, which go under the title of homes, forced to sleep under the sky in cold weather, until we, the miners' organizations, got tents for them.

"I know of another case of a woman in the Sheltering Arms Hospital at Holly Grove, beaten and bruised by guards.

Brutality of Guards.

"Outside the bull pen, in which I was until last week, I have seen mothers calling piteously for their husbands; I have seen children weeping in their mothers' arms, pleading for a chance to speak with their fathers. But the guards turned a deaf ear to all the entreaties and sent the women away.

"Children are forced to go into the coal pits as breakers. Their meager wage is needed for the home.

"Big, strong men have come to me pleading for help. They came by night, for they knew that the mine guards would blackjack them in daylight.

"I have known of cases of boys shanghaied for mine work. I have seen the asylums fill because of the terrible system that sapped soul and body.

"I know that the authorities have threatened to arrest two newspaper men if they came within the martial law zone, but I do know that this story is now going out to the civilized world, and that the press can not be blocked by such methods."

Women Shot in Fight.

W. R. Fairley, in outlining conditions, sad:

"I found only a few weeks ago in the Paint Creek district the case of a 17-year-old girl, named Claypool, forced by the guards to wade an ice-cold stream rather than take a road to the bridge a short distance away. Her case is the subject of an affidavit in the West Virginia State Commission's investigation.

"I saw another woman, whose feet had been shot by the guards. She will be a cripple for life. She was hidden behind her own door in a back room. Her husband, a miner in the Paint Creek district, had hidden himself in the cellar. Baldwin guards deliberately fired on the house. The bullets ricocheted through four rooms, struck a Bible and a table and finally wounded the woman. Her husband's offense was nothing. Hers was—the Lord knows what.

"I know of still another case where the guards in the Paint Creek district were beating a husband to death when the wife interfered. They turned on her. She was in a delicate condition. When her child was born it was dead.

Strangers Hurried Out.

"I know that for years the mine guards have been stopping strangers as they get off the trains throughout the coal field districts. They asked the visitor's business. If he did not answer, or if the answer was unsatisfactory, he was told, 'Get back in the train,' or, if the train had moved on, he was ordered to keep going down the track and 'to be d—d sharp about it.'"

British Press Sees War Between Japs And U.S. Not Unlikely

LONDON, May 18.—In discussing the California alien land ownership controversy the Pall Mall Gazette to-day says:

"The opinion that the Japanese will never go to war to enforce their treaty rights in California is one of those dangerous generalities which lead nations blindfold to the brink of the pit. It would be a grave mistake to underestimate the chances of a conflict between the United States and Japan. Should war break out the sympathy of Australia, New Zealand and Western Canada would be violently on the side of the United States."

Thaw Denounced as Tarantula in Forest

NEW YORK, May 18.—Harry Kendall Thaw was denounced as "a murderer without conscience or integrity" by Attorney Arthur Palmer to-day when he began summing up for the defense in the trial of John N. Anhut, under indictment for bribery in connection with a plea to free Thaw from Matteawan. A verdict before night is probable.

The attorney declared Thaw would swear to anything.

"Thaw is like a tarantula in a forest," said Palmer. "His hands reek with blood; his eyes gleam with insanity."

Taft's Son in Debut as 'Old Clothes' Man

CAMBRIDGE, May 18.—Robert A. Taft, son of the ex-President, made his debut as an "old clothes" man at Harvard when he canvassed the college inmates of Craig Hall, where he resides.

The collections were for the Phillips Brooks House Association, which makes an annual pilgrimage through the dormitories gathering magazines, books, furniture and clothing of every variety. The magazines and clothing are given to charitable institutions, while the books and furniture go to needy students.

Girl, 6 Years Old, Dies of 'Old Age'

CLEVELAND, OHIO, May 18.—Cleveland medical circles to-day was deeply interested in the death of Dora Grzybeck, a 6-year-old girl, who died of "old age."

The child's hair was as white as that of an aged person, her face wrinkled and her whole appearance that of a woman of 70 years.

The disease of which the child died is known as Raynaud's disease, and is rare. The Coroner said he knew of only one other such case during his years of practice.

Students Bar Dance and Accept Prayers

MALDEN, MASS., May 18.—To dance or pray—that was the question in Malden. It was up to the juniors in the Malden High School to decide which it should be, and they chose prayer.

The vote came as a result of a protest made by Malden ministers against the dances the juniors give on Friday nights. These are prayer meeting nights.

The juniors decided the ministers were eminently correct.

BRENAU PRESIDENT MUST ANSWER POLICE CHARGE

ROME, GA., May 18.—Dr. T. J. Simmons, president of Brenau College at Gainesville, must appear in police court at Rome to answer a charge of maintaining a nuisance or be arrested. This is a decision reached by City Attorney Meyerhardt.

Dr. Simmons was notified to remove an old structure, a historic building of Shorter College. It was claimed the structure was unsafe and insanitary.

EDGEWOOD WINS SECOND GAME FROM FORMWALT

Edgewood won the second game of the championship series with Formwalt yesterday afternoon by the score of 9 to 2.

Smith twirled as good, if not a better, game than on the opening day game. He fanned fifteen men, walked one and gave up only five hits, all of which were widely scattered. Rives starred at the bat, securing three hits out of five trips to the pan.

Wallace did not hold up under the strain of pitching two days in a row, being hammered hard by Edgewood batters. He was rapped for ten bingles.

PURE WATER ON TRAINS AND BOATS IS ORDERED

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Walter provided for passengers on railroad trains and inland steamers, engaged in interstate traffic must be examined and approved by a State or municipal authority, according to a new ruling by the Public Health Service. Ice for drinking water also must be tested and found pure.

Royalty Gathers for Wedding
Princess Louise Bride This Week
Kaiser Real Host----Berlin Agog

Princess Luise, only daughter of the Kaiser, who will become a bride this week.

City Brilliant and Gay as Week of Notable Events Arrives.

BERLIN, May 18.—With every prominent hotel of Berlin crowded with diplomats, royalty, nobles and ordinary visitors, and the city and vicinity overflowing with secret agents and secret police of about every country in Europe, and still more to come, everything is in readiness to-day for the wedding this week of Princess Victoria Luise, only daughter of the Kaiser, to Prince Ernst August, son of the Duke of Cumberland.

So crowded have conditions become that the Kaiser was compelled to make reservationse at hotels for some of his most distinguished royal guests. The first and second floors of the Hotel Adlon have been reserved for his three sisters and Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia, who, by the way, celebrate on the day of the wedding their own silver anniversary. A large part of the suite of King George and Queen Mary of Great Britain will also be quartered at the Hotel Adlon.

Every train into Berlin brings more noted visitors and guests. In the remarkable flow of distinguished persons into this city the arrival of mere ordinary nobles has been completely overlooked. One has to be a prince, a grand duke, a duke or have royal blood connections somewhere to even attract attention.

Guards on Hand for Czar.

Mysterious strangers with Russian accents drop off every train. They are Russian secret police, here to protect the Czar and Czarina. German secret agents scrutinize all arrivals for possible anarchists, nihilists or international thieves, for probably never before has there been so great a gathering of royalty, peers and the just plain wealthy.

Wedding gifts valued at millions of dollars have been arriving for some time past, and these gifts are protected as only are the members of a royal household.

On every side there is a hustle and bustle evidencing very plainly the close approach of some signal event. Many different languages are heard upon the streets, and the least of these is not English. Many Americans are here and, with lavish use of money, have rented hotel suites the equal in luxury of those reserved for the royal guests.

The marriage of the Princess Luise and Prince Ernst will be a case of reconciliation of the Capulets and Montagus, uniting once more the House of Hohenzollern and the Brunswick-Lunebourg branch of the House of Guelph.

After many days of labor the princess' trousseau is at last in readiness. This bridal garment is most gorgeous. No detail has been overlooked. It is said here that for patriotic reasons the trousseau was made in this city, but it has been learned that the design and much of the lace came from Paris.

On Thursday next the celebration of the wedding to last three days will commence with a gala opera evening. On the following day a banquet of state will take place, and on the day after that the ceremony will be performed. The civil ceremony will take place in the new Marble Palace at Potsdam, but the religious ceremony will be performed in this city.

Attendants upon the princess will be four of the most beautiful princesses of Turope. They are Princess Mary, daughter of King George and Queen Mary, of Great Britain; the Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of Czar Nicholas, of Russia; Princess Yolanda, of Italy, and the Princess Elizabeth, daughter of King Charles, of Roumania.

Prince of English House.

The full name of the princess is Victoria Luise Mathilda Charlotte Hohenzollern, Princess of Prussia. The prince's full name is Ernst August Christian eGorge, of the Brunswick-Lunebourg branch of the House of Guelph. He is a prince of Great Britain and Ireland and entitled to a seat in the British House of Lords, and is anephew of the Queen Mother, Alexandra, of England.

The Duke of Cumberland was removed from the throne of Hanover when that state became a part of Prussia. Since the Duke of Cumberland insisted upon his right to that throne despite the fact that he had been deposed, Prussia refused to permit him or his heirs to mount the throne of the Duchy of Brunswick, to which throne he was also entitled. It was because of this that the houses of Cumberland and Hohenzollern were estranged, for the Duke of Cumberland swore at his dying father's bedside that he could never become reconciled with the reigning family of Prussia, and Emperor William of Germany is also King of Prussia. But now all of that has been settled and Prince Ernst, son of the Duke of

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

NEW PHAGAN WITNESSES HAVE BEEN FOUND

Solicitor General Dorsey Declares Work of His Greatest Detective Has Been Completed.

WELCOMES AID OF BURNS IN CLEARING UP MYSTERY

Handwriting Expert at Work on Clews Furnished by Notes Found in Pencil Factory.

Solicitor Hugh M. Dorsey said today that his "greatest detective in America" would not figure again in the Phagan investigation, and that it was extremely doubtful whether he would be recalled to testify at the trial.

"He has finished his investigation," said the Solicitor, "and we have no further need for him. A detective is one thing and a witness is another. His investigation led us to witnesses. It is not necessary for him, or any detective, to tell the jury what a disinterested witness will tell."

He would not say, however, whether his decision not to put the "greatest in America" on the witness stand would apply to the city, Pinkerton and Burns detectives.

Grand Jury Meets Wednesday.

The Solicitor announced that the Grand Jury would meet next Wednesday for an extra session, but said it was hardly probable the Phagan case would be considered then. He said there were a number of cases that demanded attention and the extra session would more than likely be called to dispose of everything on the calendar to prepare for the session Friday, when the Phagan case would more than likely be presented.

Mr. Dorsey said that his interview of Friday, in which he said the Burns men would work under the same conditions as the Pinkertons, had been misconstrued by some to mean that the services of the great detective were not needed.

Welcomes Burns' Aid.

He said that he did not intend to create that impression, when as a matter of fact he would welcome Mr. Burns in the case and give him every co-operation, except giving out information or evidence that had already been secured. He will continue to examine witnesses up to the day the case goes to the Grand Judy, he said.

Bernard L. Chappell, attorney for the negro, Newt Lee, said Saturday morning that unless the Grand Jury acted on the Phagan case next week he would bring habeas corpus proceedings in an effort to secure his release.

Pursue Writing Clews.

With powerful miscroscopes, magnifying glasses and a series of reflecting mirrors Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey and the city detectives, assisted by a handwriting expert, who is said to be one of the best in the country, are minutely examining the "handwriting clews" in the Phagan mystery. They confidently expect important developments.

Solicitor Dorsey would not disclose the identity of the expert on penmanship because, he said, the man's services were voluntary and given with the understanding that he was not to be known unless it became absolutely necessary to place him on the witness stand. The Solicitor said, however, that he was one of the best in the country, and the great detective agencies considered his tests infallible.

The two notes found in the basement of the pencil factory, specimen of the handwriting of the two men held in the Tower in connection with the murder, letters and notes written by the slain girl and the handwriting on the books of the pencil factory are being subjected to rigid tests. Accurate measurements of each letter and each word, the angle of the slant in forming the letters and the formation of certain letters that experts claim no two men write alike, are some of the tests applied.

Burns Man Works Quietly.

The Burns investigator who took up the case Friday morning has not yet reported to the office of the Solicitor. He is quietly and systematically working out his own idea of the case after a comprehensive outline given him by Colonel Thomas B. Felder. He has succeeded so far in keeping his identity secret.

Colonel Felder was confident the

DETECTIVE FINDS NEW PHAGAN WITNESSES

Solicitor Declares Sleuth He Engaged Has Quit Case After Finishing Allotted Task.

Continued From Page 1.

Burns agency, would satisfactorily conduct and conclude the Phagan case.

"We will have the slayer in less than a month," said Colonel Felder. "I am confident the Burns men will meet with every success. With Mr. Burns in Europe, the man he has sent to Atlanta is certainly the best detective in America. He has charge of the Burns work in this country and is his chief's right-hand man. Mr. Burns himself will be on the scene shortly after June 1, and then I am confident the case will be cleared up beyond any shadow of a doubt."

Believe Newt Lee Innocent.

Officers working to solve the Phagan strangling mystery Saturday declared they were more firmly convinced that Newt Lee, the negro night watchman, had no hand in the tragedy and that he has told all he knows, as the result of a conversation between the night watchman and two other negro prisoners in the Tower which was overheard by Deputy Sheriff Drew Liddell.

The deputy "shadowed" Lee's cell for 35 minutes, while the night watchman, unconscious of the fact that an officer was secreted but a few steps away, casually discussed the great pencil factory crime with Oscar Dewberry, a negro under sentence of death, and Jack Wright, a negro murder suspect brought here from Gwinnett County for safe keeping.

To these fellow prisoners Lee time and again protested his innocence, and insisted that he knew nothing more of the tragedy than what he had told the officers, that he absolutely had no part in it beyond the finding of the slain girl's body in the basement.

Whether this incident will figure in any way in the investigation before the Grand Jury has not been announced by Solicitor Dorsey.

Deputies Try Strategy.

Deputy Liddell first visited the Tower with Deputy Lon Burdett and talked with the negro. Lee related the same story told to detectives and to the Coroner's jury. The detective then determined on a ruse. He told the negro he would be back and talk to him again, and the second time returned with Deputy John Owens and J. L. Coogler, a court officer.

When Lee had again reiterated his same story the trio of officers left the cell. As Owens and Coogler walked away, Liddell, however, noiselessly stepped behind two big steam pipes just on the outside of the negro's cell. The other two officers walked heavily enough to leave the impression that all three had gone.

As the footsteps died away in the distance on the metallic floor Jack Wright asked Lee:

"Say, why don't you tell them white folks what you know about that killing? If you know who done it, tell 'em, that's the best way."

Lee replied without hesitation:

"I ain't going to tell no lie about it. I can't help what they do with me; I ain't going to lie.

"I've done told them all I know.

None Secured Information.

The Gwinnett negro then asked Lee if he knew the girl's body was in the basement before the time he discovered it at 3:30 o'clock in the morning.

"Good gracious, nigger, I'd tore that building down getting out of there if I'd known that body was in the basement," exclaimed the night watchman.

Game Lost, Boy Dies Of a Broken Heart

ST. PAUL, MINN, May 18.—A broken heart, caused by the loss of the pennant by the team of his school, for which he pitched, caused the death of Willie Lieser, aged 19.

The lad had pitched his team to victory several times, and on the day of the championship game a slight illness kept him at home. His team lost through the ineffective pitching of his successor, and a few minutes after he learned of the defeat Willie died.

Doctors said a broken heart was the cause.

BANK OFFICER CONVICTED OF PURLOINING CIGARS

EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL., May 18.—five counts was the verdict of the jury that tried Grant Stafford, vice president of a bank here, on a charge of stealing cigars from local dealers.

The testimony was to the effect that Stafford took more cigars than he paid for.

A NERVE TONIC
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Recommended for relief of insomnia, impaired nerve force and fatigue. Invigorates the entire system. Adv.

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT DISCOURSES TO BE DELIVERED HERE SUNDAY WILL BE THAT OF A NOTED LECTURER, O. L. SULLIVAN, NEW YORK, AT CABLE HALL AT 3 P. M. HE WILL SPEAK ON "THE RESURRECTION, OR LIFE BEYOND THE GRAVE."

Proposed Church Amalgamation of National Bodies Applauded Wildly in Convention

United Presbyterian Churches of North America To Be New Name of Combination

Completion of Union Goes Over for a Year for Final Perfection of Details.

MASS MEETING TO-NIGHT.

Joint gathering, at 8 p. m., in the Auditorium, on general theme, "Christian Social Service."

Address by Dr. Charles Stelzle, of New York, superintendent bureau of social service, U. S. A. Assembly, presiding officer of the evening.

"Christian Citizenship and the Social Evil"—Address by Marion M. Jackson, of Atlanta.

"The Church and Its Relation to Industrial and Social Problems"—Address by James A. MacDonald, managing editor The Toronto Globe.

Plans for the union of the Southern and United Presbyterian Assemblies, which, if effected, will precipitate one of most momentous changes in the history of religious work in the United States, were submitted to United States, have been submitted to those bodies.

The new body will be known as the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Churches of North America.

Committees were appointed by both bodies with instructions to hold a joint conference with a view to bringing about the amalgamation. Dr. J. K. McClurkin was made chairman of the United Assembly committee. Articles were drawn up showing the present differences in religious worship between the two bodies, and a discussion as to the remedy of the conditions was had.

Rev. Dr. J. W. Stagg, President Alabama Presbyterian College, Anniston, Ala.

Rev. T. P. Cleveland, Atlanta (left), meets Rev. John Gordon Law, Walhalla, S. C.

T. W. Milner, Cartersville, at the left, and William Baker, of Sedalia, Mo., discussing the Assemblies.

Proposal Greatly Applauded.

Before the Southern Assembly Rev. R. C. Reed read a report on the proposed union.

At both meetings the proposed combination met with unanimous approval. Tremendous applause followed its proposal.

While the amalgamation will not be attempted in the present Assemblies, the committees appointed by each have been instructed to draw up articles and in conferences to be held in the year to come to eliminate these differences and pave the way for the great union.

Dr. Reed was authorized to convey to the Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church the action of this Assembly regarding the conference.

Basis of Proposed Union.

The text of the report of the conference on the Union of the Southern Presbyterian Church and the United Presbyterian Church is as follows:

"To the Venerable, the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States.

"Your committee, appointed by the last Assembly, to confer with a similar committee of the United Presbyterian Church in reference to the organic union of the two bodies, would respectfully report as follows, viz.:

"Your committee held a meeting in the city of Nashville, Tenn., in the month of September, 1912, for the purpose of coming to an understanding as to the propositions which it would be proper for us to make in a joint meeting of the two committees. After a day of earnest conference, a paper was adopted covering all the points which, in the judgment of your committee, should be considered in the joint sessions of the committees.

Committees Meet Again.

"On the 4th day of December, 1912, in the parlor of the Ebbitt House, Washington City, the committees met and entered into conference at 10 a. m. The paper adopted by your committee was presented. A similar paper, previously adopted by the committee of the United Presbyterian Church, was also presented. These papers furnished the materials of a conference lasting through the whole day.

"The object of each committee was to present not individual views and preferences, but what was believed to be the views and preferences of the church represented. A beautiful spirit of fraternal love and confidence marked the discussions, and the utmost frankness characterized the interchange of ideas. It is to be regretted that not all the members of either committee were present. There were, however, a majority of each committee present, and they agreed, without a dissenting vote, to recommend to the two Assemblies a basis of union.

No Difference on Principles.

"As to the principles involved in this basis, there was no difference of opinion, but there was not perfect agreement touching the ording of one of the articles. In the hope of reaching a perfect agreement on this point, a joint meeting of the two committees was held in the city of Atlanta, Ga., on the evening of May 13, 1913. This conference was also characterized by perfect candor. While on one or two points the committees could not see eye to eye, they unanimously agreed to lay before each Assembly the fruits of their labors as a basis of union between the two bodies.

"In accordance with this agreement, your committee respectfully presents to your venerable body the following as the basis agreed upon, viz:

Common Standing Ground.

"Believing in the essential oneness of the church of Christ; remembering the historic lines that bind us to revered ancestors, who witnessed valiantly for the truth as it is in Jesus and through whom has come to us a common heritage of Christian faith and doctrine; desiring to prove faithful in the custodianship of this inheritance and aiming only for the glory of God in the higher advancement and wider extension of His kingdom upon earth, we, the members of the Presbyterian Church in the United States and the members of the Presbyterian Church of North America, do find a common standing ground in the following statements, and upon the basis of these fundamental truths we covenant to join our ecclesiastical bodies in organic unity:

The Articles.

"1. The doctrinal standards now held in common by these two churches, viz, the Westminster Confession of Faith, the Larger and Shorter Catechisms, shall be the doctrinal standards of the United Church.

"2. The standards are to be interpreted in their natural and obvious meaning, and no one shall be authorized to teach or preach in the United Church who can not give an unqualified assent to the doctrinal system contained in these standards.

The united church would bear emphatic testimony to the following doctrines as essential parts of the aforesaid system:

(a) The integrity of the Holy Scriptures. The Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments are to be received as the very word of God, and their authority is to be recognized as the only infallible rule of faith and life.

"Father and Son One.

(b) "Our Lord Jesus Christ is not only the Son of God in respect to His natural, necessary and eternal relation to the Father, but also the true and supreme God, being one in essence with the Father and the Holy Spirit."

(c) "Our Lord Jesus Christ, besides the dominion which belongs to Him as God, has, as our God-man Mediator, a twofold dominion with which He has been invested by the Father as the reward of His sufferings. These are: A dominion over the church, of which He is the living head and lawgiver and source of all that divine influence and authority by which she is sustained and governed, and also a dominion over all created epsrons and things, which is exercised by Him in subserviency to the manifestation of God's glory in the system of redemption and the interests of His church."

Atonement for Sin.

(d) As to the constitution of the person of our Redeemer, the Scriptures plainly teach that He was conceived by the Holy Ghost in the womb of the Virgin Mary and was born without a human father. He lived a life of perfect obedience, and by the shedding of His blood made full atonement for sin and purchased redemption for his people.

(e) "The Holy Spirit, the third person of the Trinity, eternally proceeding from the Father and the Son, does, by a direct operation accompanying the word, so act on the soul as to quicken, regenerate and sanctify it; it is His to take of the things of Christ and show them unto men; and without His direct operation the soul would persist in rejecting the truths of God's word and would refuse to yield to the motives which it presents." In His gracious work, the Holy Spirit is the revealer of Christ, the interpreter of His word and the comforter of the believer.

In addition to these essential doctrines, the united church would lift into prominence:

The Church's Mission.

The mission of the church: We believe that the Gospel of the Son of God is the only hope of a sinful, dying world. We recognize in the commands of Christ the urgent call to the evangelization of the world and we bow before the imperative duty of sending the message of the Word for a witness among all nations.

The exclusively spiritual character of the church's mission. This union is based on the statement of our common Confession of Faith, viz., "Synods and Councils are to handle or conclude nothing but that which is ecclesiastical; and are not to intermeddle with civil affairs which concern the commonwealth, unless by way of humble petition in cases extraordinary; or by way of advice for satisfaction of conscience, if they be thereunto required by the civil magistrate."

Everyday Christianity.

The exclusively spiritual character of the mission of the church does not imply that the church owes no duty to civil society. On the contrary it is the imperative duty of the church, through its members as citizens of the civil commonwealth to apply the principles of Christianity to all the political, social and industrial conditions of society.

4. The supreme judicatory of the United Church shall be a General Assembly, the official title of which shall be "The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America," it being understood and agreed that this shall not affect local and historic names of churches, Presbyteries and Synods.

Form of Church Order.

5. As to the basis of representation and in the conduct and the proceedings of the First General Assembly, the Book of Church Order of the Presbyterian Church in the United States shall be authoritative.

6. The subordinate courts of the church shall continue to use provisionally the book of rules under which they have hitherto been governed.

7. The Synods and Presbyteries shall remain as at present constituted until such time as it shall manifestly appear that some change is needed for the best interest of the cause and Kingdom of Christ.

Executive Agencies to Continue.

8. All executive agencies shall continue as at present, and congregations shall continue to send their contributions through the customary channels. But these executive agencies shall co-operate with each other as far as practicable in the circumstances, and shall seek to devise some method by which, with the authoritative action of the General Assembly, and the approbation of the whole church, they can become completely identified. Before, however, such complete consolidation takes place, careful steps shall be taken after consultation with competent attorneys to safeguard and preserve all property rights affected by the union of churches.

On Singing Psalms.

9. There is a difference in the historic faith and practice of the two churches touching the matter of praise in the worship of God. The one church holds the belief that the Book of Psalms is the perfect and divinely accredited manual of praise, and as such is to be used in worship to the exclusion of all devotional compositions of uninspired persons.

The other, while believing that the Psalms of Scripture were designed for permanent use in the church, and should have a large place in Christian worship, yet hold that other compositions that are in harmony with the teaching of Scripture may, with propriety and profit, be used in congregational singing.

This difference is frankly recognized, but holding our respective views, in the forbearance of love, we suggest the following as a practicable basis:

Believe Psalter Inspired.

We believe that the Psalter of the Bible, the Psalms of David, is an inspired manual of praise and that the Spirit of God indicted these songs to be used in the worship of the people of God to the end of time. The United Church will, therefore, take immediate steps to introduce to all its congregations, by indorsing and recommending the Psalms of the Bible in the best metrical version as a divinely accredited book of praise. But while strongly commending the use of the Psalms, it is agreed that each church in our respective synods shall be allowed in the matter of congregational singing the same liberty which it now enjoys.

"Sole View to Honor Christ."

Finally, recognizing that it is impossible to make specific provision for all points of difference that may arise, it is understood that these churches enter the union in the spirit of mutual confidence and Christian love, and with a sole view to the honor of Christ and the extension of His Kingdom.

"It follows from this that the law of Christian charity as expounded by the Apostle Paul must be our guide: 'Let us not therefore judge one another any more; but judge ye this rather that no man put a stumbling block in his brother's way.' 'Let each of us please his neighbor for that which is good unto edifying.' 'doing nothing through faction or through vainglory, but in lowliness of mind, each counting other better than himself; not looking each of you to his own things, but each of you also to the things of others.'

"The Presbyterian Church in the United States:
"R. C. Reed.
"John F. Cannon.
"S. L. Morris.
"The United Presbyterian Church of North America:
"J. K. McClurkin.
"W. C. Williamson.
"J. C. Scouller.
"T. S. McMurray.

Delay Recommended.

"Your committee recommends that this report be not considered at this Assembly, but that it be placed on the docket for the consideration of the next Assembly. Your committee would mention two reasons for this course. First, this is the disposition which the committee of the United Presbyterian Church is going to ask their Assembly to make of their report, and it is desirable that the two bodies act in concert. Second, as this basis is new to our church, and as the two churches, occupying different territories, widely separated, are not well acquainted, a year should be allowed for both churches to acquaint themselves with the gravity of the step proposed.

"R. C. REED, Chairman.
"JOHN F. CANNON,
"S. L. MORRIS."

Elect Infant Clause Stands.

Report No. 1 of the standing committee on bills and overtures was submitted by Rev. T. S. Clyce, D.D., chairman.

This report had reference solely to the overtures relative to the "elect infant clause." It recommended: "In view of the fact that the question of amending this section (referring to Section 3, Chapter X of the Confession of Faith(has been before the church for thirteen years and the church has not agreed on the form of change to be made, and in view of the further fact that the Assembly of 1902 (Alexander's Digest, Revised, page 8) declared that the Holy Scriptures amply warrant us in believing that all infants who die in infancy are included in the election of grace and are regenerated and saved by Christ through the Spirit, which declaration we would here reaffirm, we recommend that no amendment for the present be sent down to the presbyteries."

This report was not adopted, however, but consideration was deferred until a later session of the Assembly, the moderator saying that in view of the facts that all of the overtures on this subject had not been tabulated, action at this time would not be advisable.

Atlanta Overture.

The overture by the Conference on Springs, Miss.; D. M. Douglas, Clinton, S. C.; L. R. Walker, DeFuniak Education in Atlanta to the General Assembly, with names attached of all representatives present, follows:

"That the Conference on Education in the Presbyterian Church of the United States, in meeting in Atlanta, Ga., May 13 and 14, 1913, overture the General Assembly convening in Atlanta May 15, 1913, to appoint an ad interim committee, composed of the executive secretary of Christian Education and Ministerial Relief as chairman and one member from each synod, to consider all matters relating to the discovery, definition, coordination and allied questions of the schools and colleges connected with our church; that this committee call the Christian educators of these schools and colleges into conference with themselves at Montreat, N. C., during July or August of this year to discuss matters coming under the purview of this committee, and that this committee report its findings, with or without recommendation, to the General Assembly of 1914."

Signed—F. H. Gaines, Atlanta, Ga., chairman; T. W. Raymond, Holly Springs, Fla.; J. A. Lyon, New Orleans, La.; M. E. Melvin, Fort Gibson, Miss.; George J. Ramsey, Raleigh, N. C.; W. E. B. Harris, Connasauga, Tenn.; W. M. Hunter, Williamsburg, Va.; J. P. Hall, Plumtree, N. C.; William Dinwiddie, Clarksville, Tenn.; S. C. Byrd, Greenville, S. C.; H. H. Sweets, Louisville, Ky.; E. Tufts, Banner Elk, N. C.; C. G. Vardell, Red Springs, N. C.; H. B. Arbuckle, Decatur, Ga.; W. L. Lingle, Richmond, Va.; W. L. Porter, Forsyth, Mo.; W. W. Moore, Richmond, Va.; W. J. Harris, Davidson, N. C.; T. W. Lingle, Davidson, N. C.; C. H. Atkinson, Albemarle, N. C.; R. E. Vinson, Austin, Tex.; W. E. Todd, Stuart, Va.; C. B. Yeargan, Franklin, N. C.; W. B. Morrison, Durant, Okla.; J. L. Caldwell, Charlotte, N. C.; Thornton Whaling, Columbia, S. C.; H. T. Graham, Hampden-Sidney, Va.; T. P. Junkin, Brownwood, Tex., secretary.

White City Park Now Open

SELF-MADE MAN BEST MINISTER, CHURCH SAYS

United Board of Education Tells Why It Quit Paying Students' College Courses.

Declaring that the man who hustles for the money to obtain his education is better prepared to preach than the man who is given aid, the annual report of the Board of Education of the United Presbyterian Church emphasizes the fact that the practice of aiding young men in their college work has practically been abandoned.

The wording of the paragraph relating to the aiding of young men in obtaining an education reads:

"One of the duties of the board, under its charter, is to assist pious young men in their literary and theological preparation for the ministry. The practice of aiding young men in their literary education has been practically abandoned. The large percentage of those aided not entering the ministry has discouraged the practice. Also the board has held the idea that the man is better prepared to preach, who, in hustling to obtain funds necessary for his education, gains first-hand information concerning the laboring man's problems, and also that invaluable experience of competing and working among men as a layman."

The following recommendations are embodied in the report of the Board of Education:

1. That the second Sabbath of February, 1914, and the Wednesday preceding the second Sabbath be observed as days of prayer in all our colleges, seminaries and congregations.

2. That the Assembly designate the offerings of the Sabbath schools for the month of February to the Board of Education.

3. That changes be made in the rules governing the granting of loans to medical mission students.

4. That the membership of the Board of Education be increased from nine to twelve members and that the board be authorized to elect consultive members as they may deem wise.

5. That the plan of college visitation be broadened in its scope so as to arrange for at least a week's evangelistic effort each year in each of our colleges.

6. That the assembly authorize the Board of Education to so enlarge the scope of its charter as to enable it to receive, hold and administer endowment funds.

GEORGIA NEWS IN BRIEF

Trade Board 20 Years Old.

COLUMBUS.—The Columbus Board of Trade is twenty years old, its first charter having just expired. Steps will be taken at once to secure a renewal of the charter.

Woman's Trial Deferred.

WAYCROSS.—An adjourned term of Ware Superior Court will be held here, starting June 23, for the purpose of trying Mrs. W. C. Lanier, whose husband was this week found guilty of the murder of their baby boy and given a life sentence.

Oratorical Contest Held.

OXFORD.—The annual Newton oratorical contest was held in Oxford Friday. Thirteen schools were represented. Professor J. O. Martin, County School Commissioner, presided. Major R. J. Guinn, of Atlanta, delivered the prizes.

Woman Held After Beer Raid.

COLUMBUS.—Mrs. M. L. Gorham, who conducts a small store in a residence section of the city, has been arrested because a quantity of whisky and beer was found in her place of business. She is being held for the grand jury under a $350 bond.

Bishop Candler at Columbus.

COLUMBUS.—Bishop Warren A. Candler, of Atlanta, will be in this city Sunday and will preach at the Methodist Tabernacle morning and night. The church is in the midst of a revival meeting.

HAVE YOU SORE GUMS OR LOOSE TEETH?

A prominent dentist, after years of experience, has found a home remedy that will cure Riggs' disease, bleeding, inflamed and spongy gums, and tighten loose teeth by rinsing the mouth.

Probably you have not enjoyed eating for some time. Get a bottle of STYP-STRING-ANT and that disease of the gums and teeth will be cured; therefore, aiding digestion. 50c bottle at all druggists, or parcel post, 55c in stamps. DeLamater-Lawrence Drug Company, wholesale distributors.

ONLY DAUGHTER OF KAISER TO BE BRIDE

Continued From Page 1.

Cumberland, is to become Duke of Brunswick and Grand Duke of Luneboung, giving him a rank with other rules of German states such as Bavaria.

New State For Prince.

Kaiser William has practically created a new state for the Prince. Part of this new state will be made up of a portion of Hanover. The Duchy of Brunswick is not a particularly large principality, but it compares favorably with some other German states.

Duke William I of Brunswick was born April 25, 1806, being the son of Duke Frederick William and Princess Marie and Baden. He was the last rightful occupant of the throne of Brunswick. The Duke of Cumberland became the heir to the throne, but for the reason given in the foregoing was not allowed to ascend it.

On the death of the late Regent of Brunswick Prince Albert of Prussia, on September 13, 1906, the suggestion was made that the Duke of Cumberland and his sons, having made themselves ineligible to the throne of Brunswick because of their claims to the throne of Hanover, the Duke's second son should be called.

On February 28, 1907, however, the Diet of Brunswick adopted the proposal of the Constitutional Commission which was unfavorable to the compromise suggestion, and on May 28, 1907, Johann Albrecht, Duke of Mecklenburg, was elected Prince Regent.

Old Regency Law.

The Brunswick Regency law was passed in 1879. It provided that if the legitimate heir to the throne be absent or prevented from assuming control, that a council of Regency, composed of the Ministers of State, Presidents of the Landtag and the Supreme Court should carry on the Government while the German Emperor assumed control of the military forces. If, after a year, the law provided, the rightful heir was still unable to claim the throne, the Landtag should elect a regent from among some of the non-reigning members of German reigning families.

Some idea of Brunswick may be obtained from the fact that it is 1,418 square miles in area and has a population of 494,387 (1910 census) or considerable less than either of the American cities of Boston or St. Louis. The capital of Brunswick is Braumschweig, with a population of 143,535, and it is probably here that the new Duchess of Brunswick and Grand Duchess of Lunebourg will live.

$1,350,000 Fines in Rate Cases Possible

WINFIELD, KANS., May 18.—Guilty on Five indictments of 63 counts to-day stood against four railroads and a New York coal company, charging the granting and acceptance of illegal freight rates. The Federal Grand Jury named the Vandalia, Big Four, Chicago, Indiana and Southern and Grand Trunk railroad and the O'Gara Coal Company of New York. The maximum fines for conviction on the 63 counts would be $1,350,000. The illegal rates named in the indictments were on coal shipments from Eldorado, Ill., to South Bend, Ind.

FRANCE PLACES WREATH ON GRAVE OF ENGINEER

ROME, GA., May 18.—When R. B. Brooks, a Seaboard Air Line engineer, killed in a wreck this week, was buried, pretty Miss Lotti Dobbs, of Rome, bent over the grave and placed on it a wreath of flowers. On July 11 Miss Dobbs was to have married Brooks.

Institute at Valdosta.

VALDOSTA.—A summer institute for teachers will commence at the South Georgia State Normal College, in this city, on June 2 and continue until June 27. The institute will be under the direction of State Supervisor F. E. Land.

Nearly everybody in Atlanta reads The Sunday American. YOUR advertisement in the next issue will sell goods. Try it!

That Tired Feeling

That comes to you every spring is a sign that your blood is wanting in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that it is impure.

One of the great facts of experience and observation is that Hood's Sarsaparilla always removes That Tired Feeling, gives new life and courage.

Do not delay treatment, but begin at once to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Get it to-day in usual liquid form or in the tablets called Sarsatabs.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants. 3c each. Atlanta Floral Co., 555 E. Fair Street.

ATLANTA MATINEES MONDAY WED. and SAT. 25c Nights 15c to 50c
ALL THIS WEEK Miss Billy Long Co. In a Farce With 1,000 Laughs Are You a Mason? NEXT—"THE DEEP PURPLE" Seats Now.

FORSYTH KEITH VAUDEVILLE Mat. Daily Evening 8:30
PAUL DICKEY & CO. APOLLO TRIO—NEWHOFF & PHELPS—BILLY WELLS—CLARENCE WILBUR CO.—MAYO & ALLMAN & OTHERS
Next Week ADAM & EVE World's Greatest Monkeys

MODERATOR STONE ON POLITICS IN THE ASSEMBLY

At the opening of the Presbyterian Assembly of the Northern Church on Monday the newly elected moderator, Rev. Dr. Stone, made the following brief reference to the published report that he had been chosen to his high office through "political pull:"

Gentlemen, I ask you to give your undivided attention for a moment. We are here as representatives of a great church to do the work of the church. We have no right to allow any personalities or any diverging thoughts to control our time. I believe that the newspapers which have so well reported, and are reporting, the work of the assembly are intending in every way to do the work of God with us. If any have erred in judgment let us overlook it, or, better still, look not at it. I have not seen the morning paper, and I beg of you not to take my time discussing personal matters. I wish to state all I have to say is, I believe in my Lord, I believe in my brother and I believe in doing my duty.

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VOL. XI. NO. 246. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913. 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

HOME EDITION

BURNS AGENT OUTLINES PHAGAN THEORY

Famous Detective's Aid, C. W. Tobie, Issues First Statement on Work in Slaying Case.

C. W. Tobie, manager of the criminal department of the W. J. Burns Detective Agency, Monday made public his theory of the murder of Mary Phagan. For the first time the man who is representing Burns in Atlanta's greatest mystery until the noted detective arrived consented to see reporters.

Tobie's theory is that Mary Phagan was murdered inside the National Pencil plant by some one familiar with the premises, and that her body was dragged to the basement for purposes of concealment and probably destruction. He scouted the idea she was killed on the outside and dragged inside, and declared that too much buncombe has been given out by men who have only muddied the waters.

While no new arrests are expected immediately, Tobie declared the mystery is not at all impossible of solution, and that the guilty man will be apprehended in due time. Meanwhile, he promised to issue statements telling the progress made from time to time.

Burns Expert's Theory.

Here is Tobie's theory as he outlined it to a Georgian reporter today:

Mary Phagan, while in the pencil factory, was approached by some one who made an improper proposal. She resented it and the man asked her to remain silent. She refused, saying she would report the affair to the proper authorities, and the man struck her, hurling her against a machine, the impact causing the skull wound.

Seeing the injury he had inflicted, the assailant became desperate. If the girl revived she would tell the story of the assault and he would be sentenced to the penitentiary. Actual murder and prompt disposition of the body offered the only possible escape, and this he concluded to do. He completed his work by tying a cord around the 14-year-old girl's neck and strangling her.

Intended to Burn Body.

The body was then taken to the basement of the factory, Tobie thinks, because the murderer intended to incinerate it.

There was no fire in the furnace, or not enough, or time was too short. The next possible ruse was to manufacture evidence that the murder had been committed on the outside and the body dragged in. The guilty man then pulled a staple out of the back basement door and dragged the body to make it appear it had been brought in from the outside.

"The door was opened from the inside," said Tobie. "All the abrasions are on the inside, and all the evidence points to the fact the door was forced from the inside. The murder was committed by some one familiar with the factory, one who had probably worked there, and the body was taken to the factory basement to hide the crime. The note found there was written for this purpose, also."

Big Developments Rumored.

Hurried conferences Monday at noon between Solicitor Dorsey and Chief of Detectives Lanford and then later between Chief Lanford and Pinkerton Detective Harry Scott led to persistent reports about the police station that important developments in the Phagan case were expected during the afternoon.

Neither of the officials, however, would divulge the nature of the conferences, further than to declare that [illegible] evidence [illegible]

[illegible] however [illegible] conferences, one directly [illegible] caused the

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

Here's the Prize List in Great Story Contest

Prizes aggregating $250 are offered by The Atlanta Georgian for the best solution of the great serial novel, "The Triple Tie," that begins today in The Georgian, as follows:

First Prize	*$100*
Second Prize	*50*
Third Prize	*25*
Fourth Prize	*15*
12 other prizes, each,	*5*

"The Triple Tie" will be run in generous daily installments until June 29, when the final chapter will be published. Synopsis of the last installment is now in the hands of Mr. T. J. Peeples, cashier of the American National Bank.

It will be held by him in a sealed envelope until a committee of three Atlanta citizens not connected in any way with The Georgian may select the winners of the prizes.

Mr. Hearst Guest At Luncheon Given By Robt. F. Maddox

Robert F. Maddox gave a luncheon in honor of William Randolph Hearst at the Capital City Club Monday at 1 o'clock.

The luncheon was informal, and was arranged to give Mr. Hearst an opportunity to become acquainted with representative men of Atlanta business and professional circles.

Among the guests were Governor-elect John M. Slaton, P. S. Arkwright, W. L. Peel, W. H. Kiser, F. J. Paxon, Forrest Adair, H. C. Worthen, John E. Murphy, James H. Nunnally, Hugh Murray, J. R. Gray, F. S. Ellis, Clark Howell, Jr., John S. Cohen, W. H. Brittain, J. K. Orr, Henry S. Johnson, Walter Rich, W. T. Gentry, Dr. W. S. Elkin, Thomas B. Felder, John W. Grant, Clifford L. Anderson, Judge W. T. Newman, W. W. Orr and Guy Barham, Los Angeles.

Fire in City Hall Basement; Smoke Routs Workers

Fire broke out in the basement of the City Hall at noon Monday and in a few minutes the whole building was so flooded with smoke that all work had to be suspended.

It started in the room where the health department's fumigating liquid and the gasoline supply are kept and for a brief time threatened to be serious.

The fire department soon put the flames out, but the calling out of all the nearby companies on account of the central location of the fire created considerable excitement in the streets and a great crowd gathered.

Governor Johnson Signs Anti-Jap Bill

SACRAMENTO, May 19.—Governor Johnson to-day signed the alien land bill.

1,000 Ways to Make Money

Do You Know the Easiest Way

Is Through a Georgian Want Ad

GREAT STORY STARTED IN GEORGIAN TO-DAY

'The Triple Tie,' Absorbing Baseball Romance, Offers Chance to Win $250 in Prizes.

The Georgian to-day begins the publication of a great serial story entitled, "The Triple Tie," which, it may be said with assurance, is the most interesting story that has been published for years.

In "The Triple Tie" romance, adventure and a great national sport are woven together in a most ingenious and fascinating way. The reader is kept constantly on the anxious seat, wondering what is coming next.

Readers of The Georgian will recall the queer picture of the man with the curling beard; the eyeglasses and the three ties on the bosom of his shirt that has been appearing in this newspaper for two weeks. That picture was published with the idea of exciting the reader's curiosity. The three ties were supposed to suggest the title of the story—"The Triple Tie."

Winners To Be Named Soon.

To stimulate interest in this great contest, The Georgian offered five prizes of $5 each for the best suggestions for a title for this story, based on the picture published. At the time the offer was made The Georgian placed in the hands of Mr. T. J. Peeples, cashier of the American National Bank, a sealed envelope containing the name of the story—"The Triple Tie."

A flood of answers was received by The Georgian. Everybody in Atlanta, young and old, was interested. The winners of this contest will be announced in the next few days.

The picture itself has nothing whatever to do with the story. The hero is a real, live, red-blooded young man, and the reader, be he man or be she woman, or young or old, will fall in love with Gordon Kelly, for such is the hero's name.

Chance to Win $250 in Prizes.

"The Triple Tie" will be published daily in The Georgian in generous installments. It will run until June 29. Toward the very close the serial will end abruptly at one of the most dramatic situations ever conceived by a novelist. Readers will then be asked to supply the solution to the several mysteries that are unsolved when the installments end.

This is not a guessing contest.

For the best solutions prizes aggregating $250 are offered by The Georgian. The first prize is $100, second prize $50, third prize $25, fourth prize $15, and there are also twelve prizes of $5 each.

ORIGINALITY, LITERARY VALUE AND ANALYTICAL CLEANNESS WILL BE CONSIDERED IN AWARDING THE PRIZES.

The Georgian assures its readers that "The Triple Tie" is a story of uncommon interest that will hold close attention from the beginning to the very end. It is handled by the author in a manner that is different from that of any novel we have ever read. It is written in brisk style and there is absolutely not a dull moment in the serial.

Be sure and begin reading "The Triple Tie" in The Georgian to-day.

Address all letters to Mystery Editor, Atlanta Georgian.

Atlantic Fleet in Night Maneuvers

NEWPORT, R. I., May 19.—Ten warships of the Atlantic fleet, led by the flagship Wyoming, left Narragansett Bay to-day for Block Island Sound for a week's maneuvers.

A feature of the maneuvers will be a night "attack" upon the fleet of submarines.

ASSEMBLY IS STIRRED BY HERESY CHARGE

Teachings of Union Theological Seminary Attacked in Northern Presbyterian Report.

Charges that heretical teachings are being spread by Union Theological Seminary, of New York, confronted the commissioners of the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at their session Monday afternoon.

The accusations were contained in one of the minority reports, already printed in The Georgian, of the special committee on the re-establishing of relations between the church and the seminary. The report was signed by Rev. F. C. Montfort, D. D., of Cincinnati.

The new theology was most vigorously attacked in the following paragraph of Dr. Montfort's report:

A theology which denies the supernatural; that regards sin not as the result of an 'abrupt transformation' or the fall, but as 'the survival of the animal in man,' and salvation 'not as an act,' but as 'a process rooted as sin is, in the nature of man,' that regards Christ 'not as God and man,' but as 'God in man' and 'a type to which all men are ultimately destined to conform,' and which acknowledges as man's supreme authority not the Scriptures, but the 'lightt hat is in him,' is not the theology of the Westminster Confession nor of the Presbyterian Church.

The Northern Assembly had been stirred by the charges that politics had brought about the election of Dr. John T. Stone as moderator. Dr. Stone at the beginning of the morning session took occasion to reply in a dignified manner, asking that all personalities be laid aside and that if any mistake had been made that it be overlooked.

The most pretentious plan for the amalgamation of the Presbyterian Churches of America was made public before the Northern Assembly. It proposed a union of all the family of Presbyterian Churches. Other proposals which have received indorsement have embraced the union of two or three of the branches. None before has ventured to suggest for actual consideration the union of all.

"Elect Infant Clause" to Stand.

The majority of the committee reported that prospects were favorable for a return to the former relations between the church and the seminary and that the directors of the institution appeared most willing to make all the changes desired by the representative of the Assembly. They asked that their committee be continued so that the work of reunion might be effected.

The committee having in hand the consideration of the "elect infant clause" reported to the Southern Assembly with the recommendation that the phrasing of the clause be let stand as it was.

Elect Infant Clause To Remain Unchanged.

The taking of the report of the permanent committee of systematic beneficence from the docket of the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church is anticipated with special interest. It is known that ten overtures have been presented to the Assembly from as many presbyteries touching this committee and that requests have been made for the full restoration of former powers of this committee.

During the Assembly of 1912 this committee was deprived of some of its power and seven members resigned.

The keenest interest was precipitated on the Assembly floor Monday when a second report touching the

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

'Dixie Girls' Charm Stage Asset' Gladys Hanson Counsels Friends Famous Actress Loves Atlanta

Miss Gladys Hanson.

Returns Home for Rest After New York Triumph in Belasco's 'The Governor's Lady.'

"I love Atlanta. The thing which pleases me most about my success is that it has pleased my Atlanta friends."

Miss Gladys Hanson Snook, one of the most beautiful actresses Atlanta has given the New York stage, fresh from triumphs as one of the leading players in David Belasco's production of "The Governor's Lady," thus expressed Monday her loyalty to her home city.

She is at her home, 103 Cleburne Avenue, for a month's rest after her metropolitan engagement. This summer she sails for Europe, returning only in time for the New York opening of the play in which she added to her fame this past season.

"Many of my Atlanta girl friends are anxious to attempt a stage career, and already they are calling on me," Miss Hanson has told Atlanta friends. "They start with well wishes and congratulations and personal chat, but always the conversation works around to the question, 'What chance would I have?'

"Southern Girls Have Charm."

"I may as well answer them all at once. Atlanta girls who have any talent for acting will find the stage no more difficult, but certainly no more easy, than any other profession. Indeed, I think the Atlanta girls stand a little better chance of real success than girls from other sections.

"Southern girls have a charm, which is the birthright of Dixie, and which managers are quick to recognize. Then the famous 'Atlanta spirit' is not limited, I feel sure, to the men who are making the city famous. This spirit of enterprise, of perseverance in the face of obstacles, and the habit of succeeding should help Atlanta's daughters as well as her sons.

"Sometimes I think, though, that the rewards of the stage are hardly enough to compensate for living away from Atlanta. This is a dear, beautiful city. I always want to get back."

MACON BANKER, LIFE EBBING FROM POISON, PREPARES FOR DEATH

B. Sanders Walker, Jr., Makes Will When Told He Cannot Survive Day. Prayers Offered in Churches for Recovery--Took Mercury by Mistake

MACON, GA., May 19.—"I wish it was all over now," said B. Sanders Walker, Jr., when told this morning that this was his last day on earth. He is dying from poison, having swallowed a bichloride of mercury tablet by mistake for a headache pill last Thursday.

He is suffering intensely and is very weak, his death being considered but a matter of a few hours. His father, B. S. Walker, of Monroe; his brother, Cliff M. Walker, Solicitor General of the Western Circuit, and other relatives are at his bedside.

Without exception, in every church in Macon, Protestant and Catholic, prayers were offered yesterday for his recovery and his case was commented upon from nearly all the pulpits in the sermons.

Walker's case is one of pathetic interest. He is one of the wealthiest young business men in Macon or middle Georgia, controlling property estimated at $700,000 valuation. He is a graduate of the University of Georgia, in the class of 1903. He played shortstop on the Georgia baseball team while a student at Athens.

Walker was in the prime of young manhood and a specimen of perfect health when his mistake of four days ago placed him upon his deathbed.

After the first day the pain caused by the gnawing poison eased and set about its deadly work of slowly but surely destroying the functions of the kidneys and liver. Within another day the kidneys were paralyzed. But for a slight pallor, no one would know from his appearance he was a living dead man.

Calmly Winds Up Affairs.

When told he could not recover, Walker summoned several of his business associates and gave directions concerning the disposition of pressing business matters. Besides being a banker, he is interested in many business enterprises, particularly in real estate.

"I know I must die," he said to his friends. "It is something that can not be helped, and I have made up my mind to face it as bravely as possible. I do not feel the slightest pain; it is strange that I must die from a cause that makes itself so little felt. If I didn't have so much faith in my physicians and know that the poison is in my system, I would laugh at my sentence to death.

"I suffered terribly from nausea and burning pains for twelve or fourteen hours after swallowing the poison; then the distress gradually wore away until it ceased altogether. It is difficult for me to believe my end is so near."

Makes Will After Banquet.

Following his return from a banquet given to delegates to the Georgia State Bankers' Association, who were in convention here, Walker, who left his bed and donned his evening clothes to attend the dinner, called his lawyer and made his will. Previous to going to the banquet, he was a little skeptical concerning his approaching death and as one of the hosts to the bankers he was as gay as the gay.

Excepting for the sad and at times tearful faces of his wife and children and other relatives, it is difficult to realize the Walker mansion is a house of death. The members of the family have agreed not to talk of the impending fate of the master in his presence and make every effort to turn his mind from his approaching end.

BROWN TO CRUSH WAR ON BLACKS IN COBB

Offers Reward for Dynamiter of Negro's Home—"This State Will Not Brook Anarchy."

Governor Joseph M. Brown Monday issued a proclamation offering a reward of $150 for the dynamiter of a negro house on the plantation of James T. Anderson, in Cobb County. He said the crime indicated that certain men in Cobb County had taken up the movement started by a lawless element in Forsyth County to drive the negroes out, and that a firm position by the State was demanded.

"I want it clearly understood that this State will not make the slightest concession to anarchy; and I feel confident the people are back of me," said the Governor.

This action by Governor Brown comes close on the heels of the offering of rewards for the apprehension of lynchers in Columbia and Heard Counties. Copies of these proclamations have been sent to the county papers of both these counties to be inserted as advertisements.

Issues Proclamation.

When the Sheriff of Cobb County called Governor Brown early Monday and told him of the dynamiting, he immediately responded with a proclamation, clearly indicating that he was ready to begin warfare against mob rule and uphold the supremacy of the law with all available means.

Said the Governor:

"The State's process for enforcing her laws is definite and complete. She has not abdicated the power to apply that process nor does she permit her power to be usurped by any person or combination of persons. She does not concede that anarchy in any form nor in any degree shall supplant her laws."

Blow House to Pieces.

The house, occupied by a negro named Lewis, was blown to pieces about 12:30 o'clock Monday morning. The negro was ordered to leave the community last winter. He fled, but returned again April 1.

When Sheriff Swanson reached the scene soon after the explosion with bloodhounds he was unable to follow the dynamiters. It was discovered that they had come and gone in a buggy. The dynamite, with a long fuse, had been pushed up under the house.

Several negroes were in the house at the time, but none was hurt. The Anderson plantation is eight miles south of Marietta on the Powder Springs road.

KILLED ON WAY FROM CHURCH.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 19.—In a runaway accident while returning from church, Mrs. Edgar Woodall's neck was broken. Her infant son and her husband were seriously hurt.

INDICTS CHURCH FOR LOW PAY TO PASTORS

Relief Secretary Declares Money-Mad Corporations Take Better Care of Their Employees.

A bitter attack on what was described as the niggardly policy of the church in dealing with its ministers was made by William H. Foulkes, of Philadelphia, secretary of the Ministerial Relief and Sustentation Board, at Monday's session of the Northern Presbyterian Assembly.

That the Presbyterian Church, after paying its ministers an average salary of only $730 a year, should make no adequate provision for the time of their disability he regarded as an indictment more severe than could be made against any money-mad corporation in the country.

He charged that ministers of the church are in a bondage of fear and that they are not treated even with common humanity.

"One criticism made of our ministers," he said, "is that they are not good business men. It is said that too many of them are tempted by these get-rich-quick financial schemes by which they hope to reap profits of 20 to 25 per cent on their modest investments instead of 4 or 6 per cent they more reasonably should expect.

Average Salary Only $730.

"But is this to be wondered at when one considers that the average salary of a Presbyterian minister is only $730? He gets so little that 4 per cent on his savings would yield practically nothing.

"I am not condoning him for bringing shame upo himself and upon the ministry, but conditions under which he works should be changed and provision made for the time of his disability.

"The price of fuel and provisions has gone up instead of going down. The minister must buy clothes and must care for the needs of a growing family. He must buy books and contribute to benevolences which meet him before they meet the people of his church. He must be prepared for times of sickness and death. All this he has to do on the average salary of $730 a year. He must live so that the richest of his church may not despise him nor the poorest envy him.

"When a minister can do this he has reached the pinnacle of financial statesmanship.

"'Medicine, law, civil engineering promise for those who follow in these professions wealth or a comfortable living for old age, as well as glory and fame and dominion for middle life.

"The ministry draws by reason of its most noble mission. I would not give up the privilege of preaching the Gospel to the lost and the dying for everything else in the world.

Offers Little But Poverty.

"Yet the ministry, once the preacher passes the meridian of life, offers little but poverty and dependence.

"Young men will continue to enlist in the sacred cause. Nothing can prevent that. But they will enlist with a blunted enthusiasm, for they know that the church will leave them poverty-stricken and helpless."

Mr. Foulkes is engaged in a campaign for a $10,000,000 relief and sustentation fund to be used in caring for the aged ministers of the church and for the widows and families of those who are taken by death.

Dr. Van Dyke Prepares To Defend His Son.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Dr. Henry VanDyke, author and clergyman, is preparing to make a vigorous defense of his son, Tertius VanDyke, who was ordained a Presbyterian minister yesterday, if the younger VanDyke is mentioned with others in heresy charges presented to the Northern Presbyterian Assembly at Atlanta, Ga.

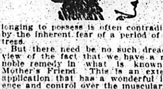
When Rev. Mr. VanDyke was ordained at Brick Church yesterday, along with the other Union Theological Seminary graduates, Dr. VanDyke delivered a stirring sermon on heresy. He wept several times while speaking against heresy trials.

"If such things must be, let men (not boys) be the victims," he said. "If I refused the right hand of fellowship to these young followers of Jesus, I should be ashemed to look my Saviour in the face."

To The Young Expectant Mother

Women of Experience Advise the Use of Mother's Friend.

There is a certain degree of trepidation in the minds of most women in regard to the subject of motherhood. The



longing to possess is often contradicted by the inherent fear of a period of distress.

But there need be no such dread in view of the fact that we have a most noble remedy in what is known as Mother's Friend. This is an external application that has a wonderful influence and control over the muscular tissues of the abdomen. By its daily use the muscles, cords, tendons and ligaments all gently expand without the slightest strain; there is no pain, no nausea, no nervousness; what was dreaded as a severe physical ordeal becomes a calm, serene, joyful anticipation that has its impress such as our foremost teachers of Eugenics are striving to drill into the minds of the present generation.

In almost every community there are women who have used Mother's Friend, and they are the ones that recovered quickly, conserved their health and strength to thus preside over families destined by every rule of physiology and the history of successful men and women to repeat the story of greater achievement.

Mother's Friend is prepared after the formula of a noted family doctor by the Bradfield Regulator Co., 138 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Write them for their instructive book to expectant mothers. You will find Mother's Friend on sale by all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, MONDAY, MAY 19, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 3, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Monday, May 19, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER June 3, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

Next Sunday's Coupons Will Count 30 Votes

RURAL CHURCHES FACING CRISIS, SAYS WILSON

Continued From Page 1.

"elect infant clause" recommended that the deliverance of the Assembly of 1902 be reiterated; that the Scriptures warrant the belief that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that in view of this no recommendation regarding any change in the Confession of Faith be handed down to the presbyteries touching the "elect infant clause."

Dr. W. M. McPheeters, of Columbia, cautioned against the adoption of the report.

Speaking for the report of the committee of which he is chairman, Dr. T. S. Clyce said the Confession of Faith in its entirety suits him, but the passage conveying the teaching of the church on the election of infants is not clear; that the people are demanding a change of expression, many wanting it stricken from the confession.

The church, he said, gives forth the hope that all infants dying in infancy are saved, and that it is the duty of the church to express that hope.

Speaking again, Dr. McPheeters urged that all reference to the Assembly of 1902 be stricken from the report of the committee and leave the report to recommend that no suggested amendment be sent down to the presbyteries on this question.

Difference of Opinion.

Remarks from a number of commissioners were heard, some speaking in favor of the report and others in favor of the amendment.

When the call for the question came, the vote was taken first on the amendment offered by Dr. McPheeters and the amendment was lost.

Before the vote on the report could be taken, Dr. J. M. Wells offered as a substitute to the report the recommendation that the whole of the "elect infant clause" be stricken from the Confession of Faith.

The vote was taken and the substitute was lost.

No recommendation for change in the "elect infant clause" is sent down to the presbyteries, and the Assembly reaffirmed the action of the Assembly of 1902.

The remainder of the session was devoted to addresses and reports.

United Church Takes Stand for Workingman.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church resumed its session Monday morning at 9 o'clock at the Central Presbyterian Church. The first report heard was that of the committee on reform. This was a special committee, composed of five members, three ministers and two elders, as follows: Rev. J. R. Jamieson, chairman; Rev. S. A. McCallon, Rev. R. M. McCracken, Elders John Brownlee and Peter Brotherton. Three papers had been referred to this committee, the report of the permanent committee on temperance and other reforms, report of committee on Sabbath reforms and a communication from the Federal Council of Christian Churches in America, relative to the exposition at San Francisco in 1915.

The report said that the committee finds much to encourage it in the review of conditions that confront the church to-day in civil, social, moral and religious life, and in various agencies employed in bettering conditions. They rejoice in the "enactment of the Webb-Kenyon interstate commerce bill in the closing days of the last Congress, and its passage over the veto of the President by an overwhelming vote by both branches of Congress, which was a severe blow to the liquor traffic and indicative of a nation-wide sentiment not even dreamed of by the most sanguine friends of temperance."

Grape Juice Diplomacy Praised.

They also rejoice in the attitude taken by the President, Vice President and Secretary of State in banishing liquors of all kinds from White House functions during the present administration.

The following recommendations were submitted:

1. Support of the following organizations and agencies is commended to the people: The National Reform Association, the Anti-Saloon League, the W. C. T. U. and the Lord's Day Alliance.

2. The efforts of the permanent committee on temperance in the Sabbath schools and young people's organizations is commended.

3. A recommendation that the Second World's Christian Citizenship Conference, to be held in Portland, Oreg., June 29 to July 6, be remembered in all prayers.

4. The city government and directors of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, are urged to adopt every possible means to prevent the exploitation of the exposition by commercialized vice, and to protect visitors from all evil influences.

5. Gratitude is expressed to God for the institution of the Sabbath, and for history's evidence of blessing upon the nations and individuals who have honored the Lord's Day.

6. The growing tendency toward a careless observance of the Sabbath by professing Christians is viewed with alarm, and a more aggressive policy in defense of it is urged.

7. The efforts of the National Reform Association to preserve in its purity the Sabbath is commended for support.

8. The national officials are urged to make all appropriations to the Panama-Pacific Exposition conditioned upon the exposition managers signing contracts to close said exposition on Sunday.

9. Congress is asked to pass stricter laws in the District of Columbia prohibiting all unnecessary work, theaters and games on the Lord's Day.

10. Fitting observance of Lord's Day Week, April 19 to 26, is urged.

11. It is recommended that unceasing war be waged by all cities and commonwealths against prostitution and the white slave traffic.

12. Bible reading is urged in all public schools.

The members of the committee put themselves on record as standing for:

For Workingman's Rights.

1. Equal rights and complete justice for all men in all stations of life. 2. Protection of the family by the single standard of purity, uniform divorce laws, proper regulation of marriage, and proper housing. 3. Abolition of child labor. 4. Such regulation of the conditions of toil as shall best safeguard the health and moral welfare of the community. 5. Protection of the individual and society from the social, economic and moral waste of the liquor traffic. 6. Suitable provision for the old age of workers and those incapacitated by injury. 7. Principle of conciliation and reconciliation in all industrial disputes. 8. A release from employment one day in seven. 9. The most equitable of the products of industry that can ultimately be devised.

The report was adopted and short speeches of fraternal greetings were delivered by Rev. Charles Parker, D. D., of Pittsburg, Pa., for the Reformed Church of America, and Rev. I. M. Kennedy, of Ora, S. C., for the A. R. P. Church.

The report on industrial reform stated that the last two years have been notable in the number of laws placed on the statute books by the workingman, and he is beginning to recast the Constitution and remold in a measure political platforms.

Dr. Stone Makes Reply to His Critics.

The reply of Dr. John T. Stone to the cry of "politics" in his election as moderator and a new proposal for the federation of the Presbyterian churches of America were the important features of Monday's session of the Northern Assembly in the Baptist Tabernacle.

Dr. Stone deplored the introduction of personalities into the conferences of the Assembly, but would not comment at length on the charge that his election as a "dark horse" had been prearranged for six weeks before the meeting of the Assembly.

"If any have erred in judgment, let us overlook it, or, better still, look not at it," he admonished the commissioners. "I wish to state that all I have to say is that I believe in God, I believe in my brethren and I believe in doing my duty."

Deny Charges.

Dr. W. R. King, of Monmouth, Ill., who made the nominating speech in behalf of Dr. Stone, said in regard to the charge that politics had been played in the selection of the Chicago man:

"It is absolutely false. I nominated him simply and solely because I regarded him as the best man. There was no chicanery or trickery or political prearrangement of any sort. I wish to say that the story is the cruelest sort of an injustice, both to Dr. Stone and to the persons who assisted in choosing him to lead the deliberations of the Assembly."

W. T. Ellis, who seconded the nomination, said:

"If there is a particle of truth in the story that Dr. Stone's nomination was in any way prearranged, then, obviously, since we explicitly stated to the contrary, neither Dr. King nor myself is a gentleman or a sincere Christian. Therefore, the subject is out of the realm of discussion on my part."

White City Park Now Open

OLD GUARD, TO TUNE OF DIXIE, MARCHES OFF TO NORTH

Thousands Cheer Famous Gate City Organization as It Leaves on Peace Tour.

With unlimited enthusiasm, wearing brand-new uniforms but the old Atlanta smile, the Old Guard of Atlanta marched from the Piedmont to the Terminal Station Monday and at 11:30 o'clock started in a special train on the long jaunt to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

In the procession from the hotel to the Terminal Station the guard got a rousing reception, hundreds lining the streets and hundreds from skyscraper windows acclaiming with hand clapping and cheering. Above the music—always "Dixie" and "Sewanee River"—could be heard voices imploring the Old Guard to "Tell 'em about Atlanta."

"Old Guards? Why, they walk like young roosters," was the comment of one enthusiastic citizen.

Eager to Boost Atlanta.

Themselves bubbling over with the Atlanta spirit, the Old Guard members left looking forward to a good time for themselves and good advertising for their home town.

"We'll do everything on earth we can to boost the town," said C. P. Byrd, first lieutenant of Company A. "Atlanta first, last and always is the motto of the Old Guard. I think this is as big an advertisement for Atlanta as the Shriners' convention will be."

"Everybody knows the Atlanta spirit that permeates us all, but they will know it better before we get back," said P. F. Clarke, first lieutenant of Company B.

Colonel J. F. Burke, commander, gave out the following interview:

Big Time in Boston.

"The big time will be at the banquet in Boston, after we, a Southern battalion, have escorted the Union veterans over their own city. I will be one of the speakers at the banquet, and I intend to tell them something. I intend to answer, in the proper way, the old statement that the South was lacking in patriotism, and to bring out certain points of history that have not been made as prominent as they should be."

"We'll fight for Atlanta," said H. M. Beutell.

Edmund W. Martin said: "We are going to do our best to please our friends, the Yankees, to astonish them with our friendship and invite them down here. Keep alive the memories of the past, and peace at present—those are my sentiments."

"I'm going to do my darndest to keep this shako on my head," said Tom H. Pitt.

"I'll back the boys up in anything they do, and 'insure' them a fine trip," said Colonel George M. Hope.

Atlanta to the Front.

Sergeant Frank Ridge left determined to do any old thing to keep Atlanta to the front. "Me, too," said W. E. Hancock, first sergeant of Company A.

"I'll leave the Old Guard at New York and take a trip up the Hudson to see some friends," said W. S. Lounsbury. "I will go to the Peekskills and see my mother, who is the best friend I have."

Captain W. M. Crumley, of the colonel's staff, put it this way: "We are going to give them just as hot a time up there as they gave us in Virginia 50 years ago."

And this is what Ben Lee Crew, the color bearer, intends to do: "That big white banner with the gold fringe weighs 40 pounds, so I am going to boost Atlanta with 40 pounds of steam. 'Atlanta will be heard from.'"

Four members of the Old Guard have been selected as the orators for all occasions. They are Colonel J. F. Burke, Harrison Jones, J. R. Smith and W. S. Witham.

Only Four "Seventy-niners."

Mr. Witham, sometimes known as "Wall Street Witham, the Banking Trust," is also the poet and humorist of the Old Guard. He told his board of directors good-bye and went away, saying, "I'm the most important man in the whole Guard, for I am going to carry the big bass drum."

Only four "Seventy-niners"—those who made the trip 34 years ago—left on the present tour. They were Colonel J. F. Burke, C. P. Byrd, P. F. Clarke and Chief W. B. Cummings.

The Old Guard members wore their resplendent full dress uniform, which was never on parade before. It consists of broadcloth, moleskin jackets, navy blue trousers with white and gold stripes, gold epaulets, Hungarian shakos and real swords. Every gold button bears the inscription, "Old Guard—Gate City Guard, 1855," and every sword has the engraving, "Old Guard, Georgia."

At the Terminal a crowd estimated at 1,500 gathered to cheer the Old Guard on their way. The Guard assembled on the plaza and posed for moving pictures. Then they told their friends good-bye, wiped the perspiration off their brows and at 11:30 started on the invasion of the East.

Washington First Stop.

Here is their complete itinerary:

Arrive in Washington, 7 a. m., May 20. Leave 8 a. m., May 21.

Arrive in Baltimore 9 a. m., May 21. Leave 8 a. m., May 22.

Arrive in Philadelphia 10:30 a. m., May 22. Leave 12:40 p. m., May 24.

Arrive in New York 3 p. m., May 24. Leave 3 p. m., May 28.

Arrive in Boston 9 p. m., May 28. Leave Boston 6 p. m., May 30, over the Fall River Line, arriving in New York 7 a. m., May 31.

Leave New York at 3 p. m., May 31, over the Ocean Steamship Line, arriving in Savannah 6 a. m., June 3.

Leave Savannah 8 p. m., June 3, and arrive in Atlanta, Central of Georgia station, at 6:25 a. m., June 4.

Several women left on the Old Guard special, among them being Mrs. A. McD. Wilson and daughter, Mrs. Peter F. Clark, Mrs. W. A. Graham, Mrs. Henry Beerman and daughter, and Mrs. Hancock.

Among the sixty-eight men were the following:

Men Making Trip.

Officers—Colonel J. F. Burke, Captain and Quartermaster Bolling H. Jones, Captain and Commander A. McD. Wilson.

Staff—Captain W. M. Crumley and Dr. E. L. Connally.

First Company—First Lieutenant Charles P. Byrd and Second Lieutenant John W. Murrell.

Second Company—Captain F. J. Cooledge, First Lieutenant P. F. Clarke and Second Lieutenant A. H. Davis.

Non-commissioned Staff—Color Sergeant Ben Lee Crew, Color Sergeant F. T. Ridge, Color Corporal E. L. Bergstrom and Color Corporal W. P. Andrews.

Non-commissioned Line Officers—First sergeant, First Company, W. E. Hancock; first sergeant, Second Company, Harrison Jones; second sergeant, First Company, W. O. Wilson, and second sergeant, Second Company, F. M. Berry.

Privates—W. A. Austell, A. M. Bancker, H. Bleckley, H. C. Beerman, H. M. Beutell, J. H. Buesse, W. M. Camp, P. B. Green, C. J. Gavan, Dr. W. A. Graham, Henry H. Hirsch, W. A. Haygood, W. L. Hancock, George Harrington, Lucien L. Harris, Jr., W. S. Lounsbury, W. V. McMillen, Samuel Meyer, Jr., G. H. Morrow, Thomas H. Pitts, W. M. Stephenson, H. F. Scott, J. R. Smith, C. C. Thomas, M. L. Thrower, Edward L. Wight, Herbert L. Wiggs, W. S. Witham, A. J. West, W. Woods White, C. E. Winn and G. H. Yancey, Jr.

Washington Will Honor Old Guard.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—Elaborate preparations for the reception of the members of the Old Guard Battalion of Gate City Guard, of Atlanta, have been made by Representative Howard, of Georgia. The members of the Guard arrive to-morrow morning and will stay until Wednesday morning.

The National Guard of the District of Columbia will furnish an escort for the visitors and will take them to the White House to meet the President.

In the afternoon the visitors will witness fancy drills by the Fort Myers troops. When it was learned that the Guard was coming to Washington, Major General Leonard Wood, chief-of-staff, at once gave orders that a special exhibition drill be given in its honor.

ONE OF THE HOSTESSES TO THE PRESBYTERIANS

Miss Margaret Roberts, of Valdosta, one of the pretty Agnes Scott girls who entertained the Presbyterians with smiles and lemonade.

BURNS THEORY IN PHAGAN CASE OUTLINED

Famous Detective's Aide Scouts Idea That Girl Was Slain Outside Factory.

Continued From Page 1.

general belief that they were significant and that some new plan was being determined.

More Arrests Are Denied.

It was positively denied by the trio of officers, however, that any new arrests were to be made.

"I don't know who it would be," replied Chief Lanford when asked a direct question.

The first conference was held when Solicitor Dorsey summoned Chief Lanford to his office. The two were closeted for nearly an hour. Then Chief Lanford called Detective Scott to the police station. The Pinkerton man, when he arrived, declared he had no idea what the chief should want with him. He and the chief were behind closed doors for fully an hour or more.

"We have merely been looking over the evidence in a general way," said both officers when they emerged from the office.

Asked as to the nature of his conference with the Solicitor, Chief Lanford made the same reply.

"We were just going over the evidence," he said.

No Friction, Chief Asserts.

Chief Lanford also denied that there had been any friction among the officials over the work on the mystery, or that the conferences had any bearing along this line. As to a report that he had withheld evidence from the Solicitor, Chief Lanford said:

"I don't remember of having withheld any evidence. Mr. Dorsey didn't ask me anything about this report at all."

The Solicitor and the Pinkertons have held no conferences. Detective Scott makes reports to Chief Lanford and these are submitted to the Solicitor.

Detective Scott said Monday that he still has five men at work on the mystery, but refused to discuss any particular line on which they are working.

Colonel Thomas B. Felder announced Monday morning that he had received word from William J. Burns that he would arrive in America before June 1 and would probably be on the scene of the Phagan slaying before that date.

Colonel Felder said the great detective had taken an unusual interest in the Phagan mystery and he would not be surprised to hear from him in America any day soon.

"Burns is more interested in this case than I have known him to be in another," said Colonel Felder. "I am advised that he will hasten his return from Europe on this account and be in America some days before June 1. He will, of course, come direct to Atlanta.

"The meantime developments since his investigator has been here are more than satisfactory. The Burns detective convinced Mr. Dorsey Sunday afternoon that he had touched upon heretofore overlooked evidence of importance, and in his report today we expect valuable information."

Search Grows More Active.

With investigation into the mystery more active Monday than it has been at any time during the last two weeks, the Solicitor was hopeful that important developments would be made during the day.

The special representative of the Burns agency was reported to have struck upon an important and heretofore overlooked clew that throws a new light on the case. He will make a definite report at 11 o'clock this morning at the office of the Solicitor, when it is not unlikely some announcement will be made.

Leo M. Frank, the factory superintendent, received a large number of visitors at his cell in the Tower Sunday. He would not discuss the case, or even comment on it. He said his health was fine and he had accustomed himself to the daily routine in prison.

The examination of the handwriting of the negro, James Connolly, held at the police station in connection with the murder of Mary Phagan, failed to connect him with writing the notes found near the slain girl's body in the basement of the pencil factory, according to City Detective John Black, Monday morning. The detective said that unless the negro could be connected with the crime in this way there was nothing against him.

White City Park Now Open

5 HURLED FROM MOTOR CAR BY FAST TRAIN

Atlanta Party Has Remarkable Escape in Collision at East Lake Road Crossing.

Five prominent Atlantans had a remarkable escape from death a railroad crossing on the East Lake Road Sunday afternoon when a Georgia Railroad passenger train struck the big Winton Six automobile in which the party were riding and hurled them all out.

The autoists were J. H. Hirsch, of 345 Myrtle Street, owner and driver of the car; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Carmichael and the 15-year-old son and 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael. All escaped without a scratch, except Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael, who were slightly bruised, but badly shocked.

Winter Alfriend and Hughes Roberts came up in a machine just after the accident happened. Mr. Alfriend took Mrs. Carmichael in his machine and rushed her to her home, 645 Edgewood Avenue, Inman Park.

The Hirsch car was badly damaged.

Hirsch Tells of Crash.

The accident occurred about 5:30 o'clock as the party were riding into town over the beautiful East Lake Road. Mr. Hirsch told the story of the accident to a Georgian reporter as follows:

"There is a little house and an embankment at the East Lake approach to the crossing and I could not see. I had slowed my machine down to a walking pace and listened for a train, but could hear none.

"Just as we came upon the track the iron monster was upon us. I do not know at what rate it thundered up, but it looked as big as all the trains I have ever seen combined into one.

"We were almost on the track. I shoved on my emergency and turned my car as much as I could in the direction the train was going.

No Time to Leap.

"That was all that saved us. Instead of absolutely demolishing us the train sideswiped us. We all tried to jump, but did not have time—we were hurled out.

"Except for the shock none of us were hurt to amount to anything."

Mr. Hirsch is a member of the firm of Hirsch & Spitz Manufacturing Company. Mr. Carmichael is the manager of the furniture department of M. Rich & Bros. Co.

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FORSYTH DAILY MAT. 2:30 EVENING 8:30 — ADAM & EVE—GALLAGHER & FIELDS—JOSEPHINE DUNFEE—JOHN GEIGER—NEVIN & ERWOOD—BRADSHAW BROS. & DUNEDIN TROUPE — KEITH VAUDEVILLE HIGHEST QUALITY

BIJOU Daily Mat. 3 p. m. Night 7:30 and 9 — **A Trip to Joyville** — 20 Entertainers and Vaudeville — SEATS 10c Reserved Seats 10c Extra

MRS. LONGSTREET PLEADS IN SENATE

Declares She Was Made Victim of Power Company and Political Spoilsmen.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet, of Gainesville, Ga., who has been replaced as postmistress there by an appointee of President Wilson, appeared before the sub-committee of the Senate Postoffice and Postroads Committee today to protest against her removal from office.

She said that she was the victim of the Georgia Railway and Power Company, of Georgia, which she fought, and of Democratic political spoilsmen. She was appointed by President Roosevelt, whom she called "the first statesman of the land."

"It remained for President Wilson's 60-day Postmaster General to attack my record," said Mrs. Longstreet. "The people who have been familiar with my work for eight years are more competent to judge of my efficiency than he."

Mrs. Longstreet says she has no desire for office if the administration does not want her, but she will not submit quietly to the attempt to "blacken" her record. She presented many indorsements and declared that her office was "the best managed office on the Western Continent."

A "Benjamin" Blue Serge Suit $25

For Beauty, for Style, for Service It's a Genuine LEADER.

The name of ALFRED BENJAMIN & COMPANY, America's Foremost Tailors, guarantees all this. Additional guarantee is in the suit itself. A blue serge is pre-eminently the suit for SERVICE, as it always looks well and is appropriate to any occasion where a sack suit can be worn.

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Come in and slip on one of these suits. Select the style you like best, and see how neat and dressy it looks. And remember the price,

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