

CHICAGO WOMEN AID FRANK.

Another Great Mass Meeting Next Sunday—Petitions Now 415,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 17.—As a corollary to the great mass meeting yesterday at the Powers Theatre protesting against the execution of Leo M. Frank, a mass meeting of women has been called for next Sunday, to be held in the auditorium or in one of the big assembly rooms of a loop hotel. Fifty women's organizations have volunteered to attend the meeting in a body and to lend the aid of their members on Monday in the street canvass for signatures for Frank clemency petitions. At least 300 women will be stationed with blank petitions on street corners and at other public places. Many volunteers will go from house to house procuring signatures. Monday, May 24, will be known as Frank Day.

As soon as the petitions have been returned they will be delivered to a committee composed of a clergyman, a leading woman, a professional man, and Permanent Secretary Lester L. Bauer, to be taken to Georgia and presented with all the others obtained by the committee to Governor Slaton.

Judge John M. O'Connor will select three Chicagoans as a committee to carry a resolution to Governor Slaton, calling upon him to commute the sentence of Frank. The resolution was adopted at the Powers Theatre mass meeting, at which Judge O'Connor presided.

Secretary Bauer said today 415,000 signed petitions urging executive clemency for Frank already had been received.

\$75 FOR CROMWELL'S NAME.

Sale of Many Autographs in the Adrian H. Joline Collection.

L. M. Thompson, at the sale of the sixth part of the library of the late Adrian H. Joline at the Anderson Galleries yesterday, paid \$75 for a document dated Oct. 10, 1651, and signed by Oliver Cromwell. He also gave \$37 for a document, White Hall, Feb. 3, 1658, signed by Richard Cromwell, Lord Protector of England.

George D. Smith obtained for \$26 a letter by William Henry Ainsworth, April 10, 1854:

My Dear Ollier—I wish you would deliver other lectures on Goldsmith, Smollett, and Sterne. You would correct some impressions produced by Thackeray's sneers.

Mr. Smith gave \$15.25 for a document signed by Queen Anne, and \$11.50 for a letter of Robert Browning. Mr. Drake paid \$18.50 for a letter of Thomas Carlyle, dated June 2, 1848. Mr. Thompson bought for \$51 a document on vellum signed by Charles I. and dated Oct. 25, 1621. Lathrop C. Harper obtained for \$20 a document signed by Charles II., dated Feb. 7, 1673, and countersigned by Samuel Pepys, as Secretary of the Admiralty.

The proof sheets of Thomas De Quincey's "Leaders in Literature, with a Notice of Traditional Errors Affecting Them" were knocked down to Mr. Smith for \$76. Accompanying them was a letter of De Quincey asking for £2 to give to a poor woman. A letter of Charles Dickens, dated Broadstairs, Kent, Sept. 13, 1850, also went to Mr. Smith for \$34.50. He obtained for \$37 an excise revenue receipt, Nov. 22, 1679, signed by John Dryden.

A letter of King Edward VII., signed "Albert Edward," was bought by Mr. Drake for \$13. Mr. Thompson obtained for \$20 a caustic letter by Sir Philip Francis, reputed author of the "Junius Letters." A document signed by George I. and dated Aug. 19, 1718, went to Mr. Smith for \$12.